ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES (the "Group") as at June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods then ended, as well as the consolidated statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the six-month periods then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65 "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As explained in Note 4(3), the financial statements of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries were not reviewed by independent auditors. Those statements reflect total assets of NT\$456,121 and NT\$442,924, constituting 16% and 15% of the consolidated total assets, and total liabilities of NT\$146,456 and NT\$98,296, constituting 11% and 8% of the consolidated total liabilities as at June 30, 2020 and 2019, and total comprehensive income of NT\$9,619,NT\$1,208, NT\$10,455 and NT\$(4,523), constituting 69%, 9%, 81% and (42%) of the consolidated total comprehensive income

for the three-month and six-month periods then ended.

Qualified Conclusion

Except for the adjustments to the consolidated financial statements, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries been reviewed by independent auditors, that we might have become aware of had it not been for the situation described above, based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at June 30, 2020 and 2019, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three-month and six-month periods then ended and its consolidated cash flows for the six-month periods then ended in accordance with "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Chou, Hsiao-Tzu

Lee, Hsiu-Ling

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan August 10, 2020

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2020, DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (The balance sheets as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 are reviewed, not audited)

| | ACCETC Note | | June 30, 202 | | December 31, 2 | | June 30, 2019 | | |
|------|--------------------------------------|------------|--------------|----------|----------------|-----|---------------|-----|--|
| - | ASSETS | Notes | AMOUNT | <u>%</u> | AMOUNT | | AMOUNT | | |
| | Current assets | | | | | | | | |
| 1100 | Cash and cash equivalents | 6(1) | \$ 241,935 | 9 | \$ 224,475 | 8 | \$ 184,306 | 7 | |
| 1136 | Current financial assets at | 6(3) | | | | | | | |
| | amortised cost | | 12,573 | - | 12,915 | 1 | 15,658 | 1 | |
| 1150 | Notes receivable, net | 6(4) | 9,785 | - | 32,715 | 1 | 28,524 | 1 | |
| 1160 | Notes receivable - related parties | 7 | - | - | - | - | 8,099 | - | |
| 1170 | Accounts receivable, net | 6(4) | 408,023 | 14 | 523,355 | 18 | 521,002 | 19 | |
| 1180 | Accounts receivable due from | 7 | | | | | | | |
| | related parties, net | | 17,022 | 1 | 17,016 | 1 | 24,155 | 1 | |
| 1200 | Other receivables | | 9,055 | - | 6,495 | - | 3,475 | - | |
| 130X | Inventories, net | 6(5) | 1,100,889 | 39 | 1,001,555 | 35 | 948,422 | 35 | |
| 1410 | Prepayments | | 51,366 | 2 | 29,659 | 1 | 41,241 | 1 | |
| 1470 | Other current assets | 6(1) and 8 | 194 | | 194 | | 194 | | |
| 11XX | Total current assets | | 1,850,842 | 65 | 1,848,379 | 65 | 1,775,076 | 65 | |
| | Non-current assets | | | | | | | | |
| 1517 | Non-current financial assets at fair | 6(2) | | | | | | | |
| | value through other comprehensive | e | | | | | | | |
| | income | | 81,000 | 3 | 81,000 | 3 | - | - | |
| 1600 | Property, plant and equipment | 6(6) and 8 | 761,836 | 27 | 788,501 | 28 | 823,072 | 30 | |
| 1755 | Right-of-use assets | 6(7) and 8 | 13,356 | - | 16,267 | - | 20,118 | 1 | |
| 1780 | Intangible assets | | 46,923 | 2 | 45,162 | 1 | 43,558 | 2 | |
| 1840 | Deferred income tax assets | 6(22) | 48,803 | 2 | 45,206 | 2 | 37,134 | 1 | |
| 1900 | Other non-current assets | 6(8) | 26,643 | 1 | 29,806 | 1 | 34,173 | 1 | |
| 15XX | Total non-current assets | | 978,561 | 35 | 1,005,942 | 35 | 958,055 | 35 | |
| 1XXX | Total assets | | \$ 2,829,403 | 100 | \$ 2,854,321 | 100 | \$ 2,733,131 | 100 | |
| | | | (Continued) | | | | | | |

(Continued)

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2020, DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (The balance sheets as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 are reviewed, not audited)

| | | | | | December 31, | December 31, 2019 | | June 30, 2019 | | |
|------|---|---------|----|-----------|--------------|-------------------|-----|---------------|---------------------------------------|-----|
| | LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | Notes | | AMOUNT | % | AMOUNT | % | | AMOUNT | % |
| | Current liabilities | | | | | | | | | |
| 2100 | Short-term borrowings | 6(9) | \$ | 438,639 | 16 | \$ 431,775 | 15 | \$ | 298,213 | 11 |
| 2130 | Current contract liabilities | 6(17) | | 106,018 | 4 | 179,432 | 6 | | 171,245 | 6 |
| 2150 | Notes payable | | | 1,603 | - | 7,006 | - | | 699 | - |
| 2170 | Accounts payable | | | 479,189 | 17 | 440,029 | 16 | | 415,965 | 15 |
| 2200 | Other payables | 6(11) | | 142,380 | 5 | 129,284 | 5 | | 177,158 | 7 |
| 2230 | Current income tax liabilities | 6(22) | | 13,117 | - | 3,394 | - | | 17,265 | 1 |
| 2250 | Provisions for liabilities - current | 6(12) | | 45,143 | 2 | 40,441 | 1 | | 35,986 | 1 |
| 2280 | Current lease liabilities | | | 10,671 | - | 10,157 | - | | 10,540 | - |
| 2300 | Other current liabilities | 6(10) | | 23,276 | 1 | 14,934 | 1 | | 21,427 | 1 |
| 21XX | Total current liabilities | | | 1,260,036 | 45 | 1,256,452 | 44 | | 1,148,498 | 42 |
| | Non-current liabilities | | | | | | | | | |
| 2540 | Non-current portion of borrowings | 6(10) | | 8,445 | - | 5,683 | - | | - | - |
| 2570 | Deferred income tax liabilities | 6(22) | | 86,222 | 3 | 81,991 | 3 | | 80,237 | 3 |
| 2580 | Non-current lease liabilities | | | 2,119 | - | 5,449 | - | | 8,777 | - |
| 2640 | Net defined benefit liability, | 6(13) | | | | | | | | |
| | non-current | | | 23,390 | 1 | 23,414 | 1 | | 21,756 | 1 |
| 2670 | Other non-current liabilities, others | | | <u>-</u> | | | | | 1,901 | |
| 25XX | Total non-current liabilities | | | 120,176 | 4 | 116,537 | 4 | | 112,671 | 4 |
| 2XXX | Total liabilities | | | 1,380,212 | 49 | 1,372,989 | 48 | | 1,261,169 | 46 |
| | Equity attributable to owners of parent | | | | | | | | | |
| | Share capital | 6(14) | | | | | | | | |
| 3110 | Common stock | | | 450,000 | 16 | 450,000 | 16 | | 450,000 | 16 |
| | Capital surplus | 6(15) | | | | | | | | |
| 3200 | Capital surplus | | | 720,878 | 25 | 734,378 | 26 | | 734,378 | 27 |
| | Retained earnings | 6(16) | | | | | | | | |
| 3310 | Legal reserve | | | 213,249 | 8 | 209,610 | 8 | | 209,610 | 8 |
| 3320 | Special reserve | | | 52,283 | 2 | 34,442 | 1 | | 34,442 | 1 |
| 3350 | Unappropriated retained earnings | | | 64,954 | 2 | 92,543 | 3 | | 58,986 | 2 |
| | Other equity interest | | | | | | | | | |
| 3400 | Other equity interest | | (| 63,999) | (2) | (52,284) | (2) | (| 28,439)(| (1) |
| 31XX | Total equity attributable to | | | | | | | | | |
| | owners of parent | | | 1,437,365 | 51 | 1,468,689 | 52 | | 1,458,977 | 53 |
| 36XX | Non-controlling interests | | | 11,826 | | 12,643 | | | 12,985 | 1 |
| 3XXX | Total equity | | | 1,449,191 | 51 | 1,481,332 | 52 | | 1,471,962 | 54 |
| | Significant commitments and | 7 and 9 | | · | | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| | contingent liabilities | | | | | | | | | |
| 3X2X | Total liabilities and equity | | \$ | 2,829,403 | 100 | \$ 2,854,321 | 100 | \$ | 2,733,131 | 100 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE THREE-MONTH AND SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amounts)
(UNAUDITED)

| | | | Three months ended June 30 | | | Six months ended June 30 | | | | | |
|-------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|------------|------------|--------------------------|----------------|------------------|----------|----------------|----------|
| | Itamas | Notes | | MOUNT | % | 2019 AMOUNT | % | 2020 | % | 2019 AMOUNT | % |
| 4000 | Items Sales revenue | Notes 6(17) and 7 | - | 566,574 | 100 \$ | 615,906 | | AMOUNT 1,093,501 | | 3 1,141,044 | 100 |
| 5000 | Operating costs | 6(5)(20)(21) | Φ | 408,887) (| 72) (| 461,795) (| 75) (| 808,225) (| 74) (| 877,433) (| 77) |
| 5950 | Gross profit from operations | 0(3)(20)(21) | <u></u> | 157,687 | 28 | 154,111 | 25 | 285,276 | 26 | 263,611 | 23 |
| 5750 | Operating expenses | 6(20)(21) | | 137,007 | | 154,111 | | 203,270 | | 203,011 | |
| 6100 | Selling expenses | 0(20)(21) | (| 61,124)(| 11)(| 73,725) (| 12) (| 126,855) (| 11) (| 144,470) (| 13) |
| 6200 | General and administrative | | ` | 01,121)(| 11)(| 75,725)(| 12)(| 120,033)(| 11)(| 111,170)(| 10) |
| | expenses | | (| 28,322) (| 5) (| 30,512) (| 5) (| 53,343) (| 5) (| 58,857)(| 5) |
| 6300 | Research and development | | | | | | | | | | |
| | expenses | | (| 36,555)(| 6) (| 36,423) (| 6) (| 72,616) (| 7) (| 71,989)(| 6) |
| 6450 | Expected credit (loss) gain | | (| 1,163) | <u>-</u> (| 2) | | 1,054) | <u> </u> | 1,388 | |
| 6000 | Total operating expenses | | (| 127,164) (| 22) (| 140,662) (| <u>23</u>) (_ | 253,868) (| 23) (| 273,928) (| 24) |
| 6900 | Net operating income (loss) | | | 30,523 | 6 | 13,449 | 2 | 31,408 | 3 (_ | 10,317) (| 1) |
| | Non-operating income and | | | | | | | | | | |
| | expenses | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7100 | Interest income | 6(18) | | 262 | - | 414 | - | 293 | - | 569 | - |
| 7010 | Other income | | | 3,920 | - | 3,072 | 1 | 9,201 | 1 | 8,573 | 1 |
| 7020 | Other gains and losses | 6(19) | (| 1,512) | - | 5,940 | 1 | 814 | - | 8,441 | - |
| 7050 | Finance costs | | (| 1,447) | (| 1,173) | (| 2,849) (| 1)(| 2,242) | |
| 7000 | Total non-operating income | | | | | | | | | | |
| | and expenses | | | 1,223 | | 8,253 | | 7,459 | | 15,341 | 1 |
| 7900 | Profit before income tax | | | 31,746 | 6 | 21,702 | 4 | 38,867 | 3 | 5,024 | - |
| 7950 | Income tax expense | 6(22) | (| 9,770) (| 2)(| 3,742) (| | 14,024) (| 1)(| 456) | |
| 8200 | Profit for the period | | \$ | 21,976 | 4 \$ | 17,960 | 3 \$ | 24,843 | 2 \$ | 4,568 | |
| | Other comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Components of other | | | | | | | | | | |
| | comprehensive income that will | | | | | | | | | | |
| | be reclassified to profit or loss | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8361 | Financial statements | | | | | | | | | | |
| | translation differences of | | | | | | | | | | |
| | foreign operations | | (\$ | 10,090) (| 2)(\$ | 4,980) (| 1)(\$ | 14,913) (| 1) \$ | 7,656 | 1 |
| 8399 | Income tax relating to the | 6(22) | | | | | | | | | |
| | components of other | | | 2 012 | | 0.72 | | 2 020 | | | |
| 02.60 | comprehensive income | | _ | 2,012 | | 973 | | 2,929 | (_ | 1,501) | |
| 8360 | Components of other | | | | | | | | | | |
| | comprehensive income (loss) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | that will be reclassified to | | , | 0 070)/ | 2) (| 4 007) (| 1) (| 11 004) (| 1) | 6 155 | 1 |
| 9500 | profit or loss | | (| 8,078) (| 2) (| 4,007) (| ——´ `- | 11,984) (| 1) | 6,155 | <u>1</u> |
| 8500 | Total comprehensive income | | \$ | 13,898 | 2 \$ | 13,953 | <u>2</u> \$ | 12,859 | 1 \$ | 10,723 | |
| 0.610 | Profit attributable to: | | ф | 21 761 | 4 6 | 18.808 | 2 4 | 25 410 | 2 4 | | |
| 8610 | Owners of the parent | | \$ | 21,761 | 4 \$ | 17,797 | 3 \$ | | 2 \$ | | - |
| 8620 | Non-controlling interest | | ф. | 215 | | 163 | (| 567) | | 48) | |
| | | | \$ | 21,976 | 4 \$ | 17,960 | <u>3</u> \$ | 24,843 | 2 \$ | 4,568 | |
| | Comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0710 | attributable to: | | | 10.710 | 2 4 | 12 000 | 2 4 | 12.605 | | | |
| 8710 | Owners of the parent | | \$ | 13,713 | 2 \$ | 13,903 | 2 \$ | | 1 \$ | | 1 |
| 8720 | Non-controlling interest | | ф. | 185 | <u>-</u> | 50 | | 836) | | 104 | |
| | | | \$ | 13,898 | 2 \$ | 13,953 | <u>2</u> \$ | 12,859 | 1 \$ | 10,723 | 1 |
| | . | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0750 | Earnings per share (in dollars) | (()2) | œ. | | 0 40 * | | 0.40 * | | 0.50 | , | 0.10 |
| 9750 | Basic earnings per share | 6(23) | \$ | | 0.48 \$ | | 0.40 \$ | | 0.56 | | 0.10 |
| 9850 | Diluted earnings per share | 6(23) | \$ | | 0.48 \$ | | 0.40 \$ | i | 0.56 | 5 | 0.10 |

