

**ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND
SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT
JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020**

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES (the "Group") as at June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods then ended, as well as the consolidated statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the six-month periods then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65 "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As explained in Note 4(3), the financial statements of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries were not reviewed by independent auditors. Those statements reflect total assets of NT\$523,508 and NT\$456,121, constituting 17% and 16% of the consolidated total assets, and total liabilities of NT\$156,542 and NT\$146,456, constituting 9% and 11% of the consolidated total liabilities as at June 30, 2021 and 2020, and total comprehensive income of NT\$6,507, NT\$9,619, NT\$11,868 and NT\$10,455, constituting 918%, 69%, 572% and 81% of the consolidated total comprehensive income

for the three-month and six-month periods then ended.

Qualified Conclusion

Except for the adjustments to the consolidated financial statements, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries been reviewed by independent auditors, that we might have become aware of had it not been for the situation described above, based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at June 30, 2021 and 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three-month and six-month periods then ended and its consolidated cash flows for the six-month periods then ended in accordance with “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers” and International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting” as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Chou, Hsiao-Tzu

Lai, Chung-Hsi

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan
August 9, 2021

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors’ review report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
JUNE 30, 2021, DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND JUNE 30, 2020
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(The balance sheets as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 are reviewed, not audited)

ASSETS	Notes	June 30, 2021		December 31, 2020		June 30, 2020		
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	
Current assets								
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 234,384	8	\$ 296,879	10	\$ 241,935	9
1136	Current financial assets at amortised cost	6(3)	12,927	-	13,131	-	12,573	-
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(4)	5,262	-	17,395	1	9,785	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4)	532,579	17	484,168	16	408,023	14
1180	Accounts receivable due from related parties, net	7	18,431	1	17,005	1	17,022	1
1200	Other receivables		14,072	-	9,550	-	9,055	-
1220	Current tax assets		2,983	-	1,691	-	-	-
130X	Inventories, net	6(5)	1,280,384	41	1,119,250	38	1,100,889	39
1410	Prepayments		61,935	2	44,126	2	51,366	2
1470	Other current assets	6(1) and 8	194	-	194	-	194	-
11XX	Total current assets		<u>2,163,151</u>	<u>69</u>	<u>2,003,389</u>	<u>68</u>	<u>1,850,842</u>	<u>65</u>
Non-current assets								
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(2)	81,000	3	81,000	3	81,000	3
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(6) and 8	749,899	24	753,320	25	761,836	27
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(7), 7 and 8	11,804	-	8,640	-	13,356	-
1780	Intangible assets		44,834	1	45,837	1	46,923	2
1840	Deferred income tax assets		49,830	2	46,040	2	48,803	2
1900	Other non-current assets	6(8)	32,865	1	27,073	1	26,643	1
15XX	Total non-current assets		<u>970,232</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>961,910</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>978,561</u>	<u>35</u>
1XXX	Total assets		<u>\$ 3,133,383</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 2,965,299</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 2,829,403</u>	<u>100</u>

(Continued)

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
JUNE 30, 2021, DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND JUNE 30, 2020
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(The balance sheets as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 are reviewed, not audited)

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Notes	June 30, 2021		December 31, 2020		June 30, 2020		
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	
Current liabilities								
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(9)	\$ 597,700	19	\$ 454,963	15	\$ 438,639	16
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(17)	147,817	5	219,737	8	106,018	4
2150	Notes payable		1,961	-	3,936	-	1,603	-
2170	Accounts payable		571,559	18	459,850	16	479,189	17
2200	Other payables	6(11)	151,950	5	130,891	4	142,380	5
2230	Current income tax liabilities		8,190	-	8,931	-	13,117	-
2250	Provisions for liabilities - current	6(12)	52,460	2	47,720	2	45,143	2
2280	Current lease liabilities	7	6,904	-	6,186	-	10,671	-
2300	Other current liabilities	6(10)	26,792	1	19,220	1	23,276	1
21XX	Total current liabilities		<u>1,565,333</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>1,351,434</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>1,260,036</u>	<u>45</u>
Non-current liabilities								
2540	Non-current portion of borrowings	6(10)	17,761	-	22,691	1	8,445	-
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities		87,082	3	87,337	3	86,222	3
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	7	4,120	-	1,820	-	2,119	-
2640	Net defined benefit liability, non-current	6(13)	22,569	1	22,575	-	23,390	1
25XX	Total non-current liabilities		<u>131,532</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>134,423</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>120,176</u>	<u>4</u>
2XXX	Total liabilities		<u>1,696,865</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>1,485,857</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>1,380,212</u>	<u>49</u>
Equity attributable to owners of parent								
Share capital								
3110	Common stock	6(14)	450,000	14	450,000	15	450,000	16
Capital surplus								
3200	Capital surplus	6(15)	720,878	23	720,878	24	720,878	25
Retained earnings								
3310	Legal reserve	6(16)	217,453	7	213,249	7	213,249	8
3320	Special reserve		52,110	2	52,283	2	52,283	2
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings		44,329	1	81,603	3	64,954	2
Other equity interest								
3400	Other equity interest		(62,305)	(2)	(52,110)	(2)	(63,999)	(2)
31XX	Total equity attributable to owners of parent		<u>1,422,465</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>1,465,903</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>1,437,365</u>	<u>51</u>
36XX	Non-controlling interests		<u>14,053</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>13,539</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>11,826</u>	<u>-</u>
3XXX	Total equity		<u>1,436,518</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>1,479,442</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>1,449,191</u>	<u>51</u>
Significant commitments and contingent liabilities								
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		<u>\$ 3,133,383</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 2,965,299</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 2,829,403</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amounts)
(UNAUDITED)