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

(UNAUDITED)

| | | Equity attributable to owners of the parent | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|---|---|------------|------------------|----------------------------------|---|-------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| | | | | | Retained earning | ngs | | | | |
| | Notes | Common stock | Capital surplus additional paid- in capital | - - | Special reserve | Unappropriated retained earnings | Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations | Total | Non-controlling interests | Total equity |
| 2019 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2019 | | \$ 450,000 | \$ 734,378 | \$ 202,294 | \$ 29,535 | \$ 135,877 | (\$ 34,442) | \$1,517,642 | \$ 11,097 | \$1,528,739 |
| Profit (loss) for the period | | _ | - | - | - | 4,616 | - | 4,616 | (48) | 4,568 |
| Other comprehensive income for the period | | | | <u>-</u> | | | 6,003 | 6,003 | 152 | 6,155 |
| Total comprehensive income | | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | | 4,616 | 6,003 | 10,619 | 104 | 10,723 |
| Appropriation and distribution of 2018 earnings: | 6(16) | | | | | | | | | |
| Legal reserve | | - | - | 7,316 | - | (7,316) | - | - | - | - |
| Special reserve | | - | - | - | 4,907 | (4,907) | - | - | - | - |
| Cash dividends to shareholders | | - | - | - | - | (67,500) | - | (67,500) | - | (67,500) |
| Changes in non-controlling interests | 6(24) | | | | | (1,784) | | (1,784) | 1,784 | |
| Balance at June 30, 2019 | | \$ 450,000 | \$ 734,378 | \$ 209,610 | \$ 34,442 | \$ 58,986 | (\$ 28,439) | \$1,458,977 | \$ 12,985 | \$1,471,962 |
| <u>2020</u> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | | \$ 450,000 | \$ 734,378 | \$ 209,610 | \$ 34,442 | \$ 92,543 | (\$ 52,284) | \$1,468,689 | \$ 12,643 | \$1,481,332 |
| Profit (loss) for the period | | - | - | - | - | 25,410 | - | 25,410 | (567) | 24,843 |
| Other comprehensive loss for the period | | | | | | | (11,715_) | (11,715_) | (| (11,984_) |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | | | | | | 25,410 | (11,715_) | 13,695 | (836_) | 12,859 |
| Appropriation and distribution of 2019 earnings: | 6(16) | | | | | | | | | |
| Legal reserve | | - | - | 3,639 | - | (3,639) | - | - | - | - |
| Special reserve | | - | - | - | 17,841 | (17,841) | - | - | - | - |
| Cash dividends to shareholders | | - | - | - | - | (31,500) | - | (31,500) | - | (31,500) |
| Cash dividends paid by additional paid-in capital | 6(15) | - | (13,500 | - | - | - | - | (13,500) | - | (13,500) |
| Changes in non-controlling interests | 6(24) | | | | | (| | (19_) | 19 | |
| Balance at June 30, 2020 | | \$ 450,000 | \$ 720,878 | \$ 213,249 | \$ 52,283 | \$ 64,954 | (\$ 63,999) | \$1,437,365 | \$ 11,826 | \$1,449,191 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (UNAUDITED)

| | | | Six-month periods ended June 30 | | | | |
|---|-------------|----|---------------------------------|----|----------|--|--|
| | Notes | | 2020 | | 2019 | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | | |
| Profit before tax | | \$ | 38,867 | \$ | 5,024 | | |
| Adjustments | | Ψ | 30,007 | Ψ | 3,024 | | |
| Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation expense (including depreciation | 6(6)(7)(20) | | | | | | |
| charges on right-of-use assets) | 0(0)(7)(20) | | 34,251 | | 36,026 | | |
| Amortisation expense | 6(20) | | 4,828 | | 5,315 | | |
| Expected credit loss (gain) | 0(20) | | 1,054 | (| 1,388) | | |
| Financial costs | | | 2,849 | (| 2,242 | | |
| Interest income | 6(18) | (| 293) | (| 569) | | |
| Loss on disposal of property, plant and | 6(6)(19) | (| 2,5) | (| 307) | | |
| equipment | 0(0)(1)) | | 279 | | 19 | | |
| Profit from lease modification | 6(19) | (| 6) | (| 12) | | |
| Unrealised foreign exchange loss | 0(1)) | (| 171 | (| 96 | | |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities | | | 171 | | 70 | | |
| Changes in operating assets | | | | | | | |
| Notes receivable, net | | | 22,930 | | 15,234 | | |
| Notes receivable - related parties | | | 22,730 | (| 8,099) | | |
| Accounts receivable | | | 114,353 | (| 8,499) | | |
| Accounts receivable due from related parties, | | | 114,555 | (| 0,477) | | |
| net | | (| 6) | (| 14,071) | | |
| Other receivables | | (| 2,559) | (| 1,615 | | |
| Inventories | | (| 99,334) | | 23,619 | | |
| Prepayments | | (| 21,707) | (| 21,530) | | |
| Changes in operating liabilities | | (| 21,707) | (| 21,550) | | |
| Current contract liabilities | | (| 73,414) | (| 77,369) | | |
| Notes payable | | (| 5,403) | | 2,931) | | |
| Accounts payable | | (| 39,160 | (| 44,218 | | |
| Other payables | | (| 31,906) | (| 21,976) | | |
| Provisions for liabilities - current | | (| 4,702 | (| 4,027 | | |
| Other current liabilities | | | 10,282 | | 5,152 | | |
| Defined benefit liability | | (| 24) | (| 5) | | |
| Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations | | | 39,074 | | 13,862) | | |
| Interest received | | | 292 | (| 296 | | |
| Interest paid | | (| 2,847) | (| 2,292) | | |
| Income tax paid | | (| 738) | (| 9,605) | | |
| Net cash flows from (used in) operating | | (| 130 | | <u> </u> | | |
| activities | | | 35,781 | (| 25,463) | | |

(Continued)

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (UNAUDITED)

| | | | Six-month period | ds ende | ed June 30 |
|--|----------|-----|------------------|---------|------------|
| | Notes | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | | | |
| Acquisition of property, plant and equipment | 6(6)(25) | (\$ | 7,761) | (\$ | 10,384) |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and | 6(6) | | | | |
| equipment | | | 297 | | - |
| Acquisition of intangible assets | | (| 1,427) | (| 318) |
| Increase in prepayment for equipment | | (| 2,050) | (| 2,188) |
| Decrease (increase) in deposit | | | 1,288 | (| 2,566) |
| Increase in other non-current assets | | (| 1,844) | (| 4,908) |
| Net cash flows used in investing activities | | (| 11,497) | (| 20,364) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | | |
| Increase in short-term borrowings | | | 6,864 | | 45,915 |
| Proceeds from long-term debt | | | 2,220 | | - |
| Repayments of long-term debt | | (| 1,236) | | - |
| Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities | | (| 5,827) | (| 6,007) |
| Changes in non-controlling interests | 6(24) | | 83 | | |
| Net cash flows from financing activities | | | 2,104 | | 39,908 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash | | | | | |
| equivalents | | (| 8,928) | | 4,162 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | | 17,460 | (| 1,757) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | | | 224,475 | | 186,063 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | | \$ | 241,935 | \$ | 184,306 |
| | | | | | |

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated) (UNAUDITED)

1. History and Organization

- (1) Ablerex Electronics Co., Ltd (the "Company"), formerly UIS Abler Electronics Co., Ltd., was incorporated under the provisions of the Company Law of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) on April 27, 1998. The Company merged with PEC Technology Co., Ltd. on April 1, 2002, with the Company as the surviving company and was then renamed as Ablerex Electronics Co., Ltd. The shares of the Company have been trading on the Taipei Exchange since September 9, 2010.
- (2) The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in the following business activities:
 - (a) Manufacturing and sales of uninterruptible power supply systems.
 - (b) Manufacturing and sales of equipment to power quality devices.
 - (c) Manufacturing and sales of solar energy equipment.
 - (d) Maintenance and technical services.
- 2. The Date of Authorization for Issuance of the Financial Statements and Procedures for Authorization These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on August 10, 2020.

3. Application of New Standards, Amendments and Interpretations

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2020 are as follows:

| | Effective date by |
|---|--------------------------|
| | International Accounting |
| New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments | Standards Board |
| Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8, 'Disclosure initiative-definition of material' | January 1, 2020 |
| Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Definition of a business' | January 1, 2020 |
| Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS7, 'Interest rate benchmark reform' | January 1, 2020 |
| Amendment to IFRS 16, 'Covid- 19- related rent concessions' | June 1, 2020 |

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

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Group

None.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

| | Effective date by |
|---|--------------------------|
| | International Accounting |
| New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments | Standards Board |
| Amendments to IFRS 4, 'Extension of the temporary exemption from applying IFRS9' | January 1, 2021 |
| Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework' | January 1, 2022 |
| Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets | To be determined by |
| between an investor and its associate or joint venture' | International Accounting |
| | Standards Board |
| IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts' | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts' | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current' | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds before intended use' | January 1, 2022 |
| Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts— cost of fulfilling a contract' | January 1, 2022 |
| Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020 | January 1, 2022 |

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets plus less present value of defined benefit obligations.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting

Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:

- (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
- (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
- (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.
- (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

| | | | Ownership (%) | | | |
|---|---|--|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| Name of | Name of | Main business | | December 31, | | |
| investor | subsidiary | activities | June 30, 2020 | 2019 | June 30, 2019 | Description |
| The Company | Ablerex Electronics (Samoa) Co., Ltd. (Ablerex Samoa) | Investment holdings | 100 | 100 | 100 | Note 1, 2 |
| The Company | Joint Rewards Trading Corp. (Joint) | Management service | 100 | 100 | 100 | Note 2, 3 |
| The Company | Ablerex Corporation (Ablerex-USA) | Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others | 100 | 100 | 100 | Note 2, 3 |
| The Company | Ablerex International Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-HK) | Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others | 100 | 100 | 100 | Note 2, 3 |
| The Company | Ablerex Electronics (S) Pte. Ltd. (Ablerex-SG) | Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others | 100 | 100 | 100 | Note 2, 3 |
| The Company | Ablerex Electronics U.K. Ltd. (Ablerex-UK) | Investment holdings | 100 | 100 | 100 | Note 2, 3 |
| The Company | Wada Denki Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-JP) | Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others | 99 | 100 | 100 | Note 2, 3, 5 |
| Ablerex Electronics U.K. Ltd. | Ablerex Electronics Italy S.R.L. (Ablerex-IT) | Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others | 100 | 100 | 100 | Note 2, 3 |
| Ablerex Electronics (Samoa) Co., Ltd. | Ablerex Overseas Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-Overseas) | Investment holdings | 100 | 100 | 100 | Note 1, 2 |
| Ablerex Overseas Co., Ltd. | Ablerex Electronics (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-SZ) | Manufacturing and sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others | 100 | 100 | 100 | Note 1, 2 |
| Ablerex Overseas Co., Ltd. | Ablerex Electronics (Beijing) Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-BJ) | Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others | 80 | 80 | 80 | Note 2, 3 |
| Ablerex Electronics (S) Pte. Ltd. | Ablerex Electronics (Thailand) Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-TH) | Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others | 70 | 70 | 70 | Note 2, 3 |
| Ablerex Corporation | Ablerex Latam Corporation (Ablerex-Latam) | Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others | 86 | 86 | 86 | Note 2, 3, 4 |

- Note 1: The information included in these consolidated financial statements as June 30, 2020 and 2019 is based on the audited financial statement of the investee.
- Note 2: The information included in these consolidated financial statements as December 31, 2019 is based on the audited financial statement of the investee.
- Note 3: The information included in those consolidated financial statements as at June 30, 2020 and 2019 is based on the unreviewed financial statements of each investee as the investees failed to meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.

Note 4: The consideration for acquiring the ownership of Ablerex Latam Corporation was remitted on November 28, 2018. The investee was included in these consolidated financial statements thereafter. In addition, Ablerex-Latam increased its capital to employees on February 7, 2019. As a result, the Company decreased its share interest to 86%.

Note5: The Group sold 1% of its shares in the subsidiary Ablerex-JP on May 28, 2020, and the shareholding ratio was reduced to 99%.

- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions

Cash and short-term deposits of \$56,606 deposited in Mainland China are under local foreign exchange control which restricts the capital to be remitted outside the borders (except for normal dividend distribution).

F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities associates that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
 - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the above criteria and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitment in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income and debt instruments which meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:
 - (a) The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
 - (b) Except for the recognition of impairment loss, interest income and gain or loss on foreign exchange which are recognised in profit or loss, the changes in fair value of debt instruments are taken through other comprehensive income. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

(8) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
- D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(9) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(11) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(12) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated fixed production overheads based on normal capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

(13) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures $10\sim50$ yearsMachinery and equipment $5\sim10$ yearsTransportation equipment5 yearsOffice equipment $5\sim10$ yearsLeasehold improvements10 years

(14) Leasing arrangements (lessee)—right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are mainly fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable.
 - The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost and the cost is mainly the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability.
 - The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.
- D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(15) <u>Intangible assets</u>

A. Trademark right and patent rights

Trademark right and patent rights are stated at cost, have a finite useful life and are amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 5 years.

B. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3~5 years.

C. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

(16) <u>Impairment of non-financial assets</u>

A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by

which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

- B. The recoverable amounts of goodwill shall be evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

(17) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(18) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(19) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial liabilities are classified in his category of held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorized as financial liabilities held for trading unless they are designated as hedges.
- B. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial liabilities at fair value. All related transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial liabilities at fair value with any gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

(20) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

(21) Provisions

Provisions (primarily warranties) are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be

required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

(22) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognised past service costs. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.
- ii. Remeasurement arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- iii. Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss.
- iv. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. And, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

C. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of employment as a result from the Group's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy

benefits in exchange for the termination of employment. The Group recognises termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to a termination, when it has a detailed formal plan to terminate the employment of current employees and when it can no longer withdraw the plan. In the case of an offer made by the Group to encourage voluntary termination of employment, the termination benefits are recognised as expenses only when it is probable that the employees are expected to accept the offer and the number of the employees taking the offer can be reliably estimated. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after balance sheet date are discounted to their present value.

D. Employees', directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees', directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liability,
provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those
amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the
subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee
compensation is distributed by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the

closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(23) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional 10% tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred income tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an

intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

- F. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- G. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(24) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(25) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(26) Revenue recognition

A. Sales revenue

- (a) The Group manufactures and sells uninterrupted power supply equipment and system, improved power quality system and equipment and solar energy equipment and other related products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the wholesaler, the wholesaler has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the wholesaler's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the wholesaler, and either the wholesaler has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- (b) The Group's obligation to provide a repair for faulty products under the standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision.
- (c) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

B. Sale of goods—Project construction

- (a) The Group provides sales services related to uninterruptible power system and equipment, improved power quality system and equipment and solar energy system and equipment. The project construction revenue includes equipment sales and installation services, and the contract involves and provides integrated services. Therefore, the equipment and installation are indistinguishable and are regarded as a single performance obligation. The Group installs equipment, the customer performs the acceptance procedure, and the Group opens the warranty book. The customer obtains the control of the equipment and the benefits arising therefrom. When all the acceptance criteria are met, the Group completes the contractual performance obligated of contract to recognize revenue.
- (b) The Group's obligation to provide a repair for project construction under the standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision.
- (c) A receivable is recognized when the project construction is completed and the warranty book is delivered to the customer. As this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

C. Service revenue

The Group provides related services of maintaining uninterruptible power supply equipment, improved power quality system and equipment and solar energy system and equipment. Service revenue is recognized as income during the financial reporting period in which the services are provided to customers. Revenue from fixed price contracts is recognised as a percentage of the number of months of service actually provided on the balance sheet date. The customer pays the contract price in accordance with the payment schedule agreed upon, and is recognized as a contract assets when the services provided by the Group exceed the customers' payables, and are recognized as contract liabilities if the customer pays more than the services provided by the Group.

D. Costs of obtaining a customer contract

Given that the contractual period lasts less than one year, the Group recognises the incremental costs of obtaining a contract as an expense when incurred although the Group expects to recover those costs.

(27) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker. The Group's Chief Operating Decision-Maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. Critical Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Key Sources of Assumption Uncertainty

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are

continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u> None.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

A. Evaluation of inventories

Evaluation of inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of June 30, 2020, the Group's carrying amount of inventories was \$1,100,889.

B. Estimation of provisions for liabilities

The sale of goods requires consideration of the cost incurred or to be incurred in connection with the transaction. Therefore, the Group formulates the proposed policy for the determination of the warranty for the sale of the product, which is used to measure the actual operating profit and loss of the company. The Group's liability determination is based on the Group's policy based on the historical warranty data of the product as the basis for the assessment, and the related product warranty liabilities are estimated to estimate the future maintenance costs.

As of June 30, 2020, the Group estimated the liability provision to be \$45,143.

6. Details of Significant Accounts

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

| | June 30, 2020 I | | <u>Dece</u> | December 31, 2019 | | ne 30, 2019 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---------|-------------|-------------------|----|-------------|
| Cash on hand and revolving funds | \$ | 736 | \$ | 876 | \$ | 1,008 |
| Checking accounts and demand | | 229,748 | | 211,864 | | 177,952 |
| Time deposits | | 11,645 | | 11,929 | | 5,540 |
| | | 242,129 | | 224,669 | | 184,500 |
| Transferred to 'Other current assets' | (| 194) | (| 194) | (| 194) |
| | \$ | 241,935 | \$ | 224,475 | \$ | 184,306 |

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. For details on cash and cash equivalents provided as a pledge or collateral, please refer to Note 8.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

| Items | June 30, 2020 | | December | 31, 2019 | June 30, 2019 | | |
|--------------------|---------------|--------|----------|----------|---------------|---|--|
| Non-current items: | | | | | | | |
| Equity instruments | | | | | | | |
| Unlisted stocks | \$ | 81,000 | \$ | 81,000 | \$ | _ | |

- A. The Group has elected to classify equity instruments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$81,000, \$81,000 and \$0 as at June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, respectively.
- B. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are all \$0 for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and for six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.
- C. As at June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group was \$81,000, \$81,000 and \$0, respectively.

(3) Financial assets at amortised cost

| Items | June 30, 2020 | | Decen | nber 31, 2019 | June 30, 2019 | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|--------|-------|---------------|---------------|--------|--|
| Current items: | | | | | | | |
| Time deposits expiring beyond three | | | | | | | |
| months | \$ | 12,573 | \$ | 12,915 | \$ | 15,658 | |

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost are listed below:

| | <u> </u> | For the thre | e-month periods ended | l June 30, |
|-----------------|----------|--------------|-----------------------|------------|
| | <u> </u> | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Interest income | \$ | | - \$ | 272 |
| | | For the six- | -month periods ended | June 30, |
| | <u> </u> | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Interest income | \$ | | <u> </u> | 272 |

- B. As at June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group was \$12,573, \$12,915 and \$15,658, respectively.
- C. The Group are not provided financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as collateral.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at amortised cost is provided in Note 12(2).

(4) Notes and accounts receivable

| | _ Jun | e 30, 2020 | Decen | nber 31, 2019 | _Jur | ne 30, 2019 |
|---------------------------------|-------|------------|-------|---------------|------|-------------|
| Notes receivable | \$ | 9,785 | \$ | 32,715 | \$ | 28,524 |
| Accounts receivable | \$ | 422,902 | \$ | 537,255 | \$ | 535,745 |
| Less: Allowance for bad debts — | | | | | | |
| accounts receivable | (| 14,879) | (| 13,900) | (| 14,743) |
| | \$ | 408,023 | \$ | 523,355 | \$ | 521,002 |

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable is as follows:

| | June 30 | 20 | Decemb | er 3 | 1, 2019 | June 30, 2019 | | | |
|-----------------|------------|-----|---------|------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|------------|--------|
| | Accounts | 1 | Notes | Accounts | | Notes | otes Accounts | | Notes |
| | receivable | rec | eivable | receivable | <u>r</u> | eceivable | receivable | receivable | |
| Within 120 days | \$ 370,436 | \$ | 9,654 | \$ 486,992 | 2 \$ | 31,840 | \$ 480,143 | \$ | 26,079 |
| 121 to 180 days | 28,666 | | - | 23,56 | 1 | - | 36,802 | | 695 |
| 181 to 360 days | 15,533 | | 131 | 18,580 |) | - | 10,116 | | 1,750 |
| Over 361 days | 8,267 | | _ | 8,119 | _ | 875 | 8,684 | | |
| | \$ 422,902 | \$ | 9,785 | \$ 537,25 | <u>\$</u> | 32,715 | \$ 535,745 | \$ | 28,524 |

The above ageing analysis was based on invoice date.

- B. As at June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. And as of January 1, 2019, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$571,004.
- C. As at June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes and accounts receivable was \$9,785, \$32,715 and \$28,524; \$408,023, \$523,355 and \$521,002, respectively.
- D. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.
- E. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(5) Inventories

| | June 30, 2020 | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------|-----------|----------------|----------|----|------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Allowance for | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Cost | valuation loss | | | Book value | | | | |
| Raw materials | \$ | 293,542 | (\$ | 67,739) | \$ | 225,803 | | | | |
| Work in process | | 80,812 | (| 4,718) | | 76,094 | | | | |
| Semi-finished goods | | 157,081 | (| 35,873) | | 121,208 | | | | |
| Finished goods | | 124,937 | (| 7,577) | | 117,360 | | | | |
| Goods | | 200,506 | (| 17,908) | | 182,598 | | | | |
| Goods in transit | | 60,157 | | - | | 60,157 | | | | |
| Unfinished constructions | | 317,669 | | | | 317,669 | | | | |
| | \$ | 1,234,704 | (\$ | 133,815) | \$ | 1,100,889 | | | | |

| | December 31, 2019 | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------|-----|----------------|------------|------------|--|--|--|
| | | Allowance for | | | | | | | |
| | Cost | | | valuation loss | Book value | | | | |
| Raw materials | \$ | 263,913 | (\$ | 69,003) | \$ | 194,910 | | | |
| Work in process | | 78,191 | (| 6,030) | | 72,161 | | | |
| Semi-finished goods | | 189,546 | (| 37,048) | | 152,498 | | | |
| Finished goods | | 85,831 | (| 7,748) | | 78,083 | | | |
| Goods | | 140,779 | (| 15,355) | | 125,424 | | | |
| Goods in transit | | 58,857 | | - | | 58,857 | | | |
| Unfinished constructions | | 319,622 | | _ | | 319,622 | | | |
| | \$ | 1,136,739 | (\$ | 135,184) | \$ | 1,001,555 | | | |
| | | | J | June 30, 2019 | | | | | |
| | | | | Allowance for | | | | | |
| | | Cost | | valuation loss | | Book value | | | |
| Raw materials | \$ | 276,194 | (\$ | 63,878) | \$ | 212,316 | | | |
| Work in process | | 77,081 | (| 4,572) | | 72,509 | | | |
| Semi-finished goods | | 138,329 | (| 36,480) | | 101,849 | | | |
| Finished goods | | 74,744 | (| 6,576) | | 68,168 | | | |
| Goods | | 145,937 | (| 15,663) | | 130,274 | | | |
| Goods in transit | | 26,535 | | - | | 26,535 | | | |
| Unfinished constructions | | 336,771 | | <u> </u> | | 336,771 | | | |
| | \$ | 1,075,591 | (\$ | 127,169) | \$ | 948,422 | | | |

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the year:

| | For the three-month periods ended June 30, | | | | | | | |
|---|--|-----------------|-----------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| | | 2020 | 2019 | | | | | |
| Cost of goods sold | \$ | \$ 390,194 | | 442,534 | | | | |
| Maintenance cost | | 10,133 | | 8,173 | | | | |
| (Gain on reversal of) decline in market value | | 2,560 | | 2,114 | | | | |
| Others | | 6,000 | | 8,974 | | | | |
| | \$ | 408,887 | \$ | 461,795 | | | | |
| | For t | he six-month pe | eriods ended June 30, | | | | | |
| | | 2020 | | 2019 | | | | |
| Cost of goods sold | \$ | 779,548 | \$ | 845,671 | | | | |
| Maintenance cost | | 18,904 | | 15,799 | | | | |
| (Gain on reversal of) decline in market value | (| 35) | | 2,564 | | | | |
| Others | | 9,808 | | 13,399 | | | | |
| | | | | · | | | | |

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020, the gain on reversal of decline in market value was recognised due to the sale of inventories which had previously been recognised a price decline.

(6) Property, plant and equipment

| | | | | | | | | 202 | 20 | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|---|-------------------|---|----------------------|---|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------|---|--|---------------------------|---|
| | _ | | | | | | Trai | nsportation | | Office | I | easehold | | | |
| | _ | Land | F | Buildings | | 1achinery_ | eq | uipment | ec | quipment | im | provements | Others | | Total |
| At January 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | \$ | 169,705 | \$ | 727,864 | \$ | 239,286 | \$ | 11,297 | \$ | 51,951 | \$ | 18,177 | \$ 136 | \$ | 1,218,416 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | - | (| 210,945) | (| 170,303) | (| 8,261) | (| 28,394) | (| 11,918) | (94 |) (| 429,915) |
| asprosimion | \$ | 169,705 | \$ | 516,919 | \$ | 68,983 | \$ | 3,036 | \$ | 23,557 | \$ | 6,259 | \$ 42 | : \$ | |
| | _ | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Opening net book amount as at January 1 | \$ | 169,705 | \$ | 516,919 | \$ | 68,983 | \$ | 3,036 | \$ | 23,557 | \$ | 6,259 | \$ 42 | \$ | 788,501 |
| Additions | | - | | - | | 3,433 | | 216 | | 4,112 | | - | | | 7,761 |
| Transfer | | - | | - | | 403 | | - | | - | | - | | | 403 |
| Disposals | | - | | - | (| 538) | (| 2) | (| 36) | | - | | (| 576) |
| Depreciation charge | | - | (| 14,619) | (| 8,675) | (| 670) | (| 3,854) | (| 528) | | (| 28,346) |
| Net exchange differences | (| 43) | (_ | 4,141) | (| 1,463) | (| 41) | (| 127) | (_ | 92) | | (| 5,907) |
| Closing net book amount as at June 30 | \$ | 169,662 | \$ | 498,159 | \$ | 62,143 | \$ | 2,539 | \$ | 23,652 | \$ | 5,639 | \$ 42 | \$ | 761,836 |
| At June 30 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | \$ | 169,662 | \$ | 721,662 | \$ | 232,465 | \$ | 11,315 | \$ | 55,257 | \$ | 17,925 | \$ 135 | \$ | 1,208,421 |
| Accumulated | | _ | , | 222 502) | , | 170,322) | , | 8,776) | , | 31,605) | , | 12 206) | (93 |) (| 116 505) |
| depreciation | \$ | 169,662 | \$ | 223,503) 498,159 | <u>`</u> | 62,143 | \$ | 2,539 | \$ | 23,652 | \$ | 12,286) 5,639 | \$ 42 | _ | 446,585) 761,836 |
| | <u> </u> | 107,002 | Ψ | 170,137 | Ψ | 02,113 | Ψ | 2,337 | Ψ | 23,032 | Ψ | 3,037 | Ψ 12 | = = | 701,030 |
| | | | | | | | | 20 | 19 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Trar | sportation | | Office | L | easehold | | | |
| | | Land | _ F | Buildings | N | l achinery | eq | uipment | eq | uipment | imn | rovements | 041 | | Total |
| At January 1 | | | | | | | | | | | шр | 10 rements | Others | _ | |
| Cost | \$ | | | | | | | | | | 1111 | <u> </u> | Others | _ | |
| Accumulated | | 169,794 | \$ | 735,921 | \$ | 241,126 | \$ | 11,494 | \$ | 44,567 | | 17,907 | | \$ | 1,220,949 |
| depreciation | | 169,794 | \$ | 735,921 183,642) | \$ (| 241,126 159,404) | \$ | 11,494 7,205) | \$ | 44,567 23,575) | \$ | | | | 1,220,949 385,079) |
| depreciation | \$ | 169,794 - 169,794 | \$ (<u>\$</u> | | \$ (<u></u> | ŕ | \$ (<u></u> | ŕ | \$ (<u>\$</u> | | \$ | 17,907 | \$ 140 |) (_ | |
| | | 169,794 | (<u></u> | 183,642) 552,279 | (<u> </u> | 159,404) 81,722 | \$ | 7,205) 4,289 | (<u> </u> | 23,575) 20,992 | \$ (<u>\$</u> | 17,907 11,156) 6,751 | \$ 140 (<u>97</u> \$ 43 |) (<u></u> | 385,079) 835,870 |
| Opening net book amount as at January 1 | <u>\$</u> \$ | <u> </u> | (| 183,642) | (| 159,404) | | 7,205) | (| 23,575) 20,992 | \$ (| 17,907 11,156) 6,751 | \$ 140 (<u>97</u> |) (_ | 385,079) |
| Opening net | | 169,794 | (<u></u> | 183,642) 552,279 | (<u> </u> | 159,404) 81,722 | \$ | 7,205) 4,289 | (<u> </u> | 23,575) 20,992 | \$ (<u>\$</u> | 17,907 11,156) 6,751 | \$ 140 (<u>97</u> \$ 43 |) (<u></u> | 385,079) 835,870 |
| Opening net book amount as at January 1 | | 169,794 169,794 | (<u></u> | 183,642) 552,279 552,279 | (<u> </u> | 159,404) 81,722 81,722 | \$ | 7,205) 4,289 4,289 | (<u> </u> | 23,575) 20,992 20,992 | \$ (<u>\$</u> | 17,907 11,156) 6,751 6,751 | \$ 140 (<u>97</u> \$ 43 |) (<u></u> | 385,079) 835,870 835,870 |
| Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions | | 169,794 169,794 | (<u></u> | 183,642) 552,279 552,279 | \$ <u>\$</u> | 159,404) 81,722 81,722 4,409 | \$ | 7,205) 4,289 4,289 406 | (<u>\$</u> | 23,575) 20,992 20,992 3,815 | \$ (<u>\$</u> | 17,907 11,156) 6,751 6,751 | \$ 140 (97 <u>\$ 43</u> \$ 43 |) (<u></u> | 385,079) 835,870 835,870 12,285 |
| Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions Transfer Disposals Depreciation charge | | 169,794 169,794 | (<u>\$</u> | 183,642) 552,279 552,279 1,074 | \$ \$ | 159,404) 81,722 81,722 4,409 251 | \$ <u>\$</u> | 7,205) 4,289 4,289 406 | \$ <u>\$</u> | 23,575) 20,992 20,992 3,815 1,294 | \$ <u>\$</u> \$ | 17,907 11,156) 6,751 6,751 2,581 | \$ 140 (<u>97</u> <u>\$ 43</u> \$ - | \$ \$ | 385,079) 835,870 835,870 12,285 1,545 |
| Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions Transfer Disposals Depreciation charge Net exchange | | 169,794 169,794 | (<u>\$</u> | 183,642) 552,279 552,279 1,074 | \$ \$ | 159,404) 81,722 81,722 4,409 251 6) | \$ <u>\$</u> | 7,205) 4,289 4,289 406 | \$ <u>\$</u> | 23,575) 20,992 20,992 3,815 1,294 13) | \$ <u>\$</u> \$ | 17,907 11,156) 6,751 6,751 2,581 | \$ 140 (<u>97</u> <u>\$ 43</u> \$ - | \$ (| 385,079) 835,870 835,870 12,285 1,545 19) |
| Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions Transfer Disposals Depreciation charge Net exchange differences Closing net | \$ | 169,794 169,794 - - - 41 | (<u>\$</u> | 183,642) 552,279 552,279 1,074 - 15,174) 2,170 | \$ \$ | 159,404) 81,722 81,722 4,409 251 6) 9,754) 866 | \$ | 7,205) 4,289 4,289 406 821) 41 | \$ \$ | 23,575) 20,992 20,992 3,815 1,294 13) 3,597) 61 | \$ \$ \$ | 17,907 11,156) 6,751 6,751 2,581 - 488) 46 | \$ 140 (<u>97</u> <u>\$ 43</u> \$ 43 | \$ (| 385,079) 835,870 835,870 12,285 1,545 19) 29,834) 3,225 |
| Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions Transfer Disposals Depreciation charge Net exchange differences | | 169,794 169,794 | (<u>\$</u> | 183,642) 552,279 552,279 1,074 - 15,174) | \$ \$ | 159,404) 81,722 81,722 4,409 251 6) 9,754) | \$ <u>\$</u> | 7,205) 4,289 4,289 406 - - 821) | \$ <u>\$</u> | 23,575) 20,992 20,992 3,815 1,294 13) 3,597) | \$ <u>\$</u> \$ | 17,907 11,156) 6,751 6,751 2,581 - 488) | \$ 140 (<u>97</u> <u>\$ 43</u> \$ - | \$ (| 385,079) 835,870 835,870 12,285 1,545 19) 29,834) |
| Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions Transfer Disposals Depreciation charge Net exchange differences Closing net | \$ | 169,794 169,794 - - - 41 | (<u>\$</u> | 183,642) 552,279 552,279 1,074 - 15,174) 2,170 | \$ \$ | 159,404) 81,722 81,722 4,409 251 6) 9,754) 866 | \$ | 7,205) 4,289 4,289 406 821) 41 | \$ \$ | 23,575) 20,992 20,992 3,815 1,294 13) 3,597) 61 | \$ \$ \$ | 17,907 11,156) 6,751 6,751 2,581 - 488) 46 | \$ 140 (<u>97</u> <u>\$ 43</u> \$ 43 | \$ (| 385,079) 835,870 835,870 12,285 1,545 19) 29,834) 3,225 |
| Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions Transfer Disposals Depreciation charge Net exchange differences Closing net book amount as at June 30 At June 30 Cost | \$ | 169,794 169,794 - - - 41 | (<u>\$</u> | 183,642) 552,279 552,279 1,074 - 15,174) 2,170 540,349 | \$ \$ | 159,404) 81,722 81,722 4,409 251 6) 9,754) 866 | \$ \$ (<u>\$</u> | 7,205) 4,289 4,289 406 821) 41 | \$ \$ ((<u>\$</u> | 23,575) 20,992 20,992 3,815 1,294 13) 3,597) 61 | \$ \$ \$ | 17,907 11,156) 6,751 6,751 2,581 - 488) 46 | \$ 140 (97 <u>\$ 43</u> \$ 43 | \$ ((<u>\$</u> | 385,079) 835,870 835,870 12,285 1,545 19) 29,834) 3,225 |
| Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions Transfer Disposals Depreciation charge Net exchange differences Closing net book amount as at June 30 At June 30 | \$ | 169,794 169,794 41 169,835 | (| 183,642) 552,279 552,279 1,074 - 15,174) 2,170 540,349 | \$ \$ \$ \$ | 159,404) 81,722 81,722 4,409 251 6) 9,754) 866 77,488 | \$ \$ (\$ | 7,205) 4,289 4,289 406 821) 41 3,915 | \$ \$ (((() \$ | 23,575) 20,992 20,992 3,815 1,294 13) 3,597) 61 22,552 | \$ (<u>\$</u> \$ \$ | 17,907 11,156) 6,751 6,751 2,581 488) 46 8,890 | \$ 140 (97 <u>\$ 43</u> \$ 43 |)(| 385,079) 835,870 835,870 12,285 1,545 19) 29,834) 3,225 823,072 |