Items	Notes	Three-month period ended June 30				Six-month period ended June 30				
		2021		2020		2021		2020		
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	
4000	Sales revenue	6(17) and 7	\$ 686,702	100	\$ 566,574	100	\$ 1,317,326	100	\$ 1,093,501	100
5000	Operating costs	6(5)(22)(23)	(539,745)	(79)	(408,887)	(72)	(1,031,606)	(78)	(808,225)	(74)
5950	Gross profit from operations		<u>146,957</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>157,687</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>285,720</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>285,276</u>	<u>26</u>
	Operating expenses	6(22)(23)								
6100	Selling expenses		(74,936)	(11)	(61,124)	(11)	(143,958)	(11)	(126,855)	(11)
6200	General and administrative expenses		(26,186)	(4)	(28,322)	(5)	(55,345)	(4)	(53,343)	(5)
6300	Research and development expenses		(38,009)	(5)	(36,555)	(6)	(77,940)	(6)	(72,616)	(7)
6450	Expected credit loss		(445)	-	(1,163)	-	(241)	-	(1,054)	-
6000	Total operating expenses		(139,576)	(20)	(127,164)	(22)	(277,484)	(21)	(253,868)	(23)
6900	Net operating income		<u>7,381</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>30,523</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>8,236</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>31,408</u>	<u>3</u>
	Non-operating income and expenses									
7100	Interest income	6(18)	78	-	262	-	152	-	293	-
7010	Other income	6(19)	3,238	-	3,920	-	6,622	-	9,201	1
7020	Other gains and losses	6(20)	(497)	-	(1,512)	-	236	-	814	-
7050	Finance costs	6(21) and 7	(1,436)	-	(1,447)	-	(2,710)	-	(2,849)	(1)
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses		<u>1,383</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,223</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,300</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,459</u>	<u>-</u>
7900	Profit before income tax		<u>8,764</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>31,746</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>12,536</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>38,867</u>	<u>3</u>
7950	Income tax expense (benefits)	6(24)	(1,413)	-	(9,770)	(2)	68	-	(14,024)	(1)
8200	Profit for the period		<u>\$ 7,351</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>\$ 21,976</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>\$ 12,604</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>\$ 24,843</u>	<u>2</u>
	Other comprehensive income									
	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss									
8361	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations		(\$ 8,258)	(1)	(\$ 10,090)	(2)	(\$ 13,077)	(1)	(\$ 14,913)	(1)
8399	Income tax relating to the components of other comprehensive income	6(24)	<u>1,616</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,012</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,549</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,929</u>	<u>-</u>
8360	Components of other comprehensive loss that will be reclassified to profit or loss		(6,642)	(1)	(8,078)	(2)	(10,528)	(1)	(11,984)	(1)
8500	Total comprehensive income		<u>\$ 709</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 13,898</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>\$ 2,076</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 12,859</u>	<u>1</u>
	Profit attributable to:									
8610	Owners of the parent		\$ 6,647	1	\$ 21,761	4	\$ 11,757	1	\$ 25,410	2
8620	Non-controlling interest		<u>704</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>215</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>847</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(567)</u>	<u>-</u>
			<u>\$ 7,351</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>\$ 21,976</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>\$ 12,604</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>\$ 24,843</u>	<u>2</u>
	Comprehensive income attributable to:									
8710	Owners of the parent		\$ 187	-	\$ 13,713	2	\$ 1,562	-	\$ 13,695	1
8720	Non-controlling interest		<u>522</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>185</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>514</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(836)</u>	<u>-</u>
			<u>\$ 709</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 13,898</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>\$ 2,076</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 12,859</u>	<u>1</u>
	Earnings per share (in dollars)									
9750	Basic earnings per share	6(25)	\$ 0.15		\$ 0.48		\$ 0.26		\$ 0.56	
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(25)	\$ 0.15		\$ 0.48		\$ 0.26		\$ 0.56	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

	Notes	Equity attributable to owners of the parent						Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
		Common stock	Capital surplus, additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations			
<u>2020</u>										
Balance at January 1, 2020		\$ 450,000	\$ 734,378	\$ 209,610	\$ 34,442	\$ 92,543	(\$ 52,284)	\$ 1,468,689	\$ 12,643	\$ 1,481,332
Profit (loss) for the period		-	-	-	-	25,410	-	25,410	(567)	24,843
Other comprehensive loss for the period		-	-	-	-	-	(11,715)	(11,715)	(269)	(11,984)
Total comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	-	-	25,410	(11,715)	13,695	(836)	12,859
Appropriation and distribution of 2019 earnings:	6(16)									
Legal reserve		-	-	3,639	-	(3,639)	-	-	-	-
Special reserve		-	-	-	17,841	(17,841)	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends to shareholders		-	-	-	-	(31,500)	-	(31,500)	-	(31,500)
Cash dividends paid by additional paid-in capital	6(15)	-	(13,500)	-	-	-	-	(13,500)	-	(13,500)
Changes in non-controlling interests	6(26)	-	-	-	-	(19)	-	(19)	19	-
Balance at June 30, 2020		\$ 450,000	\$ 720,878	\$ 213,249	\$ 52,283	\$ 64,954	(\$ 63,999)	\$ 1,437,365	\$ 11,826	\$ 1,449,191
<u>2021</u>										
Balance at January 1, 2021		\$ 450,000	\$ 720,878	\$ 213,249	\$ 52,283	\$ 81,603	(\$ 52,110)	\$ 1,465,903	\$ 13,539	\$ 1,479,442
Profit for the period		-	-	-	-	11,757	-	11,757	847	12,604
Other comprehensive loss for the period		-	-	-	-	-	(10,195)	(10,195)	(333)	(10,528)
Total comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	-	-	11,757	(10,195)	1,562	514	2,076
Appropriation and distribution of 2020 earnings:	6(16)									
Legal reserve		-	-	4,204	-	(4,204)	-	-	-	-
Special reserve		-	-	-	(173)	173	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends to shareholders		-	-	-	-	(45,000)	-	(45,000)	-	(45,000)
Balance at June 30, 2021		\$ 450,000	\$ 720,878	\$ 217,453	\$ 52,110	\$ 44,329	(\$ 62,305)	\$ 1,422,465	\$ 14,053	\$ 1,436,518