A. The abovementioned equipment are all assets for its own use.

B. The significant components of buildings include buildings, air conditioners, elevators and utility

- construction. Buildings are depreciated over 26 to 50 years, and others are depreciated over 10 to 20 years.
- C. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collaterals is provided in Note 8.
- D. There were no borrowing costs capitalised as part of property, plant and equipment.

(7) Leasing arrangements—lessee

- A. The Group leases various assets including land, buildings (including land), transportation equipment and office equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 5 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

| | June 30, 2020 | | Decem | ber 31, 2019 | June 30, 2019 Carrying amount | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------|--------|-------|--------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| | Carrying amount | | Carry | ing amount | | | |
| Land | \$ | 864 | \$ | 901 | \$ | 960 | |
| Buildings (including land) | | 11,509 | | 13,983 | | 17,376 | |
| Transportation equipment | | 541 | | 812 | | 1,082 | |
| Office equipment | | 442 | | 571 | | 700 | |
| | \$ | 13,356 | \$ | 16,267 | \$ | 20,118 | |
| | | _ | | | | | |

| For the three-month periods ended June 30, |
|--|
|--|

| | For the three-month periods ended June 30, | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|---------------------------|----|-------|--|--|--|
| | 20 | 2019 Depreciation charge | | | | | |
| | Depreciat | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 6 | \$ | 7 | | | |
| Buildings (including land) | | 2,717 | | 2,808 | | | |
| Transportation equipment | | 136 | | 195 | | | |
| Office equipment | | 65 | | 64 | | | |
| | \$ | 2,924 | \$ | 3,074 | | | |
| | For the six-month periods ended June 30, | | | | | | |
| | 20 | 2019 | | | | | |
| | Depreciat | Depreciation charge | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 13 | \$ | 14 | | | |
| Buildings (including land) | | 5,492 | | 5,618 | | | |
| Transportation equipment | | 271 | | 420 | | | |
| Office equipment | | 129 | | 140 | | | |
| | \$ | 5,905 | \$ | 6,192 | | | |

- C. For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$2,302, \$1,266, \$3,700 and \$1,926, respectively.
- D. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

| | For the three-month periods ended June 30, | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|-----|------|-----|--|--|--|--|
| | 2 | | 2019 | | | | | |
| Items affecting profit or loss | | | | | | | | |
| Interest expense on lease liabilities | \$ | 133 | \$ | 195 | | | | |
| Expense on short-term lease contracts | | 9 | | 27 | | | | |
| Expense on leases of low-value assets | | 31 | | 30 | | | | |
| | For the six-month periods ended June 30, | | | | | | | |
| | 2 | 020 | 2019 | | | | | |
| Items affecting profit or loss | | | | | | | | |
| Interest expense on lease liabilities | \$ | 286 | \$ | 415 | | | | |
| Expense on short-term lease contracts | | 162 | | 126 | | | | |
| Expense on leases of low-value assets | | 63 | | 65 | | | | |

- E. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$6,338 and \$6,613, respectively.
- F. Information about the right-of-use assets land use right that were pledged to others as collateral is provided in Note 8.

(8) Other non-current assets

| | June | 30, 2020 | Decem | ber 31, 2019 | June 30, 2019 | |
|--------------------------------------|------|----------|-------|--------------|---------------|---------|
| Overdue receivable | \$ | 35,149 | \$ | 35,228 | \$ | 35,474 |
| Allowance for bad debts | (| 35,149) | (| 35,228) | (| 35,474) |
| overdue receivable | | | | | | |
| Prepayments for equipment | | 2,050 | | 1,724 | | 2,188 |
| Guarantee deposits | | 9,933 | | 11,221 | | 10,969 |
| Others | | 14,660 | | 16,861 | - | 21,016 |
| | \$ | 26,643 | \$ | 29,806 | \$ | 34,173 |

(9) Short-term borrowings

| Type of borrowings | June 30, 2020 | | Interest rate range | Collateral | | |
|----------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Bank borrowings | | | | | | |
| Unsecured borrowings | \$ | 417,684 | $0.94\% \sim 1.15\%$ | None | | |
| Secured borrowings | | 20,955 | 4.57% | Please refer to Note 8 | | |
| | \$ | 438,639 | | | | |
| Type of borrowings | Dece | mber 31, 2019 | Interest rate range | Collateral | | |
| Bank borrowings | | | | | | |
| Unsecured borrowings | \$ | 410,250 | $0.97\% \sim 2.75\%$ | None | | |
| Secured borrowings | | 21,525 | 4.35% | Please refer to Note 8 | | |
| | \$ | 431,775 | | | | |

| Type of borrowings | | June 30, | , 2019 | Interest rate range | | | Collateral | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|----------|------------|------------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------|----|---------------|--|
| Bank borrowings | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unsecured borrowings | \$ | | 275,567 | 0.9 | 99%~ 3 | .33% | None | | one | |
| Secured borrowings | | | 22,646 | | 4.30% |)) | Please refer to N | | er to Note 8 | |
| | \$ | | 298,213 | | | | | | | |
| Unused lines of credit are as for | ollov | ws: | | | | | | | | |
| Type of borrowings | S | | June 30, 2 | ne 30, 2020 December 3 | | nber 31, 20 | 1, 2019 | | June 30, 2019 | |
| Bank borrowings | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unsecured borrowings | | \$ | 94 | 3,061 | \$ | 685,1 | 54 | \$ | 1,274,803 | |
| Secured borrowings | | | 12 | 5,730 | | 129,1 | 50 | | 135,589 | |
| _ | | \$ | 1.06 | 8.791 | \$ | 814.3 | 04 | \$ | 1,410,392 | |

For collaterals on bank borrowings and book value information, please refer to Notes 7 and 8.

(10) Long-term borrowings

| | Borrowing period | Interest ra | ate | |
|--------------------------|---|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Type of borrowings | and repayment term | range | <u>Collateral</u> | June 30, 2020 |
| Bank borrowings | Borrowing period is from May 22, 2020 to May 21, 2022, no need to repay if the exemption conditions are met.(Note 1) | 1.00% | None | 2,193 |
| Installment-repayment | | | | |
| borrowings | | | | |
| Unsecured EUR borrowings | Borrowing period is from September 27, 2019 to September 27, 2021; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 24 installments | 0.40% | None | |
| | from October 27, 2019.(Note 2) |) | | \$ 11,862 |
| Less: Current portion (| shown as "other current liabilities | ") | 1 | (5,610) |
| | | | | \$ 8,445 |
| Type of borrowings | Borrowing period and repayment term | Interest rate range | | cember 31, 2019 |
| Installment-repayment | | | | |
| borrowings | | | | |
| Unsecured EUR borrowings | Borrowing period is from September 27, 2019 to September 27, 2021; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 24 installments from October 27, 2019. | 0.40% | None \$ | 13,233 |
| Less: Current portion (| shown as "other current liabilities | ") | (| 7,550) |
| | | | \$ | 5,683 |
| | | | | |

The Group's long-term borrowings are nil as at June 30, 2019.

- Note 1: Ablerex-LATAM, a subsidiary of the Group, is eligible for Small and Medium Enterprise (SME) financing in the United States of America, and approved for Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) from local bank.
- Note 2: Ablerex-IT, a subsidiary of the Group, received a bank notice in March 2020. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the bank suspended the instalments until September 2020 for a total of 7 instalments and the next repayment date was October 2020.

(11) Other payables

| | June | e 30, 2020 | Decen | nber 31, 2019 | Jun | ne 30, 2019 |
|--------------------------------|------|------------|-------|---------------|-----|-------------|
| Payable for wages and salaries | \$ | 66,473 | \$ | 91,647 | \$ | 62,425 |
| and other short-term | | | | | | |
| employee benefits | | | | | | |
| Dividends payable | | 45,000 | | - | | 67,500 |
| Others | | 30,907 | | 37,637 | | 47,233 |
| | \$ | 142,380 | \$ | 129,284 | \$ | 177,158 |

(12) Provisions for liabilities -current

| | For t | For the six-month periods ended June 30, | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------|--|----|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | 2019 | | | | | | | |
| Warranty: | | | | | | | | | |
| At January 1 | \$ | 40,441 | \$ | 31,959 | | | | | |
| Additional provisions | | 6,908 | | 10,846 | | | | | |
| Used during the period | (| 2,206) | (| 6,819) | | | | | |
| At June 30 | \$ | 45,143 | \$ | 35,986 | | | | | |

The Group's provisions for warranties are primarily for uninterruptible power supplies and solar energy related products. The provisions for warranties are estimated based on historical warranty data of uninterruptible power supplies and solar energy related products.

(13) Pensions

A. (a) The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method

- of the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contributions to cover the deficit by next March.
- (b) For the aforementioned pension plan, the Group recognised pension costs of \$0, \$73, \$239 and \$146 for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and for six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.
- (c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2021 amount to \$955.
- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company has established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labour Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labour Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
 - (b) The Company's mainland China indirect subsidiaries, Ablerex Electronics (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. and Ablerex Electronics (Beijing) Corporation Limited, have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC) are based on a certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. The contribution percentage for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was both 20%. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations. Ablerex Corporation, Ablerex Latam Corporation, Ablerex Electronics (S) Pte. Ltd., Ablerex Electronics (Thailand) Co Ltd., Ablerex Electronics Italy S.R.L and Wada Denki Co., Ltd. have a defined contribution plan under the local regulations and have no further obligations. Other consolidated subsidiaries do not have any employee.
 - (c) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$3,753, \$6,389, \$8,294 and \$13,062, respectively.

(14) Share capital

As of June 30, 2020, the Company's authorised capital was \$800,000, consisting of 80 million shares of ordinary stock, and the paid-in capital was \$450,000 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected. The Group's ordinary shares at the beginning of the period are the same with the outstanding shares at the end of the period.

(15) Capital surplus

A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. However, capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

B. The shareholders resolved to appropriate capital surplus in cash at their meeting on June 19, 2020:

| | Yea | Year ended December 31, 20 | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|----------------------------|------|-----------|--|--|--|
| | | | Cash | per share | | | |
| | A | mount | (in | dollars) | | | |
| Capital surplus appropriated in cash | \$ | 13,500 | \$ | 0.30 | | | |

The cash appropriation of capital surplus is in agreement with the proposal submitted by the Board

of Directors.

(16) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve unless the accumulated legal reserve has reached the total capital stock balance. Special reserve shall be appropriated in accordance with related regulations promulgated by competent authorities, and the special reserve along with the accumulated unappropriated retained earnings from previous years is considered as the distributable earnings. The remainder, if any, after considering the operating status, and through a proposition by the Board of Directors and a resolution by the shareholders, shall be retained.
- B. The Company's dividend policy is based on the Company's current operation status, future capital requirements, long-term operation plan, shareholders' benefits, balanced dividends and the Company's long-term financial plan, etc. The appropriation is proposed by the Board of Directors and then approved by the shareholders during their meeting. Cash dividends shall not be less than 20% of the total dividends distributed to shareholders.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- D. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When the debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount may be included in the distributable earnings.