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

	Notes	Six-month period ended June 30	
		2021	2020
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Profit before tax		\$ 12,536	\$ 38,867
Adjustments			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)			
Depreciation expense (including depreciation charges on right-of-use assets)	6(6)(7)(22)	30,523	34,251
Amortisation expense	6(22)	4,512	4,828
Expected credit loss		241	1,054
Financial costs	6(21)	2,710	2,849
Interest income	6(18)	(152)	(293)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(6)(20)	256	279
Profit from lease modification	6(20)	-	(6)
Unrealised foreign exchange loss		38	171
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Changes in operating assets			
Notes receivable, net		12,133	22,930
Accounts receivable		(48,532)	114,353
Accounts receivable due from related parties, net		(1,426)	(6)
Other receivables		(4,520)	(2,559)
Inventories		(161,134)	(99,334)
Prepayments		(17,809)	(21,707)
Changes in operating liabilities			
Current contract liabilities		(71,920)	(73,414)
Notes payable		(1,975)	(5,403)
Accounts payable		111,709	39,160
Other payables		(23,716)	(31,906)
Provisions for liabilities - current		4,740	4,702
Other current liabilities		4,192	10,282
Defined benefit liability		(6)	(24)
Cash (outflow) inflow generated from operations		(147,600)	39,074
Interest received		151	292
Interest paid		(2,935)	(2,847)
Income tax paid		(6,959)	(738)
Income tax refunded		3,498	-
Net cash flows (used in) from operating activities		(153,845)	35,781

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ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

	Notes	Six-month period ended June 30	
		2021	2020
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(6)	(\$ 25,880)	(\$ 7,761)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(6)	-	297
Acquisition of intangible assets		(4,580)	(1,427)
Increase in prepayment of equipment		(5,665)	(2,050)
Decrease in deposits		700	1,288
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets		90	(1,844)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(35,335)	(11,497)
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Decrease in short-term borrowings	6(27)	1,994,403	1,523,193
Increase in short-term borrowings	6(27)	(1,849,796)	(1,515,461)
Proceeds from long-term debt	6(27)	-	2,220
Repayments of long-term debt	6(27)	-	(1,236)
Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities	6(27)	(5,710)	(5,827)
Changes in non-controlling interests	6(26)	-	83
Net cash flows from financing activities		138,897	2,972
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(12,212)	(9,796)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(62,495)	17,460
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		296,879	224,475
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$ 234,384	\$ 241,935

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

(UNAUDITED)

1. History and Organization

(1) Ablere Electronics Co., Ltd (the “Company”), formerly UIS Abler Electronics Co., Ltd., was incorporated under the provisions of the Company Law of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) on April 27, 1998. The Company merged with PEC Technology Co., Ltd. on April 1, 2002, with the Company as the surviving company and was then renamed as Ablere Electronics Co., Ltd. The shares of the Company have been trading on the Taipei Exchange since September 9, 2010.

(2) The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the “Group”) are primarily engaged in the following business activities:

- (a) Manufacturing and sales of uninterruptible power supply systems.
- (b) Manufacturing and sales of equipment to power quality devices.
- (c) Manufacturing and sales of solar energy equipment.
- (d) Maintenance and technical services.

2. The Date of Authorization for Issuance of the Financial Statements and Procedures for Authorization

These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on August 9, 2021.

3. Application of New Standards, Amendments and Interpretations

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (“FSC”)

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2021 are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 4, ‘Extension of the temporary exemption from applying IFRS 9’	January 1, 2021
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16, ‘Interest Rate Benchmark Reform— Phase 2’	January 1, 2021
Amendment to IFRS 16, ‘Covid-19-related rent concessions beyond 30 June 2021’	April 1, 2021(Note)

Note : Earlier application from January 1, 2021 is allowed by FSC.

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group’s financial condition and financial performance based on the Group’s assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2022 are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds before intended use'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts— cost of fulfilling a contract'	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020	January 1, 2022

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	To be determined by International Accounting Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction'	January 1, 2023

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:

- (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets plus less present value of defined benefit obligations.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the “IFRSs”) requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:

- (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group’s consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
- (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
- (d) Changes in a parent’s ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.
- (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the

related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	Ownership (%)			Description
			June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020	
The Company	Ablerex Electronics (Samoa) Co., Ltd. (Ablerex Samoa)	Investment holdings	100	100	100	Note 1, 2
The Company	Joint Rewards Trading Corp. (Joint)	Management service	0	0	100	Note 5
The Company	Ablerex Corporation (Ablerex-USA)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	100	100	100	Note 2, 3
The Company	Ablerex International Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-HK)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	100	100	100	Note 2, 3
The Company	Ablerex Electronics (S) Pte. Ltd. (Ablerex-SG)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	100	100	100	Note 2, 3
The Company	Ablerex Electronics U.K. Ltd. (Ablerex-UK)	Investment holdings	100	100	100	Note 2, 3
The Company	Wada Denki Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-JP)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	99	99	99	Note 2, 3, 4
Ablerex Electronics U.K. Ltd.	Ablerex Electronics Italy S.R.L. (Ablerex-IT)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	100	100	100	Note 2, 3
Ablerex Electronics (Samoa) Co., Ltd.	Ablerex Overseas Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-Overseas)	Investment holdings	100	100	100	Note 1, 2
Ablerex Overseas Co., Ltd.	Ablerex Electronics (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-SZ)	Manufacturing and sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	100	100	100	Note 1, 2
Ablerex Overseas Co., Ltd.	Ablerex Electronics (Beijing) Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-BJ)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	80	80	80	Note 2, 3
Ablerex Electronics (S) Pte. Ltd.	Ablerex Electronics (Thailand) Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-TH)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	70	70	70	Note 2, 3
Ablerex Corporation	Ablerex Latam Corporation (Ablerex-Latam)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	86	86	86	Note 2, 3

Note 1: The information included in these consolidated financial statements as at June 30, 2021 and 2020 is based on the audited financial statement of the investee.

Note 2: The information included in these consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2020 is based on the audited financial statement of the investee.

Note 3: The information included in those consolidated financial statements as at June 30, 2021 and 2020 is based on the unreviewed financial statements of each investee as the investees failed to meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.

Note 4: The Group sold 1% of its shares in the subsidiary AblereX-JP on May 28, 2020, and the shareholding ratio was reduced to 99%.

Note 5: Joint Rewards Trading Corp. (Joint) completed the cancellation of registration on September 28, 2020. The information included in these consolidated financial statements as at June 30, 2020 is based on the unreviewed financial statements of the investees failed to meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.

C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.

D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.

E. Significant restrictions

Cash and short-term deposits of \$71,722 deposited in Mainland China are under local foreign exchange control which restricts the capital to be remitted outside the borders (except for normal dividend distribution).

F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

(a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

(b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.