E. The appropriation of 2019 earnings as proposed by the shareholders on June 19, 2020 and the appropriation of 2018 earnings as resolved by the shareholders on June 18, 2019 are as follows:

| | _Ye | ar ended I | Dece | ember 31, 2019 | Year ended December 31, 2018 | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----|------------|------|------------------|------------------------------|------------------|----|--------------|--|--|
| | | | Di | vidend per share | Div | vidend per share | | | | |
| | A | Amount | | (in dollars) | A | mount | | (in dollars) | | |
| Legal reserve | \$ | 3,639 | | | \$ | 7,316 | | | | |
| Special reserve | | 17,841 | | | | 4,907 | | | | |
| Cash dividends | | 31,500 | \$ | 0.70 | | 67,500 | \$ | 1.50 | | |

(17) Sales revenue

| | For the three-month periods ended June 30, | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--|------------------|-----------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | 2020 | | 2019 | | | | |
| Sales revenue | \$ | 334,223 | \$ | 380,724 | | | | |
| Project construction revenue | | 210,326 | | 217,112 | | | | |
| Service revenue | | 22,025 | | 18,070 | | | | |
| | \$ | 566,574 | \$ | 615,906 | | | | |
| | For | the six-month pe | eriods ei | nded June 30, | | | | |
| | | 2020 | | 2019 | | | | |
| Sales revenue | \$ | 615,229 | \$ | 692,022 | | | | |
| Project construction revenue | | 435,322 | | 413,413 | | | | |
| Service revenue | | 42,950 | | 35,609 | | | | |
| | \$ | 1,093,501 | \$ | 1,141,044 | | | | |

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following:

| | | | | Second | Te | echnical | | | | | |
|--|------|-------------|----|----------|----------|----------|----|---------|-----|------------------|---------------|
| For the three-month period | Fire | st Business | F | Business | S | ervices | 1 | Energy | Re | conciliation and | |
| ended June 30, 2020 |] | Division | I | Division | Division | | | ivision | | elimination | Total |
| Revenue from external customer contracts | \$ | 172,608 | \$ | 273,543 | \$ | 53,922 | \$ | 66,501 | \$ | - | \$ 566,574 |
| Inter-segment revenue | | 27,376 | | 615,896 | | _ | | _ | (| 643,272) | _ |
| Total segment revenue | \$ | 199,984 | \$ | 889,439 | \$ | 53,922 | \$ | 66,501 | (\$ | 643,272) | \$ 566,574 |
| Segment income | \$ | 21,389 | \$ | 38,455 | \$ | 25,716 | \$ | 3,197 | (\$ | 58,234) | \$ 30,523 |
| Timing of revenue recognition | | | | | | | | | | | |
| At a point in time | \$ | 172,608 | \$ | 273,543 | \$ | 37,346 | \$ | 63,157 | \$ | - | \$ 546,654 |
| Over time | | _ | | | | 16,576 | | 3,344 | | | 19,920 |
| | \$ | 172,608 | \$ | 273,543 | \$ | 53,922 | \$ | 66,501 | \$ | | \$ 566,574 |

| | | Second | Technical | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| For the three-month period | First Business | Business | Services | Energy | Reconciliation and | |
| ended June 30, 2019 | Division | Division | Division | Division | elimination | Total |
| Revenue from external customer contracts | \$ 166,586 | \$ 332,234 | \$ 57,417 | \$ 59,669 | \$ - | \$ 615,906 |
| Inter-segment revenue | 16,557 | 795,656 | 1,868 | | (814,081) | |
| Total segment revenue | \$ 183,143 | \$ 1,127,890 | \$ 59,285 | \$ 59,669 | (\$ 814,081) | \$ 615,906 |
| Segment income | \$ 16,475 | \$ 27,958 | \$ 23,282 | \$ 566 | (\$ 54,832) | \$ 13,449 |
| Timing of revenue recognition | | | | | | |
| At a point in time | \$ 166,586 | \$ 332,234 | \$ 40,727 | \$ 59,428 | \$ - | \$ 598,975 |
| Over time | - | - | 16,690 | 241 | - | 16,931 |
| | \$ 166,586 | \$ 332,234 | \$ 57,417 | \$ 59,669 | \$ - | \$ 615,906 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | G 1 | m 1 · 1 | | | |
| Ear the six month paried anded | Einst Dusinsss | Second Business | Technical Services | Епомоги | Reconciliation and | |
| For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 | Division | Division | Division | Energy Division | elimination | Total |
| Revenue from external | \$ 340,401 | \$ 515,096 | \$ 106,808 | \$ 131,196 | \$ - | \$ 1,093,501 |
| customer contracts | ŷ 340,401 | \$ 515,090 | φ 100,000 | ф 131,190 | . | \$ 1,093,301 |
| Inter-segment revenue | 46,443 | 1,019,605 | - | - | (1,066,048) | _ |
| Total segment revenue | \$ 386,844 | \$ 1,534,701 | \$ 106,808 | \$ 131,196 | (\$ 1,066,048) | \$ 1,093,501 |
| Segment income | \$ 34,126 | \$ 53,786 | \$ 49,412 | \$ 7,290 | (\$ 113,206) | \$ 31,408 |
| Timing of revenue recognition | | | | | | |
| At a point in time | \$ 340,401 | \$ 515,096 | \$ 73,479 | \$ 126,730 | \$ - | \$ 1,055,706 |
| Over time | ŷ J+0,+01 - | \$ 515,070 | 33,329 | 4,466 | ф - - | 37,795 |
| o ver time | \$ 340,401 | \$ 515,096 | \$ 106,808 | \$ 131,196 | \$ - | \$ 1,093,501 |
| | | | | | <u>·</u> | , , , , , , , |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Second | Technical | | | |
| For the six-month period ended | | | Services | Energy | Reconciliation and | TD . 1 |
| June 30, 2019 | Division | Division | Division | Division | elimination | Total |
| Revenue from external customer contracts | \$ 315,021 | \$ 611,344 | \$ 102,041 | \$ 112,638 | \$ - | \$ 1,141,044 |
| Inter-segment revenue | 37,209 | 1,339,111 | 3,718 | - | (1,380,038) | _ |
| Total segment revenue | \$ 352,230 | \$ 1,950,455 | \$ 105,759 | \$ 112,638 | (\$ 1,380,038) | \$ 1,141,044 |
| Segment income/(loss) | \$ 28,890 | \$ 26,332 | \$ 41,988 | \$ 1,766 | (\$ 109,303) | (\$ 10,327) |
| Timing of revenue recognition | | | | | | |
| At a point in time | \$ 315,021 | \$ 611,344 | \$ 69,594 | \$ 112,287 | \$ - | \$ 1,108,246 |
| Over time | φ 515,021 - | φ 011,5 74 - | 32,447 | 351 | Ψ - - | 32,798 |
| | \$ 315,021 | \$ 611,344 | \$ 102,041 | \$ 112,638 | \$ - | \$ 1,141,044 |

B. Contract liabilities

The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract liabilities:

| | June 3 | 80, 2020 | Decembe | r 31, 2019 | June 3 | 0, 2019 |
|---|--------|----------|---------|------------|---------|---------|
| Contract liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Contract liabilities | \$ | 74,615 | \$ | 163,135 | \$ | 140,674 |
| advance receipts for | | | | | | |
| construction | | | | | | |
| Contract liabilities | | 21 402 | | 1 < 207 | | 20.551 |
| advance sales receipts | | 31,403 | | 16,297 | | 30,571 |
| | \$ | 106,018 | \$ | 179,432 | \$ | 171,245 |
| | | | | | January | 1, 2019 |
| Contract liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Contract liabilities | | | | | \$ | 234,440 |
| advance receipts for construction | | | | | | |
| Contract liabilities | | | | | | |
| advance sales receipts | | | | | | 14,174 |
| | | | | | \$ | 248,614 |

(a) Significant changes in contract liabilities

None

(b) Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period

| | For t | s ended June 30, | | |
|---|-------|------------------|----|--------|
| | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the | | | | |
| beginning of the period | | | | |
| Sales revenue | \$ | 35,924 | \$ | 39,172 |

| | For th | ne six-month p | eriods e | ended June 30, |
|--|--------------|----------------|----------|------------------|
| | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period Sales revenue | \$ | 140,552 | \$ | 143,229 |
| | Ψ | 110,552 | Ψ | 113,225 |
| (18) <u>Interest income</u> | | | | |
| | For the | three-month p | eriods e | ended June 30, |
| | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Interest income from bank deposits | \$ | 262 | \$ | 142 |
| Interest income from financial assets measured at amortised cost | | _ | | 272 |
| amortised cost | \$ | 262 | \$ | 414 |
| | | six-month pe | | |
| | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Interest income from bank deposits | \$ | 293 | \$ | 297 |
| Interest income from financial assets measured at | | | | 272 |
| amortised cost | Φ. | - 202 | Φ. | 272 |
| | \$ | 293 | \$ | 569 |
| (19) Other gains and losses | | | | |
| | For th | ne three-month | n period | s ended June 30, |
| | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Losses on disposal of property, plant and | | | | |
| equipment | (\$ | 240 | 6) (\$ | 19) |
| Profit from lease modification | | • | 6 | 12 |
| Foreign exchange (losses) gains | (| 1,22: | * | 6,017 |
| Others | (| 4′ | | 70) |
| | (<u>\$</u> | 1,512 | | 5,940 |
| | For t | | periods | ended June 30, |
| | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Losses on disposal of property, plant and | (d) | 25 | o) (d) | 10) |
| equipment | (\$ | | 9) (\$ | 19) |
| Profit from lease modification Foreign exchange gains | | 1,209 | 6 0 | 12 8,585 |
| Others | (| 1,209 | | 8,383 137) |
| Outers | \$ | 814 | | 8,441 |
| | * | 31 | · * | 5,.11 |

(20) Expenses by nature

| By function | For the three-month period ended | | | | | For the three-month period ended | | | | ended | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------|--------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|---------------|
| | June 30, 2020 | | | | | June 30, 2019 | | | | | | |
| By nature | Operation costs | _ | , | perating spenses | | Total | 0 | perating costs | | perating spenses | | Total |
| Employee benefit expense | \$ 51, | ,664 | \$ | 80,836 | \$ | 132,500 | \$ | 57,184 | \$ | 82,199 | \$ | 139,383 |
| Depreciation charges | 8. | ,598 | | 8,061 | | 16,659 | | 9,437 | | 8,726 | | 18,163 |
| Amortization charges | | 84 | | 2,361 | | 2,445 | | 57 | | 2,564 | | 2,621 |
| | For the six-month period ended | | | | For the six-month period ended | | | | | | | |
| By function | For | the s | six-m | onth perio | od ei | nded | | For the s | six-m | onth perio | od ei | nded |
| By function | For | the s | | onth perion 30, 2020 | od ei | nded | | For the s | | onth perion 30, 2019 | od ei | nded |
| By function By nature | For Operations | ing | June O _l | 1 | od ei | nded Total | О | For the soperating costs | June O | • | od ei | nded Total |
| | Operat costs | ing | June O _l | e 30, 2020 perating | od ei | | O \$ | perating | June Oj ex | e 30, 2019 perating | od er | |
| By nature | Operat costs | ing | June O _j | e 30, 2020 perating spenses | | Total | | perating costs | June Oj ex | e 30, 2019 perating spenses | | Total |

(21) Employee benefit expense

| | For t | he three-month p | periods | ended June 30, |
|---------------------------------|-------|------------------|----------|----------------|
| | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Wages and salaries | \$ | 116,329 | \$ | 118,360 |
| Labor and health insurance fees | | 8,707 | | 10,265 |
| Pension costs | | 3,753 | | 6,462 |
| Other personnel expenses | | 3,711 | | 4,296 |
| | \$ | 132,500 | \$ | 139,383 |
| | For | the six-month pe | eriods e | nded June 30, |
| | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Wages and salaries | \$ | 220,711 | \$ | 224,568 |
| Labor and health insurance fees | | 18,915 | | 20,401 |
| Pension costs | | 8,533 | | 13,208 |
| Other personnel expenses | | 7,125 | | 8,142 |
| | \$ | 255,284 | \$ | 266,319 |

- A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall be 6% to 10% for employees compensation and shall not be higher than 2% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration.
- B. For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, employees' compensation was accrued at \$1,774, \$352, \$2,071 and \$352, respectively; while directors' and supervisors' remuneration was accrued at \$591, \$177, \$690 and \$117, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognized in salary expenses. The employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 6% and 2% of distributable profit of current year for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020.

The difference of \$113 between employees' compensation (directors' and supervisors' remuneration) as resolved by the Board of Directors and the amount recognised in the 2019 financial statements of \$2,717, \$906 had been adjusted in profit or loss for 2020. The appropriation was in the form of cash.

Information about the appropriation of employees' compensation (bonus) and directors' and supervisors' remuneration by the Company as proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(22) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

| | For the | e three-month p | eriods | ended June 30, |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-----------------|---------|----------------|
| | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Current tax: | | | | |
| Current tax on profits for the period | \$ | 8,084 | \$ | 4,683 |
| Prior year income tax overestimation | (| 880) | (| 1,164) |
| Total current tax | | 7,204 | | 3,519 |
| Deferred tax: | | | | |
| Origination and reversal of temporary | | | | |
| differences | | 2,566 | | 223 |
| Income tax expense | \$ | 9,770 | \$ | 3,742 |
| | For tl | ne six-month pe | riods e | ended June 30, |
| | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Current tax: | | | | |
| Current tax on profits for the period | \$ | 11,339 | \$ | 5,894 |
| Prior year income tax overestimation | (| 880) | (| 1,164) |
| Total current tax | | 10,459 | | 4,730 |
| Deferred tax: | | _ | | _ |
| Origination and reversal of temporary | | | | |
| differences | | 3,565 | (| 4,274) |
| Income tax expense | \$ | 14,024 | \$ | 456 |

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income are as follows:

| | For the three-month periods ended June 30, | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|---------------------|----------------|--|--|
| | | 2020 | 2019 | | |
| Currency translation differences | (\$ | 2,012) (\$ | 973) | | |
| | For th | e six-month periods | ended June 30, | | |
| | | 2020 | 2019 | | |
| Currency translation differences | (\$ | 2,929) \$ | 1,501 | | |

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2018 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(23) Earnings per share

| | For the three-month period ended June 30, 2020 | | | | |
|---|--|-------------------|---|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | Weighted average | | |
| | | | number of ordinary | Ear | rnings |
| | Amo | ount after | shares outstanding | per | share |
| | | tax | (shares in thousands) | (in c | dollars) |
| Basic earnings per share | | | | | |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders | | | | | |
| of the parent company | \$ | 21,761 | 45,000 | \$ | 0.48 |
| Diluted earnings per share | | | | | |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of | | 21,761 | 45,000 | | |
| the parent company | | | | | |
| Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential | | | | | |
| ordinary shares | | | | | |
| Employees' compensation | | _ | 57 | | |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders | | | | | |
| of the parent plus assumed conversion of | | | | | |
| all dilutive potential ordinary shares | \$ | 21,761 | 45,057 | \$ | 0.48 |
| | | | | | |
| | _Fo | r the three- | month period ended Ju | ne 30 | , 2019 |
| | _Fo | or the three- | month period ended Ju Weighted average | ne 30 | , 2019 |
| | _Fo | or the three- | * | | , 2019 rnings |
| | | or the three- | Weighted average | Ear | |
| | | | Weighted average number of ordinary | Ear per | rnings |
| Basic earnings per share | | ount after | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding | Ear per | rnings share |
| Basic earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of | Amo | ount after tax | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) | Ear per (in c | rnings share dollars) |
| | | ount after | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding | Ear per | rnings share |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of | Amo | ount after tax | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) | Ear per (in c | rnings share dollars) |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company | Amo | ount after tax | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) | Ear per (in c | rnings share dollars) |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company Diluted earnings per share | Amo | ount after tax | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 45,000 | Ear per (in c | rnings share dollars) |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company <u>Diluted earnings per share</u> Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of | Amo | ount after tax | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 45,000 | Ear per (in c | rnings share dollars) |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company <u>Diluted earnings per share</u> Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company | Amo | ount after tax | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 45,000 | Ear per (in c | rnings share dollars) |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company <u>Diluted earnings per share</u> Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation | Amo | ount after tax | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 45,000 | Ear per (in c | rnings share dollars) |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders | Amo | ount after tax | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 45,000 | Ear per (in c | rnings share dollars) |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company <u>Diluted earnings per share</u> Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation | Amo | ount after tax | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 45,000 | Ear per (in c | rnings share dollars) |

| | For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 | | | | |
|---|--|----------------------------|---|-------------|-------------------------------|
| | Weighted average | | | | |
| | | | number of ordinary | Ea | rnings |
| | Amo | ount after | shares outstanding | pe | r share |
| | | tax | (shares in thousands) | (in | dollars) |
| Basic earnings per share | | | | | |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders | | | | | |
| of the parent company | \$ | 25,410 | 45,000 | \$ | 0.56 |
| <u>Diluted earnings per share</u> | | | | | |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of | | 25,410 | 45,000 | | |
| the parent company | | | | | |
| Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential | | | | | |
| ordinary shares | | | | | |
| Employees' compensation | | | 100 | | |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders | | | | | |
| of the parent plus assumed conversion of | ф | 25.410 | 45.100 | ф | 0.56 |
| all dilutive potential ordinary shares | \$ | 25,410 | 45,100 | \$ | 0.56 |
| | | | | | |
| | F | or the six-r | nonth period ended Jun | ie 30, | 2019 |
| | F | or the six-r | Weighted average | | |
| | F | or the six-r | Weighted average number of ordinary | Ea | rnings |
| | | or the six-r | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding | Ear | rnings r share |
| | | | Weighted average number of ordinary | Ear | rnings |
| Basic earnings per share | | ount after | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding | Ear | rnings r share |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of | Amo | ount after tax | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) | Ear per (in | rnings r share dollars) |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company | | ount after | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding | Ear | rnings r share |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company <u>Diluted earnings per share</u> | Amo | ount after tax 4,616 | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 45,000 | Ear per (in | rnings r share dollars) |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of | Amo | ount after tax | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) | Ear per (in | rnings r share dollars) |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company | Amo | ount after tax 4,616 | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 45,000 | Ear per (in | rnings r share dollars) |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential | Amo | ount after tax 4,616 | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 45,000 | Ear per (in | rnings r share dollars) |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares | Amo | ount after tax 4,616 | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 45,000 | Ear per (in | rnings r share dollars) |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation | Amo | ount after tax 4,616 | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 45,000 | Ear per (in | rnings r share dollars) |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders | Amo | ount after tax 4,616 | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 45,000 | Ear per (in | rnings r share dollars) |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation | Amo | ount after tax 4,616 | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands) 45,000 | Ear per (in | rnings r share dollars) |

(24) Transactions with non-controlling interest

A. Disposal of equity interest in a subsidiary (that did not result in a loss of control)

On May 28, 2020, the Group disposed of 1% of its shares of its subsidiary—Ablerex-JP for a total cash consideration of \$83. The carrying amount of non-controlling interest in Ablerex-JP was \$102 at the disposal date. This transaction resulted in an increase in the non-controlling interest by \$19 and a decrease in the equity attributable to owners of the parent by \$19. The effect of changes in interests in Ablerex-JP on the equity attributable to owners of the parent for the three-month period ended June 30, 2020 and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 is shown below:

| | For the thre | ee-month period |
|--|---------------|-------------------|
| | ended Ju | ine 30, 2020 |
| Carrying amount of non-controlling interest disposed | \$ | 102 |
| Consideration received from non-controlling interest | (| 83) |
| Capital surplus | | |
| - recognition of changes in ownership interest in subsidiaries | \$ | 19 |
| | For the six-m | onth period ended |
| | June | 30, 2020 |
| Carrying amount of non-controlling interest disposed | \$ | 102 |
| Consideration received from non-controlling interest | (| 83) |
| Capital surplus | | |
| - recognition of changes in ownership interest in subsidiaries | \$ | 19 |

B. Subsidiary, Ablerex-Latam, of the Group increased its capital to employees on February 7, 2019. As a result, the Group decreased its share interest by 14%. The transaction increased non-controlling interest by \$1,784 and decreased the equity attributable to owners of parent by \$1,784.

(25) Supplemental cash flow information

Investing activities with partial cash payments

| | For the six-month periods ended June 30 | | | nded June 30, |
|--|---|-------|----|---------------|
| | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment Less: Decommissioning liabilities | \$ | 7,761 | \$ | 12,285 |
| (Recognized in other non-current liabilities) | | | (| 1,901) |
| Cash paid during the period | \$ | 7,761 | \$ | 10,384 |

7. Related Party Transactions

(1) Names of related parties and relationship

| Names of related parties | Relationship with the Company |
|--|---|
| United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. | The entity using the equity method to account for the investment in the Company |
| Beijing Xiankong Technology Co., Ltd. | Other related party |
| Directors, supervisors, general manager and vice general manager | The Group's key management |
| United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.(JIANGXI) | Other related party |
| Eco Energy Corporation | Other related party |
| Wada | Other related party |

(2) Significant related party transactions and balances

A. Sales revenue

| | For the three-month periods ended June 30. | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------|----------|---------------|--|--|
| | | 2020 | | 2019 | | |
| Sales revenue | | | | | | |
| Entities with significant influence to the Group | \$ | 52 | \$ | 28,842 | | |
| Other related parties | | | | 430 | | |
| | \$ | 52 | \$ | 29,272 | | |
| | For th | ne six-month pe | eriods e | nded June 30, | | |
| | | 2020 | | 2019 | | |
| Sales revenue | | | | | | |
| Entities with significant influence to the Group | \$ | 85 | \$ | 68,460 | | |
| Other related parties | | <u>-</u> | | 1,349 | | |
| | \$ | 85 | \$ | 69,809 | | |

The transaction prices and terms of the Group and entities with significant influence over the Group are determined in accordance with the agreed contracts. The credit term is commensurate with non-related parties, which is 60~120 days after monthly billings.

B. Leasing arrangements - lessee

- (a) The Group leased office and plant from United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. Rental contracts are typically made for periods from 2019 to 2020. Rents are paid at the end of each month.
- (b) On January 1, 2019 (the date of initial application of IFRS 16), the Group increased right-of-use assets by \$10,340.
- (c) Lease liabilities
 - i. Outstanding balance

| | June 3 | 0, 2020 | Decem | ber 31, 201 | June | 30, 2019 |
|--------------------------------------|--------|----------|-----------|-------------|----------|------------|
| United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. | \$ | 4,060 | \$ | 6,251 | \$ | 8,425 |
| ii. Interest expense | | | | | | |
| | | For | the three | -month peri | ods ende | d June 30, |
| | | | 2020 | | 20 |)19 |
| 11 '4 11 4 10 ' 0 | T 4 1 | <u>¢</u> | | 10 ¢ | | 25 |

| | 20 |)20 | 2019 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|-----------------|--------------------|
| United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. | \$ | 18 \$ | 35 |
| | For the | six-month perio | ods ended June 30, |
| | 20 |)20 | 2019 |
| United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. | \$ | 41 \$ | 74 |

C. Notes receivable from related parties

| | June 30, 2020 | <u>December 31, 2019</u> | June 30, 2019 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Notes receivable | | | |
| Entities with significant influence | | | |
| to the Group | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 8,099 |
| | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 8,099 |

D. Accounts receivable from related parties

| | _Jı | ane 30, 2020 | Dec | ember 31, 2019 | J | June 30, 2019 |
|-------------------------------------|-----|--------------|-----|----------------|----|---------------|
| Accounts receivable | | | | | | |
| Entities with significant influence | \$ | 17,022 | \$ | 16,993 | \$ | 22,739 |
| to the Group | | | | | | |
| Other related parties | | | | 23 | | 1,416 |
| | \$ | 17,022 | \$ | 17,016 | \$ | 24,155 |

E. Endorsements and guarantees

As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, there were unsecured bank borrowings amounting to \$417,684, \$410,250 and \$275,567, respectively. The Company's key management was a joint guarantor.

F. Commitments

Promissory notes issued for the warranty of sales and performance guarantees of lease contracts.

| | June | e 30, 2020 | Decer | mber 31, 2019 | Jur | ne 30, 2019 |
|--|------|------------|-------|---------------|-----|-------------|
| Entities with significant influence to | | | | | | |
| the Group | \$ | 11,203 | \$ | 11,532 | \$ | 1,314 |

G. In May, 2020, the Group disposed 1% of its shares of its subsidiary—Ablerex-JP for a total cash consideration of \$83 to other related parties, Wada, please refer to Note 6(24).

(3) Key management compensation

| - | For the three-month periods ended June 30, | | | | | | |
|---|--|------------------|----------|----------------|--|--|--|
| | | 2020 | | 2019 | | | |
| Salaries and other short-term employee benefits | \$ | 9,589 | \$ | 9,480 | | | |
| Termination benefits | | 180 | | 232 | | | |
| | \$ | 9,769 | \$ | 9,712 | | | |
| | For | the six-month pe | eriods e | ended June 30, | | | |
| | | 2020 | | 2019 | | | |
| Salaries and other short-term employee benefits | \$ | 18,957 | \$ | 17,254 | | | |
| Termination benefits | | 435 | | 450 | | | |
| | \$ | 19,392 | \$ | 17,704 | | | |

8. Pledged Assets

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

| | | | В | look value | | | |
|---|------|------------|-------|---------------|-----|-------------|---|
| Pledged assets | June | e 30, 2020 | Decei | mber 31, 2019 | Jui | ne 30, 2019 | Purpose |
| Other current assets —time deposits | \$ | 194 | \$ | 194 | \$ | 194 | Performance guarantee for contracts |
| Property, plant and equipment —land and buildings | | 109,565 | | 115,203 | | 123,773 | Short-term borrowings or guarantee for line of credit |
| Right-of-use assets | | | | | | | Short-term borrowings or |
| -land use rights | | 864 | | 901 | | 960 | guarantee for line of credit |
| | \$ | 110,623 | \$ | 116,298 | \$ | 124,927 | |

9. Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognized Contract Commitments

(1) Contingencies

None.

(2) Commitments

A. As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, other than the details of contingencies and commitments between the Group and related parties as provided in Note 7(2) E, contingencies and commitments between the Group and third parties are as follows:

Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred

| | June | 2020 | Decemb | er 31, 2019 | June | 30, 2019 |
|-------------------------------|------|-------|--------|-------------|------|----------|
| Property, plant and equipment | \$ | 1,890 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,048 |
| Intangible assets | | 95 | | 381 | | 762 |
| | \$ | 1,985 | \$ | 381 | \$ | 1,810 |

Warranty and performance guarantee

As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, promissory notes issued for the warranty and performance guarantee of sales amounted to \$61,083, \$82,229 and \$76,538, respectively.

B. Details of endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company to subsidiaries are provided in Note 13(1) B.

10. Significant Disaster Loss

None.

11. Significant Events after the Balance Sheet Date

None.

12. Others

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure with reasonable cost of funds. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total liabilities divided by total assets.

In 2020, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2019, was to maintain the gearing ratio of about 40%. The gearing ratios at June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019 were as follows:

| | Ju | ne 30, 2020 | Dece | mber 31, 2019 |] | June 30, 2019 |
|--------------------------------------|----|--------------|------|----------------|----------|---------------|
| Total liabilities | \$ | 1,380,212 | \$ | 1,372,989 | \$ | 1,261,169 |
| Total equity | | 1,449,191 | | 1,481,332 | | 1,471,962 |
| Total assets | \$ | 2,829,403 | \$ | 2,854,321 | \$ | 2,733,131 |
| Gearing ratio | | 49% | | 48% | | 46% |
| (2) Financial instruments | | | | | | |
| A. Financial instruments by category | | | | | | |
| | Jı | ane 30, 2020 | Dec | ember 31, 2019 | <u> </u> | June 30, 2019 |
| Financial assets | | | | | | |
| Financial assets at amortised cost | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 241,935 | \$ | 224,475 | \$ | 199,964 |
| Financial assets at amortised cost | | 12,573 | | 12,915 | | - |
| Notes receivable | | | | | | |
| (including related parties) | | 9,785 | | 32,715 | | 36,623 |
| Accounts receivable | | | | | | |
| (including related parties) | | 425,045 | | 540,371 | | 545,157 |
| Other receivables | | 9,055 | | 6,495 | | 3,475 |
| Guarantee deposits paid | | 9,933 | | 11,221 | | 10,969 |
| Other financial assets | | 194 | | 194 | _ | 194 |
| | \$ | 708,520 | \$ | 828,386 | \$ | 796,382 |

| | _Jı | June 30, 2020 | | December 31, 2019 | | une 30, 2019 |
|-------------------------------------|-----|---------------|----|-------------------|----|--------------|
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | |
| Financial liabilities at fair value | | | | | | |
| through profit or loss | | | | | | |
| Short-term borrowings | \$ | 438,639 | \$ | 431,775 | \$ | 298,213 |
| Notes payable | | 1,603 | | 7,006 | | 699 |
| Accounts payable | | 479,189 | | 440,029 | | 415,965 |
| Other accounts payable | | 142,380 | | 129,284 | | 177,158 |
| Long-term borrowings | | | | | | |
| (including current portion) | | 14,055 | | 13,233 | | - |
| Guarantee deposits received | | 68 | | 70 | | 73 |
| | \$ | 1,075,934 | \$ | 1,021,397 | \$ | 892,108 |
| Lease liability | \$ | 12,790 | \$ | 15,606 | \$ | 19,317 |

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign currency option contracts are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk, and interest rate swaps are used to fix variable future cash flows. Derivatives are used exclusively for hedging purposes and not as trading or speculative instruments.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the board of directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury. Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and RMB expenditures. Forward foreign exchange contracts are adopted to minimise the volatility of the exchange rate affecting cost of forecast inventory purchases.

iii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

| | | | | For the | six-month pe | eriod ended | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|-------------|------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | Jur | ne 30, 2020 | | June 30, 2020 | | | | |
| | Foreign currency | | | | Effect on profit or | Effect on other | | |
| (Foreign currency: | amount | Exchange | Book value | Degree | loss before | comprehensive | | |
| Functional currency) | (In thousands) | rate | (NTD) | of variation | tax | income | | |
| Financial assets | | | | | | | | |
| Monetary items | | | | | | | | |
| USD:NTD | \$ 6,328 | 29.63 | \$187,499 | 1% | \$ 1,875 | \$ - | | |
| RMB:NTD | 1,648 | 4.191 | 6,907 | 1% | 69 | - | | |
| JPY:NTD | 81,856 | 0.2751 | 22,519 | 1% | 225 | - | | |
| USD:RMB | 616 | 7.0699 | 18,252 | 1% | 183 | - | | |
| SGD:USD | 474 | 0.7168 | 10,067 | 1% | 101 | - | | |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Monetary items | | | | | | | | |
| USD:NTD | \$ 2,623 | 29.63 | \$ 77,719 | 1% | \$ 777 | \$ - | | |
| USD:RMB | 644 | 7.0699 | 19,082 | 1% | 191 | - | | |
| SGD:USD | 60 | 0.7168 | 1,274 | 1% | 13 | - | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | Decer | nber 31, 20 | 19 | | 2019 | | | |
| | Foreign | | | | Effect on | | | |
| | currency | | | | profit or | Effect on other | | |
| (Foreign currency: | amount | Exchange | Book value | Degree | loss before | comprehensive | | |
| Functional currency) | (In thousands) | rate | (NTD) | of variation | tax | income | | |
| Financial assets | | | | | | | | |
| Monetary items | | | | | | | | |
| USD:NTD | \$ 6,307 | 29.98 | \$ 189,084 | 1% | \$ 1,891 | \$ - | | |
| RMB:NTD | 4,477 | 4.305 | 19,273 | 1% | 193 | · - | | |
| JPY:NTD | 17,874 | 0.276 | 4,933 | 1% | 49 | - | | |
| USD:RMB | 848 | 6.964 | 25,423 | 1% | 254 | - | | |
| SGD:USD | 615 | 0.7432 | 13,703 | 1% | 137 | - | | |
| Financial liabilities | | | , | | | | | |
| Monetary items | | | | | | | | |
| USD:NTD | \$ 1,883 | 29.98 | \$ 56,452 | 1% | \$ 565 | \$ - | | |
| USD:RMB | 387 | 6.964 | 11,602 | 1% | 116 | - | | |
| SGD:USD | 182 | 0.7432 | 4,055 | 1% | 41 | - | | |

| | | Jun | ne 30, 2019 | | | June 30, 2019 | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----|---------------------|-------------|----|-----------|---------------|----|---------------------|-----|--------------|--|--|
| | (| Foreign currency | F . | _ | | | I | Effect on profit or | | ect on other | | |
| (Foreign currency: | | amount | Exchange | В | ook value | Degree | lo | oss before | cor | nprehensive | | |
| Functional currency) | (In | thousands) | rate | _ | (NTD) | of variation | | tax | | income | | |
| Financial assets | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Monetary items | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| USD:NTD | \$ | 7,459 | 31.06 | \$ | 234,472 | 1% | \$ | 2,345 | \$ | - | | |
| RMB:NTD | | 2,976 | 4.52 | | 13,452 | 1% | | 135 | | - | | |
| USD:RMB | | 418 | 6.87 | | 12,980 | 1% | | 130 | | - | | |
| SGD:USD | | 610 | 0.74 | | 14,096 | 1% | | 141 | | - | | |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Monetary items | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| USD:NTD | \$ | 2,288 | 31.06 | \$ | 71,065 | 1% | \$ | 711 | \$ | - | | |
| USD:RMB | | 464 | 6.87 | | 14,408 | 1% | | 144 | | - | | |
| SGD:USD | | 140 | 0.74 | | 3,235 | 1% | | 32 | | - | | |

iv. The total exchange gain arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, amounted to (\$1,225), \$6,017, \$1,209 and \$8,585, respectively.