(c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

(d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and joint arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
 - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the above criteria and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitment in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income and debt instruments which meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:
 - (a) The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
 - (b) Except for the recognition of impairment loss, interest income and gain or loss on foreign exchange which are recognised in profit or loss, the changes in fair value of debt instruments are taken through other comprehensive income. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

(8) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
- D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(9) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured

at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(11) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(12) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated fixed production overheads based on normal capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

(13) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment

are as follows:

Buildings and structures	10~50 years
Machinery and equipment	5~10 years
Transportation equipment	5 years
Office equipment	5~10 years
Leasehold improvements	10 years

(14) Leasing arrangements (lessee) – right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities

A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are mainly fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost and the cost is mainly the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term.

When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

(15) Intangible assets

A. Trademark right and patent rights

Trademark right and patent rights are stated at cost, have a finite useful life and are amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 5 years.

B. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3~5 years.

C. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

(16) Impairment of non-financial assets

A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is

the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

- B. The recoverable amounts of goodwill shall be evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

(17) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(18) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(19) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

(20) Provisions

Provisions (primarily warranties) are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

(21) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognised past service costs. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.
- ii. Remeasurement arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- iii. Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss.
- iv. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. And, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

C. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of employment as a result from the Group's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy benefits in exchange for the termination of employment. The Group recognises termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to a termination, when it has a detailed formal plan to terminate the employment of current employees and when it can no longer withdraw the plan. In the case of an offer made by the Group to encourage voluntary termination of employment, the termination benefits are recognised as expenses only when it is probable that the employees are expected to accept the offer and the number of the employees taking the offer can be reliably

estimated. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after balance sheet date are discounted to their present value.

D. Employees', directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees', directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is distributed by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(22) Income tax

A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.

B. The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional 10% tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.

C. Deferred income tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

D. Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed.

E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to

settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

- F. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- G. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(23) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(24) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(25) Revenue recognition

A. Sales revenue

- (a) The Group manufactures and sells uninterrupted power supply equipment and system, improved power quality system and equipment and solar energy equipment and other related products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the wholesaler, the wholesaler has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the wholesaler's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the wholesaler, and either the wholesaler has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- (b) The Group's obligation to provide a repair for faulty products under the standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision.
- (c) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

B. Sale of goods—Project construction

- (a) The Group provides sales services related to uninterruptible power system and equipment, improved power quality system and equipment and solar energy system and equipment. The project construction revenue includes equipment sales and installation services, and the

contract involves and provides integrated services. Therefore, the equipment and installation are indistinguishable and are regarded as a single performance obligation. The Group installs equipment, the customer performs the acceptance procedure, and the Group opens the warranty book. The customer obtains the control of the equipment and the benefits arising therefrom. When all the acceptance criteria are met, the Group completes the contractual performance obligated of contract to recognise revenue.

(b) The Group's obligation to provide a repair for project construction under the standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision.

(c) A receivable is recognised when the project construction is completed and the warranty book is delivered to the customer. As this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

C. Service revenue

The Group provides related services of maintaining uninterruptible power supply equipment, improved power quality system and equipment and solar energy system and equipment. Service revenue is recognised as income during the financial reporting period in which the services are provided to customers. Revenue from fixed price contracts is recognised as a percentage of the number of months of service actually provided on the balance sheet date. The customer pays the contract price in accordance with the payment schedule agreed upon, and is recognised as a contract assets when the services provided by the Group exceed the customers' payables, and are recognised as contract liabilities if the customer pays more than the services provided by the Group.

D. Costs of obtaining a customer contract

Given that the contractual period lasts less than one year, the Group recognises the incremental costs of obtaining a contract as an expense when incurred although the Group expects to recover those costs.

(26) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker. The Group's Chief Operating Decision-Maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. Critical Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Key Sources of Assumption Uncertainty

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

None.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

A. Evaluation of inventories

Evaluation of inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of June 30, 2021, the Group's carrying amount of inventories was \$1,280,384.

B. Estimation of provisions for liabilities

The sale of goods requires consideration of the cost incurred or to be incurred in connection with the transaction. Therefore, the Group formulates the proposed policy for the determination of the warranty for the sale of the product, which is used to measure the actual operating profit and loss of the company. The Group's liability determination is based on the Group's policy based on the historical warranty data of the product as the basis for the assessment, and the related product warranty liabilities are estimated to estimate the future maintenance costs.

As of June 30, 2021, the Group estimated the liability provision to be \$52,460.

6. Details of Significant Accounts

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$ 653	\$ 883	\$ 736
Checking accounts and demand deposits	223,415	284,106	229,748
Time deposits	<u>10,510</u>	<u>12,084</u>	<u>11,645</u>
	234,578	297,073	242,129
Transferred to 'Other current assets'	(194)	(194)	(194)
	<u>\$ 234,384</u>	<u>\$ 296,879</u>	<u>\$ 241,935</u>

A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

B. For details on cash and cash equivalents provided as a pledge or collateral, please refer to Note 8.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

<u>Items</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Non-current items:			
Equity instruments			
Unlisted stocks	<u>\$ 81,000</u>	<u>\$ 81,000</u>	<u>\$ 81,000</u>

- A. The Group has elected to classify equity instruments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments all amounted to \$81,000, as at June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020.
- B. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are all \$0 for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.
- C. As at June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020 without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group were all \$81,000.
- D. Information relating to price risk of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is provided in Note 12(2)(3).

(3) Financial assets at amortised cost

Items	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Current items:			
Time deposits expiring beyond three months	\$ 12,927	\$ 13,131	\$ 12,573

- A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost were all \$0 for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.
- B. As at June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposures to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group were \$12,927, \$13,131 and \$12,573, respectively.
- C. The Group has not pledged financial assets at amortised cost to others as collateral.
- D. Information relating to credit risk and fair value of financial assets at amortised cost is provided in Note 12(2)(3).

(4) Notes and accounts receivable

	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Notes receivable	\$ 5,262	\$ 17,395	\$ 9,785
Accounts receivable	\$ 540,980	\$ 492,499	\$ 422,902
Less: Allowance for bad debts — accounts receivable	(8,401)	(8,331)	(14,879)
	<u>\$ 532,579</u>	<u>\$ 484,168</u>	<u>\$ 408,023</u>

- A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable is as follows:

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>		<u>December 31, 2020</u>		<u>June 30, 2020</u>	
	<u>Accounts receivable</u>	<u>Notes receivable</u>	<u>Accounts receivable</u>	<u>Notes receivable</u>	<u>Accounts receivable</u>	<u>Notes receivable</u>
Within 120 days	\$ 489,789	\$ 4,583	\$ 444,191	\$ 16,547	\$ 370,436	\$ 9,654
121 to 180 days	40,056	18	28,561	438	28,666	-
181 to 360 days	5,779	661	14,770	410	15,533	131
Over 361 days	<u>5,356</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,977</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,267</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 540,980</u>	<u>\$ 5,262</u>	<u>\$ 492,499</u>	<u>\$ 17,395</u>	<u>\$ 422,902</u>	<u>\$ 9,785</u>

The above ageing analysis was based on invoice date.

- B. As at June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. And as of January 1, 2020, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$569,970.
- C. As at June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes and accounts receivable were \$5,262, \$17,395 and \$9,785; \$532,579, \$484,168 and \$408,023, respectively.
- D. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.
- E. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(5) Inventories

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>		
	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Allowance for valuation loss</u>	<u>Book value</u>
Raw materials	\$ 324,926	(\$ 68,046)	\$ 256,880
Work in process	90,828	(8,361)	82,467
Semi-finished goods	155,356	(33,431)	121,925
Finished goods	151,411	(9,566)	141,845
Goods	293,131	(18,250)	274,881
Goods in transit	33,032	-	33,032
Unfinished constructions	<u>369,354</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>369,354</u>
	<u>\$ 1,418,038</u>	<u>(\$ 137,654)</u>	<u>\$ 1,280,384</u>

	December 31, 2020		
	Cost	Allowance for valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$ 275,299	(\$ 69,440)	\$ 205,859
Work in process	87,753	(5,090)	82,663
Semi-finished goods	184,888	(38,494)	146,394
Finished goods	122,501	(8,110)	114,391
Goods	168,131	(20,974)	147,157
Goods in transit	35,775	-	35,775
Unfinished constructions	387,011	-	387,011
	<u>\$ 1,261,358</u>	<u>(\$ 142,108)</u>	<u>\$ 1,119,250</u>

	June 30, 2020		
	Cost	Allowance for valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$ 293,542	(\$ 67,739)	\$ 225,803
Work in process	80,812	(4,718)	76,094
Semi-finished goods	157,081	(35,873)	121,208
Finished goods	124,937	(7,577)	117,360
Goods	200,506	(17,908)	182,598
Goods in transit	60,157	-	60,157
Unfinished constructions	317,669	-	317,669
	<u>\$ 1,234,704</u>	<u>(\$ 133,815)</u>	<u>\$ 1,100,889</u>

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the period:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Cost of goods sold	\$ 519,221	\$ 390,194
Maintenance cost	13,642	10,133
Loss on decline in market value	2,827	2,560
Others	4,055	6,000
	<u>\$ 539,745</u>	<u>\$ 408,887</u>

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Cost of goods sold	\$ 1,001,604	\$ 779,548
Maintenance cost	25,150	18,904
Gain on reversal of market value	(3,328)	(35)
Others	8,180	9,808
	<u>\$ 1,031,606</u>	<u>\$ 808,225</u>

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the gain on reversal of decline in market value was recognised due to the sale of inventories which had previously been recognised a price decline.

(6) Property, plant and equipment

		2021							
		Land	Buildings	Machinery	Transportation equipment	Office equipment	Leasehold improvements	Others	Total
<u>At January 1</u>									
Cost		\$ 169,523	\$ 702,620	\$ 242,840	\$ 11,217	\$ 57,456	\$ 18,104	\$ 130	\$ 1,201,890
Accumulated depreciation		-	(211,304)	(182,239)	(9,211)	(32,888)	(12,838)	(90)	(448,570)
		<u>\$ 169,523</u>	<u>\$ 491,316</u>	<u>\$ 60,601</u>	<u>\$ 2,006</u>	<u>\$ 24,568</u>	<u>\$ 5,266</u>	<u>\$ 40</u>	<u>\$ 753,320</u>
Opening net book amount as at January 1		\$ 169,523	\$ 491,316	\$ 60,601	\$ 2,006	\$ 24,568	\$ 5,266	\$ 40	\$ 753,320
Additions		-	7,778	12,226	36	5,840	-	-	25,880
Disposals		-	-	(234)	-	(22)	-	-	(256)
Depreciation charge		-	(14,132)	(5,793)	(371)	(4,149)	(528)	-	(24,973)
Net exchange differences		(75)	(2,904)	(833)	(22)	(183)	(55)	-	(4,072)
Closing net book amount as at June 30		<u>\$ 169,448</u>	<u>\$ 482,058</u>	<u>\$ 65,967</u>	<u>\$ 1,649</u>	<u>\$ 26,054</u>	<u>\$ 4,683</u>	<u>\$ 40</u>	<u>\$ 749,899</u>

<u>At June 30</u>									
Cost		\$ 169,448	\$ 706,089	\$ 249,295	\$ 11,064	\$ 62,520	\$ 17,888	\$ 127	\$ 1,216,431
Accumulated depreciation		-	(224,031)	(183,328)	(9,415)	(36,466)	(13,205)	(87)	(466,532)
		<u>\$ 169,448</u>	<u>\$ 482,058</u>	<u>\$ 65,967</u>	<u>\$ 1,649</u>	<u>\$ 26,054</u>	<u>\$ 4,683</u>	<u>\$ 40</u>	<u>\$ 749,899</u>