Price risk

- i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise unlisted shares issued by the domestic companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$810 and \$0, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's borrowings are mostly with fixed interest rate and maturity within one year. Therefore, the Group does not expect to be exposed to significant interest rate risk.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the contract cash flows of accounts receivable, notes receivable and amortized cost financial assets based on the agreed terms.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern.

For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a minimum rating of investment grade or above are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the management. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. The main credit risk arises from wholesale and retail customers, including outstanding receivables.

- iii. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition, when the contract payments were past due over 30 days.
- iv. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
 - (ii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
 - (iii) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with sales area. The Group applies the modified approach using provision matrix to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.
- vii. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights. As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, the Group's written-off financial assets that are still under recourse procedures amounted to \$35,149, \$35,228 and \$35,474, respectively.
- viii. The Group used the forecastability of Taiwan Institute of Economic Research boom observation report to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, the provision matrix is as follows:

| | | | | | | | | | O | verdue for | |
|----------------------|----|------------|----|---------------|----|--------------|-----|-------------|----|-------------|------------|
| | | | | Overdue | | Overdue | | Overdue | mo | ore than 90 | |
| | No | ot overdue | W | ithin 30 days | wi | thin 60 days | wit | hin 90 days | | days | Total |
| At June 30, 2020 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Expected loss rate | | 0.03% | | 0.11~9.31% | | 23~49% | | 24~61% | | 50~100% | |
| Total book value | \$ | 378,736 | \$ | 14,138 | \$ | 6,075 | \$ | 1,876 | \$ | 22,077 | \$ 422,902 |
| Loss allowance | | 114 | | 296 | | 2,977 | | 454 | | 11,038 | 14,879 |
| At December 31, 2019 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Expected loss rate | | 0.03% | | 0.17~1.28% | | 37~71% | | 38~84% | | 50~100% | |
| Total book value | \$ | 496,139 | \$ | 12,847 | \$ | 8,260 | \$ | 3,584 | \$ | 16,425 | \$ 537,255 |
| Loss allowance | | 149 | | 164 | | 3,829 | | 1,545 | | 8,213 | 13,900 |
| At June 30, 2019 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Expected loss rate | | 0.03% | | 0.17~1.28% | | 37~71% | | 38~84% | | 50~100% | |
| Total book value | \$ | 495,593 | \$ | 23,580 | \$ | 2,350 | \$ | 983 | \$ | 13,239 | \$ 535,745 |
| Loss allowance | | 149 | | 302 | | 1,030 | | 723 | | 12,539 | 14,743 |

ix. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

| | Accoun | nts receivable | Overd | ue receivable | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------|----------------|--------|---------------|--|--|--|
| At January 1 | \$ | 13,900 | \$ | 35,228 | | | |
| Provision for impairment loss | | 1,054 | | - | | | |
| Effect of foreign exchange | (| 75) | (| 79) | | | |
| At June 30 | \$ | 14,879 | \$ | 35,149 | | | |
| | | 20 | 19 | | | | |
| | Accoun | nts receivable | Overdu | e receivable | | | |
| At January 1 | \$ | 16,063 | \$ | 35,395 | | | |
| Reversal of impairment loss | (| 1,388) | | - | | | |
| Effect of foreign exchange | | 68 | | 79 | | | |
| At June 30 | \$ | 14,743 | \$ | 35,474 | | | |

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, time deposits and other cash equivalents, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient head-room as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts.
- iii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant

maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Non-derivative financial liabilities

| | Less than 3 | Between 3 months and 1 | | |
|-----------------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|------------|
| June 30, 2020 | months | year | Over 1 year | Book value |
| Short-term borrowings | \$ 418,131 | \$ 21,357 | \$ - | \$ 439,488 |
| Notes payable | 1,603 | - | - | 1,603 |
| Accounts payable | 464,879 | 14,310 | - | 479,189 |
| Other payables | 59,767 | 73,359 | 9,254 | 142,380 |
| Lease liability | 3,031 | 7,954 | 2,179 | 13,164 |
| Long-term borrowings | | | | |
| (including current | | | | |
| portion) | - | 5,011 | 9,083 | 14,094 |
| | | Between 3 | | |
| | Less than 3 | months and 1 | | |
| December 31, 2019 | months | year | Over 1 year | Book value |
| Short-term borrowings | \$ 411,344 | \$ 21,525 | \$ - | \$ 432,869 |
| Notes payable | 7,006 | - | - | 7,006 |
| Accounts payable | 428,784 | 11,245 | - | 440,029 |
| Other payables | 116,088 | 12,212 | 984 | 129,284 |
| Lease liability | 2,748 | 7,831 | 5,558 | 16,137 |
| Long-term borrowings | | | | |
| (including current | | | | |
| portion) | 1,897 | 5,753 | 7,671 | 15,321 |
| | | Between 3 | | |
| | Less than 3 | months and 1 | | |
| June 30, 2019 | months | year | Over 1 year | Book value |
| Short-term borrowings | \$ 276,160 | \$ 22,646 | \$ - | \$ 298,806 |
| Notes payable | 699 | - | - | 699 |
| Accounts payable | 400,344 | 15,621 | - | 415,965 |
| Other payables | 76,210 | 99,251 | 1,697 | 177,158 |
| Lease liability | 3,081 | 7,985 | 8,955 | 20,021 |

iv. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

(3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in unlisted stocks is included in Level 3.
- B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value.

The Group's carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, accounts payable and other payables are approximate to their fair values. The carrying amounts are provided in Note 12(2) A.

C. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

| June 30, 2020 | Level 1 | | Le | Level 2 | | Level 3 | | Total |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---|----|---------|---------------|---------|--------|--------------|
| Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Recurring fair value measurements | | | | | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value | | | | | | | | |
| through other comprehensive | | | | | | | | |
| income | | | | | | | | |
| Equity securities | \$ | | \$ | | <u> \$</u> | 6 | 81,000 | \$ 81,000 |
| December 31, 2019 | Level | 1 | Le | evel 2 | | L | evel 3 | Total |
| Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Recurring fair value measurements | | | | | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value | | | | | | | | |
| through other comprehensive | | | | | | | | |
| income | | | | | | | | |
| Equity securities | \$ | _ | \$ | | - \$ | 6 | 81,000 | \$ 81,000 |

As of June 30, 2019, there are no financial instruments measured at fair value. Therefore, there are no related information disclosed.

- D. The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:
 - (a) When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, debt instruments without active market, interest rate swap contracts, foreign exchange swap contracts and options, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.

- (b) The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
- E. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- G.Financial segment is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorized within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.
- H.The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

| | Fair value at June 30, 2020 | Valuation technique | Significant unobservable input | Range (weighted average) | Relationship of inputs to fair value |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Non-derivative equity instrument: Unlisted shares | \$ 81,000 | Market comparable companies | Discount for lack of marketability | 25% | The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value |
| | Fair value at December 31, 2019 | Valuation technique | Significant unobservable input | Range (weighted average) | Relationship of inputs to fair value |
| Non-derivative equity instrument: Unlisted shares | \$ 81,000 | Market comparable companies | Discount for lack of marketability | 25% | The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value |

13. Supplementary Disclosures

(1) Significant transaction information

The Group discloses related information of the following for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020:

- A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- I. Derivative financial instruments undertaken for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020: None.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020: Please refer to table 6.

(2) <u>Information on investees (not including investees in Mainland China)</u>

Please refer to table 7.

(3) <u>Information on investments in Mainland China</u>

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 8.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area:
 - (a) Purchasing amount and percentage and related receivables' percentage and balance at June 30, 2020: Please refer to tables 6 and 9.
 - (b) Selling amount and percentage and related receivables' percentage and balance at June 30, 2020: Please refer to tables 6 and 9.
 - (c) Property transaction amounts and gains and loss arising from them: None.
 - (d) Balance and purpose of provision of endorsements/guarantees or collaterals at June 30, 2020: None.
 - (e) Maximum balance, ending balance, interest rate range and interest for financing during the six-month period ended and at June 30, 2020: Please refer to table 1.
 - (f) Other significant transactions that affected the gains and loss or financial status for the period, i.e. rendering/receiving of service: Please refer to table 9.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 10.

14. Segment Information

(1) General information

Management has determined the reportable operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision-Maker that are used to make strategic decisions. The Group has three reportable operating segments: First Business Division, Second Business Division and Technical Services Division. The primary sources of revenue from products and services are as follows:

First Business Division : Promotes domestic sales of consigned and self-manufactured

products

Second Business Division : Responsible for international sales and market promotion of

self-manufactured products

Technical Services Division: Responsible for the installation, testing, and warranty of products,

as well as development of the repair and maintenance business line,

and purchases and sales of spare parts and miscellaneous

Energy Division : Domestic sales and market promotion of self-manufactured

energy-related products

(2) Segment information

The segment information provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

| For the three-month | First | Second | Technical | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|----|---------------|
| periods ended | Business | Business | Services | Energy | Reconciliation | | |
| June 30, 2020 | Division | Division | Division | Division | and elimination | | Total |
| Revenue from external customer contracts | \$ 172,608 | \$ 273,543 | \$ 53,922 | \$ 66,501 | \$ - | \$ | 566,574 |
| Inter-segment revenue | 27,376 | 615,896 | | | (643,272) | | _ |
| Total segment revenue | \$ 199,984 | \$ 889,439 | \$ 53,922 | \$ 66,501 | (\$ 643,272) | \$ | 566,574 |
| Segment income | \$ 21,389 | \$ 38,455 | \$ 25,716 | \$ 3,197 | (\$ 58,234) | \$ | 30,523 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| For the three-month | First | Second | Technical | | | | |
| For the three-month periods ended | First Business | Second Business | Technical Services | Energy | Reconciliation | | |
| | | | | Energy Division | Reconciliation and elimination | | Total |
| periods ended | Business | Business | Services | | | \$ | Total 615,906 |
| periods ended June 30, 2019 | Business Division | Business Division | Services Division | Division | and elimination | \$ | |
| periods ended June 30, 2019 Revenue from external | Business Division | Business Division | Services Division | Division | and elimination | \$ | |
| periods ended June 30, 2019 Revenue from external customer contracts | Business Division \$ 166,586 | Business Division \$ 332,234 | Services Division \$ 57,417 | Division | and elimination \$ - | \$ | |

| For the six-month | First | Second | Technical | | | |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| periods ended | Business | Business | Services | Energy | Reconciliation | |
| June 30, 2020 | Division | Division | Division | Division | and elimination | Total |
| Revenue from external | \$ 340,401 | \$ 515,096 | \$ 106,808 | \$ 131,196 | \$ - | \$ 1,093,501 |
| customer contracts | | | | | | |
| Inter-segment revenue | 46,443 | 1,019,605 | | | (1,066,048) | |
| Total segment revenue | \$ 386,844 | \$ 1,534,701 | \$ 106,808 | \$ 131,196 | (\$ 1,066,048) | \$ 1,093,501 |
| Segment income | \$ 34,126 | \$ 53,786 | \$ 49,412 | \$ 7,290 | (\$ 113,206) | \$ 31,408 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| For the six-month | First | Second | Technical | | | |
| For the six-month periods ended | First Business | Second Business | Technical Services | Energy | Reconciliation | |
| | | | | Energy Division | Reconciliation and elimination | Total |
| periods ended | Business | Business | Services | 2, | | Total \$ 1,141,044 |
| periods ended June 30, 2019 | Business Division | Business Division | Services Division | Division | and elimination | - |
| periods ended June 30, 2019 Revenue from external | Business Division | Business Division | Services Division | Division | and elimination | - |
| periods ended June 30, 2019 Revenue from external customer contracts | Business Division \$ 315,021 | Business Division \$ 611,344 | Services Division \$ 102,041 | Division | and elimination \$ - | - |

(3) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external customers reported to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.

Reconciliations of reportable segment income to the income before tax from continuing operations for the three-month periods and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

| | For the three-month periods ended June 3 | | | | | | |
|--|--|------------------|--------|----------------|--|--|--|
| | | 2020 | 2019 | | | | |
| Reportable segments income before tax | \$ | 30,523 | \$ | 13,449 | | | |
| Other income | | 4,182 | | 3,486 | | | |
| Other gains and losses | (| 1,512) | | 5,940 | | | |
| Finance costs | (| 1,447) | (| 1,173) | | | |
| Income before tax from continuing operations | \$ | 31,746 | \$ | 21,702 | | | |
| | For | the six-month pe | eriods | ended June 30, | | | |
| | | 2020 | | 2019 | | | |
| Reportable segments income (loss) before tax | \$ | 31,408 | (\$ | 10,317) | | | |
| Other income | | 9,494 | | 9,142 | | | |
| Other gains and losses | | 814 | | 8,441 | | | |
| Finance costs | (| 2,849) | (| 2,242) | | | |
| Income before tax from continuing operations | \$ | 38,867 | \$ | 5,024 | | | |

The Group did not provide the total assets and total liabilities amounts to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker.

Loans to others

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

| N | [o. (| Creditor | Borrower | General ledger account | Is a related party | Maximum outstanding balance during the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 | Balance at June 30, 2020 | Actual amount drawn down | Interest rate | Nature of loan | Amount of transactions with the borrower | Reason for short- term financing | Allowance for doubtful accounts | Coll | ateral Value | a single | Ceiling on total loans granted | |
|---|-------|----------------|-------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|--|------|-----------------|------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | 0 0 | The Company | Ablerex- LATAM | Other recivables | Y | \$ 30,225 (USD 1,000 thousand) | \$ 29,630 (USD 1,000 thousand) | \$ 29,630 (USD 1,000 thousand) | L 5.00% | Short-term financing | \$ - | Turnover of operation | \$ - | None | \$ - | \$ 287,473 | \$ 574,946 | Note 1 Note 4 |
| | 0 0 | The Company | Ablerex- LATAM | Other recivables | Y | 12,990 (USD 438 thousand) | 12,990 (USD 438 thousand) | 12,990 (USD 438 thousand) | 0.00% | Transactions with the borrower | - | Turnover of operation | - | None | - | 287,473 | 574,946 | Note 1 Note 5 |
| | 2 | Ablerex- HK | Ablerex- SZ | Other recivables | Y | 90,675 (USD 3,000 thousand) | 88, 890 (USD 3, 000 thousand) | 59,260 (USD 2,000 thousand) | 2.475% | Short-term financing | - | Turnover of operation | - | None | - | 287,473 | 574,946 | Note 1 Note 2 Note 3 |

Note 1: In accordance with the Company's "Procedures for Provision of Loans", limit on total loans to others is 40% of the Company's net assets. Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchases or sales during current year on the year of financing. Limit on loans to a single party with short-term financing is 20% of the Company's net assets; but limit on total loans to subsidiaries is 40% of the parent company's current net assets. Furthermore, for the foreign companies which the Group holds 100% of the voting rights directly or indirectly, limit on loans is not restricted.

Note 2: In accordance with the Ablerex-HK's "Procedures for Provision of Loans", limit on total loans to others is 40% of the parent company's net assets. Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchases or sales during current year. Limit on loans to a single party with short-term financing is 20% of the parent company's net assets; but limit on total loans to subsidiaries is 40% of the parent company's current net assets. Furthermore, for the foreign companies which the Group holds 100% of the voting rights directly or indirectly, limit on loans is not restricted. The deadline of each loan is 1 year from the lending day.