		2020							
		Land	Buildings	Machinery	Transportation equipment	Office equipment	Leasehold improvements	Others	Total
<u>At January 1</u>									
Cost		\$ 169,705	\$ 727,864	\$ 239,286	\$ 11,297	\$ 51,951	\$ 18,177	\$ 136	\$ 1,218,416
Accumulated depreciation		-	(210,945)	(170,303)	(8,261)	(28,394)	(11,918)	(94)	(429,915)
		<u>\$ 169,705</u>	<u>\$ 516,919</u>	<u>\$ 68,983</u>	<u>\$ 3,036</u>	<u>\$ 23,557</u>	<u>\$ 6,259</u>	<u>\$ 42</u>	<u>\$ 788,501</u>
Opening net book amount as at January 1		\$ 169,705	\$ 516,919	\$ 68,983	\$ 3,036	\$ 23,557	\$ 6,259	\$ 42	\$ 788,501
Additions		-	-	3,433	216	4,112	-	-	7,761
Transfer		-	-	403	-	-	-	-	403
Disposals		-	-	(538)	(2)	(36)	-	-	(576)
Depreciation charge		-	(14,619)	(8,675)	(670)	(3,854)	(528)	-	(28,346)
Net exchange differences		(43)	(4,141)	(1,463)	(41)	(127)	(92)	-	(5,907)
Closing net book amount as at June 30		<u>\$ 169,662</u>	<u>\$ 498,159</u>	<u>\$ 62,143</u>	<u>\$ 2,539</u>	<u>\$ 23,652</u>	<u>\$ 5,639</u>	<u>\$ 42</u>	<u>\$ 761,836</u>

<u>At June 30</u>									
Cost		\$ 169,662	\$ 721,662	\$ 232,465	\$ 11,315	\$ 55,257	\$ 17,925	\$ 135	\$ 1,208,421
Accumulated depreciation		-	(223,503)	(170,322)	(8,776)	(31,605)	(12,286)	(93)	(446,585)
		<u>\$ 169,662</u>	<u>\$ 498,159</u>	<u>\$ 62,143</u>	<u>\$ 2,539</u>	<u>\$ 23,652</u>	<u>\$ 5,639</u>	<u>\$ 42</u>	<u>\$ 761,836</u>

- A. The abovementioned equipment are all assets for its own use.
- B. The significant components of buildings include buildings, air conditioners, elevators and utility construction. Buildings are depreciated over 26 to 50 years, and others are depreciated over 10 to 20 years.
- C. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collaterals is provided in Note 8.
- D. There were no borrowing costs capitalised as part of property, plant and equipment.

(7) Leasing arrangements – lessee

- A. The Group leases various assets including land, buildings (including land), transportation equipment and office equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 5 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise buildings. Low-value assets comprise office equipment. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, payments of lease commitments for short-term leases amounted to \$683, \$492 and \$162, respectively.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
	<u>Carrying amount</u>	<u>Carrying amount</u>	<u>Carrying amount</u>
Land	\$ 862	\$ 889	\$ 864
Buildings (including land)	10,757	7,167	11,509
Transportation equipment	-	271	541
Office equipment	185	313	442
	<u>\$ 11,804</u>	<u>\$ 8,640</u>	<u>\$ 13,356</u>

	<u>For the three-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	<u>Depreciation charge</u>	<u>Depreciation charge</u>
Land	\$ 6	\$ 6
Buildings (including land)	2,568	2,717
Transportation equipment	136	136
Office equipment	64	65
	<u>\$ 2,774</u>	<u>\$ 2,924</u>

	<u>For the six-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	<u>Depreciation charge</u>	<u>Depreciation charge</u>
Land	\$ 13	\$ 13
Buildings (including land)	5,137	5,492
Transportation equipment	271	271
Office equipment	129	129
	<u>\$ 5,550</u>	<u>\$ 5,905</u>

D. For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$8,564, \$2,302, \$8,777 and \$3,700, respectively.

E. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	<u>For the three-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
<u>Items affecting profit or loss</u>		
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$ 63	\$ 133
Expense on short-term lease contracts	419	9
Expense on leases of low-value assets	33	31

	<u>For the six-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
<u>Items affecting profit or loss</u>		
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$ 139	\$ 286
Expense on short-term lease contracts	683	162
Expense on leases of low-value assets	63	63

F. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$6,595 and \$6,338, respectively.

G. Information about the right-of-use assets - land use right that were pledged to others as collateral is provided in Note 8.

(8) Other non-current assets

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Overdue receivable	\$ 41,186	\$ 41,372	\$ 35,149
Allowance for bad debts	(41,186)	(41,372)	(35,149)
– overdue receivable			
Prepayments for equipment	8,545	2,880	2,050
Guarantee deposits	11,573	12,273	9,933
Others	12,747	11,920	14,660
	<u>\$ 32,865</u>	<u>\$ 27,073</u>	<u>\$ 26,643</u>

(9) Short-term borrowings

<u>Type of borrowings</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>Interest rate range</u>	<u>Collateral</u>
Bank borrowings			
Unsecured borrowings	\$ 551,209	0.88% ~ 0.98%	None
Secured borrowings	46,491	0.85% ~ 4.57%	Please refer to Note 8
	<u>\$ 597,700</u>		
<u>Type of borrowings</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>Interest rate range</u>	<u>Collateral</u>
Bank borrowings			
Unsecured borrowings	\$ 430,352	0.95% ~ 1.01%	None
Secured borrowings	24,611	3.75%	Please refer to Note 8
	<u>\$ 454,963</u>		
<u>Type of borrowings</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>Interest rate range</u>	<u>Collateral</u>
Bank borrowings			
Unsecured borrowings	\$ 417,684	0.94% ~ 1.15%	None
Secured borrowings	20,955	4.57%	Please refer to Note 8
	<u>\$ 438,639</u>		

(10) Long-term borrowings

<u>Type of borrowings</u>	<u>Borrowing period and repayment term</u>	<u>Interest rate range</u>	<u>Collateral</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Bank borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 22, 2020 to May 21, 2022, no need to repay if the exemption conditions are met.(Note 1)	1.00%	None	\$ 2,062
Installment-repayment borrowings				
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from September 27, 2019 to September 27, 2021; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 24 installments from October 27, 2019.(Note 2)	0.40%	None	11,820

<u>Type of borrowings</u>	<u>Borrowing period and repayment term</u>	<u>Interest rate range</u>	<u>Collateral</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from July 3, 2020 to July 3, 2024; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 36 installments from August 3, 2021.(Note 3)	1.00%	None	11,602
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from October 27, 2020 to December 31, 2026; interest is repayable half monthly from June 30, 2021; principal is repayable in 8 installments from June 30, 2023.(Note 4)	0.74%	None	3,242
				28,726
Less: Current portion (shown as "other current liabilities")				(10,965)
				<u>\$ 17,761</u>