Note 3: The maximum credit to be drawn as approved by the Board of Directors was USD 3,000 thousand. The period-end available credit balance was USD 3,000 thousand. The actual amount drawn was USD 2,000 thousand.

Note 4: The maximum credit to be drawn as approved by the Board of Directors was USD 1,000 thousand. The period-end available credit balance was USD 1,000 thousand. The actual amount drawn was USD 1000 thousand.

Note 5: The maximum amount was approved at the Board of Director's meeting.

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

| | | | | | | | | | Ratio of | | | | | |
|--------|-------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| | | Party being | | | | | | | accumulated | | | | | |
| | | endorsed/gua | ranteed | | Maximum | | | | endorsement/ | | | | | |
| | | | | | outstanding | | | | guarantee | | Provision of | Provision of | Provision of | |
| | | | | Limit on | endorsement/ | Outstanding | | Amount of | amount to net | Ceiling on | endorsements/ | endorsements/ | endorsements/ | |
| | | | Relationship | endorsements/ | guarantee | endorsement/ | | endorsements/ | asset value of | total amount of | guarantees by | guarantees by | guarantees to | |
| | | | with the | guarantees | amount as of | guarantee | | guarantees | the endorser/ | endorsements/ | parent | subsidiary to | the party in | |
| | Endorser/ | | endorser/ | provided for a | June 30, 2020 | amount at | Actual amount | secured with | guarantor | guarantees | company to | parent | Mainland | |
| Number | guarantor | Company name | guarantor | single party | (Note 3) | June 30, 2020 | drawn down | collateral | company | provided | subsidiary | company | China | Footnote |
| 0 | The Company | Ablerex-HK | Subsidiary | \$ 718,683 | \$ 226,688 | \$ 222,225 | \$ 79,112 | \$ - | 15% | \$ 718,683 | Y | N | N | Note 1 Note 2 |

Note1: In accordance with the Company's "Procedures for Provision of Endorsements and Guarantees", limit on the Company endorsements/guarantees to others is 50% of the Company's net assets. Limit on the Company's endorsements/guarantees to a single party is 20% of the Company's net assets, and limit on endorsements/guarantees for companies with business relations is the higher value of purchases or sales during current year.

Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following six categories:

- (1) Having business relationship.
- (2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.
- (3) The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor parent company.
- (4)The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
- (5)Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract.
- (6)Due to joint venture, all shareholders provide endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.

Note 3: Transactions made with Ablerex-HK is higher than 50% of the Company's net assets, which is over the limit on the Company endorsements/guarantees to others.

Thus, the limit on the Company endorsements/guarantees to Ablerex-HK is 50% of the Company's net assets.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 3 Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

| | | | | | As of June | 30, 2020 | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|---|------------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------|
| | | | | | | | | |
| | Marketable securities | Relationship with the | | | Book value | | | Footnote |
| Securities held by | (Note 1) | securities issuer (Note 2) | General ledger account | Number of shares | (Note 3) | Ownership (%) | Fair value | (Note 4) |
| The Company | Eco Energy Corporation | Other related party | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current | 5,400,000 | \$81,000 thousand | 13.5% | \$81,000 thousand | None |

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Leave the column blank if the issuer of marketable securities is non-related party.

Note 3: Fill in the amount after adjusted at fair value and deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities measured at fair value;

fill in the acquisition cost or amortised cost deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities not measured at fair value.

Note 4: The number of shares of securities and their amounts pledged as security or pledged for loans and their restrictions on use under some agreements should be stated in the footnote if the securities presented herein have such conditions.

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

(100%) 53%

Table 4

| | | | Transaction | | | | | terms comp | in transaction pared to third nsactions | N | Votes/accounts recei | vable (payable) | |
|------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|------|------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|------------|---|-----|----------------------|------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Relationship with the | Purchases | | | Percentage of total purchases | | | | | | Percentage of total notes/accounts | - |
| Purchaser/seller | Counterparty | counterparty | (sales) | | Amount | (sales) | Credit term | Unit price | Credit term | | Balance | receivable (payable) | Footnote |
| The Company | Ablerex-HK | Subsidiary | Purchases | \$ | 328,537 | 47% | Note 1 | Note 1 | Note 1 | (\$ | 177,225) | (39%) | - |
| Ablerex-HK | The Company | Parent Company | (Sales) | (USD | 10,951 thousand) | (100%) | Note 1 | Note 1 | Note 1 | USD | 5,981 thousand | 98% | - |
| The Company | Ablerex-SZ | An indirectly-owned Subsidiary | Purchases | \$ | 122,722 | 17% | Note 1 | Note 1 | Note 1 | (\$ | 54,961) | (12%) | - |
| Ablerex-SZ | The Company | Parent Company | (Sales) | (RMB | 28,803 thousand) | (23%) | Note 1 | Note 1 | Note 1 | RMB | 13,114 thousand | 22% | - |

100%

(63%)

Note 2

Note 2

Note 2

Note 2

Note 2

Note 2

(USD

RMB

4,482 thousand)

31,728 thousand

Note 1: The transaction price is commensurate with the purchase price from Ablerex-SZ; the receivable (payable) policy is Net 60 days E.O.M.

Affiliate

Affiliate

Ablerex-HK

Ablerex-SZ

Ablerex-SZ

Ablerex-HK

Note 2: The transaction price is the Ablerex-SZ production cost plus an agreed gross margin; the receivable (payable) policy is Net 60 days E.O.M.

Purchases

(Sales)

USD

(RMB

Note 3: Transaction price are determined according to the agreements between the parties; the receivable (payable) policy is Net 120 days E.O.M.

Note 4: Ablerex-HK conducts purchases from Ablerex, whereby the prices were determined according to the agreements between the parties. The purchases were then sold to Ablerex-SZ with a zero contribution margin; the credit term is coherent with general customers.

10,951 thousand

76,985 thousand)

Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

June 30, 2020

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

| | | Relationship | | | | Overdue re | eceivables | Amount collected subsequent to the | Allowance for |
|------------|--------------|-----------------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|------------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Creditor | Counterparty | with the counterparty | Balance | as at June 30, 2020 | Turnover rate | Amount | Action taken | balance sheet date | doubtful accounts |
| Ablerex-HK | The Company | Parent company | USD | 5,981 thousand | 4.43 | - | - | USD 929 thousnad | - |
| Ablerex-SZ | Ablerex-HK | Affiliate | RMB | 31,728 thousand | 5.22 | - | - | RMB 18,516 thousnad | - |

Information on investees

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

| | | | | Initial invest | ment amount | Shares | s held as at June 30 | , 2020 | Net profit (loss) of the investee for | Investment income(loss) recognised by the | |
|---------------|----------------------|-----------|---|---------------------|----------------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| | | | | Balance | Balance as at December 31. | Number of shares | | | the six-month period ended June | Company for the six- month period ended June 30, 2020 | |
| Investor | Investee | Location | Main business activities | as at June 30, 2020 | 2019 | | Ownership (%) | Book value | 30, 2020 | | Footnote |
| The Company | Ablerex-Samoa | Samoa | Holding company | \$ 217,445 | \$ 217,445 | 6,635,000 | 100 | \$ 466,360 | \$ 9,855 | \$ 9,096 | Subsidiary |
| The Company | Joint | BVI | Providing management service | 104 | 104 | 3,000 | 100 | 30 | - | - | Subsidiary |
| The Company | Ablerex-USA | U.S. | Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems | 8,303 | 8,303 | 250,000 | 100 | 43,181 | 125 | 125 | Subsidiary |
| The Company | Ablerex-HK | Hong Kong | Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems | 43 | 43 | 10,000 | 100 | 30,199 | 440 | 440 | Subsidiary |
| The Company | Ablerex-SG | Singapore | Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems | 48,008 | 48,008 | 2,140,763 | 100 | 87,939 | (224) | 165 | Subsidiary |
| The Company | Ablerex-UK | UK | Holding company | 4,674 | 4,674 | 100,000 | 100 | 10,088 | 3,985 | 4,994 | Subsidiary |
| The Company | Ablerex-JP | Japan | Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems | 9,159 | 9,253 | 2,970 | 99 | 8,687 | 6,493 | 5,925 | Subsidiary |
| Ablerex-Samoa | Ablerex -Overseas | Hong Kong | Holding company | 217,445 | 217,445 | 6,635,000 | 100 | 471,071 | 9,897 | - | Second-tier subsidiary |
| Ablerex-UK | Ablerex-IT | Italy | Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems | 4,674 | 4,674 | 100,000 | 100 | 10,088 | 3,985 | - | Second-tier subsidiary |
| Ablerex-SG | Ablerex-TH | Thailand | Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems | 256 | 256 | 280,000 | 70 | 3,151 | (333) | - | Second-tier subsidiary |
| Ablerex-USA | Ablerex-Latam | U.S. | Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products,and related systems | 15,358 | 15,358 | 3,650 | 86 | (1,223) | (4,123) | - | Second-tier subsidiary |

Note: The Company recognised investment income comprising of downstream and upstream transactions.

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

 $Table\ 6$ Individual transactions not exceeding \$10,000 and their corresponding transactions are not disclosed.

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

| | | | | | "] | Transaction | |
|--------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------|-------------------|--|
| Number (Note 1) | Company name | Counterparty | Relationship (Note 2) | General ledger account | Amount | Transaction terms | Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3) |
| 0 | The Company | Ablerex-HK | 1 | Purchases | \$ 328,537 | Note 4 | 24% |
| | | Ablerex-HK | 1 | Accounts Payable | 177,225 | | 6% |
| | | Ablerex-SZ | 1 | Sales | 44,645 | Note 5 | 3% |
| | | Ablerex-SZ | 1 | Purchases | 122,722 | Note 5 | 9% |
| | | Ablerex-SZ | 1 | Accounts Payable | 54,961 | | 2% |
| | | Ablerex-SZ | 1 | Accounts Receivable | 22,559 | | 1% |
| | | Ablerex-SZ | 1 | Other Receivables | 12,067 | | 0% |
| | | Ablerex-USA | 1 | Sales | 26,586 | Note 5 | 2% |
| | | Ablerex-USA | 1 | Accounts Receivable | 12,982 | | 0% |
| | | Ablerex-SG | 1 | Sales | 51,841 | Note 5 | 4% |
| | | Ablerex-SG | 1 | Accounts Receivable | 46,290 | | 2% |
| | | Ablerex-IT | 1 | Sales | 72,413 | Note 5 | 5% |
| | | Ablerex-IT | 1 | Accounts Receivable | 57,069 | | 2% |
| | | Ablerex-LATAM | 1 | Other Receivables | 42,620 | Note 8 | 2% |
| | | Ablerex-JP | 1 | Sales | 21,073 | Note 5 | 2% |
| 1 | Ablerex-HK | Ablerex-SZ | 3 | Purchases | 328,010 | Note 4 | 24% |
| | | Ablerex-SZ | 3 | Accounts Payable | 132,974 | | 5% |
| | | Ablerex-SZ | 3 | Other Receivables | 63,281 | Note 7 | 2% |
| 2 | Ablerex-SZ | Ablerex-BJ | 3 | Sales | 40,170 | Note 5 | 3% |
| | | Ablerex-BJ | 3 | Accounts Receivable | 33,268 | | 1% |
| 3 | Ablerex-SG | Ablerex-TH | 3 | Sales | 13,282 | Note 5 | 1% |

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1) Parent company is '0'.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

(1) Parent company to subsidiary.

(2) Subsidiary to parent company.

(3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

Note 4: Ablerex-HK conducted purchases from Ablerex-SZ, whereby the prices were based on Ablerex-SZ's production costs. The purchases were then resold to Ablerex with a zero contribution margin; the term for receivables and payables is Net 60 days E.O.M.

Note 5: Transaction prices are determined according to the agreements between the parties; the credit term is coherent with general customers.

Note 6: Ablerex-HK conducts purchases from Ablerex, whereby the prices were determined according to the agreements between the parties. The purchases were then sold to Ablerex-SZ with a zero contribution margin; the credit term is coherent with general customers.

Note 7: Ablerex-HK loan to Ablerex-SZ, of which \$59,340 calculated interest against agreed interest rate 2.475% per annum and the rest was for business demand.

Note 8: Ablerex loan to Ablerex-Latam, of which \$29,630 calculated interest against agreed interest rate 5% per annum and the rest was for business demand.

Information on investments in Mainland China For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

| | | | | Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China | to Taiwan for period ended. | d China/ mitted back the six-month | Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China | Net income | held by | Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six-month | Book value of investments in Mainland China | Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to | |
|----------------|---|-----------------|------------|--|--------------------------------|--|--|------------|------------|--|---|--|----------|
| Investee in | Main business | B : 1 : | Investment | as of January 1, | Remitted to | Remitted back | | as of June | (direct or | period ended June | as of June 30, | Taiwan as of | |
| Mainland China | activities | Paid-in capital | method | 2020 | Mainland China | to Taiwan | 2020 | 30, 2020 | indirect) | 30, 2020 | 2020 | June 30, 2020 | Footnote |
| Ablerex-SZ | Manufacturing and sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems | \$ 161,780 | Note 1 | \$ 161,780 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 161,780 | \$ 9,456 | 100 | \$ 9,456 | \$ 425,643 | \$ - | Note 2 |
| Ablerex-BJ | Manufacturing and sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems | 41,910 | Note 1 | 34,815 | - | - | 34,815 | 572 | 80 | 458 | 42,310 | - | Note 2 |

| | Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland | Investment amount approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of | Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Company name | China as of June 30, 2020 | Economic Affairs (MOEA) | Commission of MOEA | |
| ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. | \$ 196,595 | \$ 196,595 | \$ 869,515 | |

Note 1: Invested in Cash through the third region's subsidiary, Ablerex-Samoa which invested in Ablerex-Overseas and then reinvested in Ablerex-BJ. The investments were approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs.

Note 2: Excluding the presentation and disclosures of Ablerex-SZ concurrently reviewed by the Certified Public Accountant, the above-listed related parties disclosed below are presentations and disclosures on investees that were not concurrently reviewed by the Certified Public Accountant. For consolidated reporting purposes, all individuals disclosed below have eliminated all inter-group transactions.

Significant transactions conducted with investees in Mainland China directly or indirectly through other companies in the third areas

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 9

| (1) | Purchasing amount and p | ercentage and related payables | s' percentag | e and balance at June 3 | 0, 2020: | | | | |
|-----|--|---------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | | | For t | he six-month period en | ded June 30, 2020 | _ | | | |
| | Company name | General ledger amount | | Amount | % | Footnote | | | |
| | Ablerex-SZ | Purchases | \$ | 451,259 | 64% | Purchase from Ablerex-SZ through Ablerex-HK of which \$122,722 purchase directly. | | | |
| (2) | Selling amount and percent | ntage and related receivables' | percentage | and balance at June 30, | 2020: | | | | |
| | | | _ | | | | | | |
| | Company name | General ledger amount | | Amount | % | Footnote | | | |
| | Ablerex-SZ | Sales | \$ | 44,645 | 5% | Sold directly | | | |
| (3) | Other significant transacti | ions that affected the gains an | d losses or | financial status for the p | period, i.e. rendering/1 | receiving of service: | | | |
| | For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 | | | | | | | | |
| | Company name | General ledger amount | | Amount | % | Footnote | | | |
| | Ablerex-SZ | Miscellaneous income | \$ | 1,148 | 96% | The Company purchased the critical raw materials of \$16,362 on behalf of Ablerex-SZ. | | | |

Major shareholders information June 30, 2020

Table 10

| | Shares | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Name of major shareholders | Number of shares held | Ownership (%) | | | | | |
| United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. | 14,986,502 | 33.30% | | | | | |
| Wen Hsu | 9,638,177 | 21.41% | | | | | |
| Y.A. Chen | 2,485,763 | 5.52% | | | | | |