<u>Type of borrowings</u>	<u>Borrowing period and repayment term</u>	<u>Interest rate range</u>	<u>Collateral</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>
Bank borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 22, 2020 to May 21, 2022, no need to repay if the exemption conditions are met.(Note 1)	1.00%	None	\$ 2,108
Installment-repayment borrowings				
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from September 27, 2019 to September 27, 2021; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 24 installments from October 27, 2019.(Note 2)	0.40%	None	12,486
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from July 3, 2020 to July 3, 2024; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 36 installments from August 3, 2021.(Note 3)	1.00%	None	12,257

<u>Type of borrowings</u>	<u>Borrowing period and repayment term</u>	<u>Interest rate range</u>	<u>Collateral</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from October 27, 2020 to December 31, 2026; interest is repayable half monthly from June 30, 2021; principal is repayable in 8 installments from June 30, 2023.(Note 4)	0.74%	None	3,425
				30,276
Less: Current portion (shown as "other current liabilities")				(7,585)
				<u>\$ 22,691</u>

<u>Type of borrowings</u>	<u>Borrowing period and repayment term</u>	<u>Interest rate range</u>	<u>Collateral</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Bank borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 22, 2020 to May 21, 2022, no need to repay if the exemption conditions are met.(Note 1)	1.00%	None	\$ 2,193
Installment-repayment borrowings				
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from September 27, 2019 to September 27, 2021; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 24 installments from October 27, 2019.(Note 5)	0.40%	None	11,862
				14,055
Less: Current portion (shown as "other current liabilities")				(5,610)
				<u>\$ 8,445</u>

Note 1: Ablerex-LATAM, a subsidiary of the Group, is eligible for Small and Medium Enterprise (SME) financing in the United States of America, and approved for Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) from local bank.

Note 2: Ablerex-IT, a subsidiary of the Group, received a bank notice in March 2020. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the bank suspended the instalments until March 2021 for a total of 16 instalments and the next repayment date was July 2021.

Note 3: Ablerex-IT, a subsidiary of the Group, was approved to apply for relief loan from the Italian government due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Note 4: Ablerex-IT, a subsidiary of the Group, was approved to apply for a loan from the Italian government. This loan is provided by the Italian government to encourage the

internationalization of Italian companies, the total amount of funding is EUR\$163,000, of which EUR\$65,200 are government grants.

(11) Other payables

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Dividends payable	\$ 45,000	\$ -	\$ 45,000
Payable for wages and salaries	25,535	25,812	24,043
Payable for other short-term employee benefits	15,123	15,139	14,383
Payable for year-end bonus	22,624	44,649	20,188
Compensation due to employee, directors and supervisors	7,472	8,394	9,419
Others	36,196	36,897	29,347
	<u>\$ 151,950</u>	<u>\$ 130,891</u>	<u>\$ 142,380</u>

(12) Provisions for liabilities -current

	<u>For the six-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Warranty:		
At January 1	\$ 47,720	\$ 40,441
Additional provisions	7,001	6,908
Used during the period	(2,261)	(2,206)
At June 30	<u>\$ 52,460</u>	<u>\$ 45,143</u>

The Group's provisions for warranties are primarily for uninterruptible power supplies and solar energy related products. The provisions for warranties are estimated based on historical warranty data of uninterruptible power supplies and solar energy related products.

(13) Pensions

A. (a) The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method of the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will

make contributions to cover the deficit by next March.

- (b) For the aforementioned pension plan, the Group recognised pension costs of \$76, \$0, \$154 and \$239 for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.
 - (c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2022 amount to \$930.
- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company has established a defined contribution pension plan (the “New Plan”) under the Labour Pension Act (the “Act”), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees’ monthly salaries and wages to the employees’ individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labour Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- (b) The Company’s mainland China indirect subsidiaries, AblereX Electronics (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. and AblereX Electronics (Beijing) Corporation Limited, have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People’s Republic of China (PRC) are based on a certain percentage of employees’ monthly salaries and wages. The contribution percentage for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 was both 20%. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations. AblereX Corporation, AblereX Latam Corporation, AblereX Electronics (S) Pte. Ltd., AblereX Electronics (Thailand) Co Ltd., AblereX Electronics Italy S.R.L and Wada Denki Co., Ltd. have a defined contribution plan under the local regulations and have no further obligations. Other consolidated subsidiaries do not have any employees.
 - (c) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 were \$7,045, \$3,753, \$13,892 and \$8,294, respectively.

(14) Share capital

As of June 30, 2021, the Company’s authorised capital was \$800,000, consisting of 80 million shares of ordinary stock, and the paid-in capital was \$450,000 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected. The Group’s ordinary shares at the beginning of the period are the same with the outstanding shares at the end of the period.

(15) Capital surplus

A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. However, capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

- B. The shareholders resolved to appropriate capital surplus in cash at their meeting on June 19, 2020:

	<u>Year ended December 31, 2019</u>	
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Cash per share (in dollars)</u>
Capital surplus appropriated in cash	<u>\$ 13,500</u>	<u>\$ 0.30</u>

The cash appropriation of capital surplus is in agreement with the proposal submitted by the Board of Directors.

(16) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve unless the accumulated legal reserve has reached the total capital stock balance. Special reserve shall be appropriated in accordance with related regulations promulgated by competent authorities, and the special reserve along with the accumulated unappropriated retained earnings from previous years is considered as the distributable earnings. The remainder, if any, after considering the operating status, and through a proposition by the Board of Directors and a resolution by the shareholders, shall be retained.
- B. The Company's dividend policy is based on the Company's current operation status, future capital requirements, long-term operation plan, shareholders' benefits, balanced dividends and the Company's long-term financial plan, etc. The appropriation is proposed by the Board of Directors and then approved by the shareholders during their meeting. Cash dividends shall not be less than 20% of the total dividends distributed to shareholders.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- D. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When the debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount may be included in the distributable earnings.
- E. The appropriation of 2020 earnings as proposed by the Board of Directors on March 19, 2021 and the appropriation of 2019 earnings as resolved by the shareholders on June 19, 2020 are as follows:

	<u>Year ended December 31, 2020</u>		<u>Year ended December 31, 2019</u>	
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Dividend per share (in dollars)</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Dividend per share (in dollars)</u>
Legal reserve	\$ 4,204		\$ 3,639	
Special reserve	(173)		17,841	
Cash dividends	45,000	\$ 1.00	31,500	\$ 0.70

As of August 9, 2021, the appropriation of 2020 earnings has been passed through electronic voting by the stockholders but has not been reported at the stockholders' meeting.

(17) Sales revenue

	<u>For the three-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Sales revenue	\$ 418,587	\$ 334,223
Project construction revenue	242,093	210,326
Service revenue	26,022	22,025
	<u>\$ 686,702</u>	<u>\$ 566,574</u>
	<u>For the six-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Sales revenue	\$ 774,609	\$ 615,229
Project construction revenue	492,715	435,322
Service revenue	50,002	42,950
	<u>\$ 1,317,326</u>	<u>\$ 1,093,501</u>

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following:

For the three-month period ended June 30, 2021	First Business Division	Second Business Division	Technical Services Division	Energy Division	Reconciliation and elimination	Total
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$ 257,869	\$ 313,116	\$ 53,648	\$ 62,069	\$ -	\$ 686,702
Inter-segment revenue	35,873	620,541	-	-	(656,414)	-
Total segment revenue	<u>\$ 293,742</u>	<u>\$ 933,657</u>	<u>\$ 53,648</u>	<u>\$ 62,069</u>	<u>(\$ 656,414)</u>	<u>\$ 686,702</u>
Segment income	<u>\$ 17,143</u>	<u>\$ 25,829</u>	<u>\$ 25,093</u>	<u>\$ 24</u>	<u>(\$ 60,708)</u>	<u>\$ 7,381</u>
Timing of revenue recognition						
At a point in time	\$ 257,869	\$ 313,116	\$ 33,575	\$ 58,184	\$ -	\$ 662,744
Over time	-	-	20,073	3,885	-	23,958
	<u>\$ 257,869</u>	<u>\$ 313,116</u>	<u>\$ 53,648</u>	<u>\$ 62,069</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 686,702</u>
For the three-month period ended June 30, 2020	First Business Division	Second Business Division	Technical Services Division	Energy Division	Reconciliation and elimination	Total
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$ 172,608	\$ 273,543	\$ 53,922	\$ 66,501	\$ -	\$ 566,574
Inter-segment revenue	27,376	615,896	-	-	(643,272)	-
Total segment revenue	<u>\$ 199,984</u>	<u>\$ 889,439</u>	<u>\$ 53,922</u>	<u>\$ 66,501</u>	<u>(\$ 643,272)</u>	<u>\$ 566,574</u>
Segment income	<u>\$ 21,389</u>	<u>\$ 38,455</u>	<u>\$ 25,716</u>	<u>\$ 3,197</u>	<u>(\$ 58,234)</u>	<u>\$ 30,523</u>
Timing of revenue recognition						
At a point in time	\$ 172,608	\$ 273,543	\$ 37,346	\$ 63,157	\$ -	\$ 546,654
Over time	-	-	16,576	3,344	-	19,920
	<u>\$ 172,608</u>	<u>\$ 273,543</u>	<u>\$ 53,922</u>	<u>\$ 66,501</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 566,574</u>
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2021	First Business Division	Second Business Division	Technical Services Division	Energy Division	Reconciliation and elimination	Total
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$ 502,461	\$ 581,788	\$ 110,840	\$ 122,237	\$ -	\$ 1,317,326
Inter-segment revenue	63,337	1,103,496	-	-	(1,166,833)	-
Total segment revenue	<u>\$ 565,798</u>	<u>\$ 1,685,284</u>	<u>\$ 110,840</u>	<u>\$ 122,237</u>	<u>(\$ 1,166,833)</u>	<u>\$ 1,317,326</u>
Segment income	<u>\$ 35,828</u>	<u>\$ 38,700</u>	<u>\$ 53,670</u>	<u>\$ 2,635</u>	<u>(\$ 122,597)</u>	<u>\$ 8,236</u>
Timing of revenue recognition						
At a point in time	\$ 502,461	\$ 581,788	\$ 71,996	\$ 114,340	\$ -	\$ 1,270,585
Over time	-	-	38,844	7,897	-	46,741
	<u>\$ 502,461</u>	<u>\$ 581,788</u>	<u>\$ 110,840</u>	<u>\$ 122,237</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,317,326</u>
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020	First Business Division	Second Business Division	Technical Services Division	Energy Division	Reconciliation and elimination	Total
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$ 340,401	\$ 515,096	\$ 106,808	\$ 131,196	\$ -	\$ 1,093,501
Inter-segment revenue	46,443	1,019,605	-	-	(1,066,048)	-
Total segment revenue	<u>\$ 386,844</u>	<u>\$ 1,534,701</u>	<u>\$ 106,808</u>	<u>\$ 131,196</u>	<u>(\$ 1,066,048)</u>	<u>\$ 1,093,501</u>
Segment income	<u>\$ 34,126</u>	<u>\$ 53,786</u>	<u>\$ 49,412</u>	<u>\$ 7,290</u>	<u>(\$ 113,206)</u>	<u>\$ 31,408</u>
Timing of revenue recognition						
At a point in time	\$ 340,401	\$ 515,096	\$ 73,479	\$ 126,730	\$ -	\$ 1,055,706
Over time	-	-	33,329	4,466	-	37,795
	<u>\$ 340,401</u>	<u>\$ 515,096</u>	<u>\$ 106,808</u>	<u>\$ 131,196</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,093,501</u>

B. Contract liabilities

The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract liabilities:

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Contract liabilities:			
Contract liabilities	\$ 118,989	\$ 195,375	\$ 74,615
– advance receipts for construction			
Contract liabilities			
– advance sales receipts	<u>28,828</u>	<u>24,362</u>	<u>31,403</u>
	<u>\$ 147,817</u>	<u>\$ 219,737</u>	<u>\$ 106,018</u>
			<u>January 1, 2020</u>
Contract liabilities:			
Contract liabilities			\$ 163,135
– advance receipts for construction			
Contract liabilities			
– advance sales receipts			<u>16,297</u>
			<u>\$ 179,432</u>

(a) Significant changes in contract liabilities

None.

(b) Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period

	<u>For the three-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period		
Sales revenue	<u>\$ 79,232</u>	<u>\$ 35,477</u>
	<u>For the six-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period		
Sales revenue	<u>\$ 165,525</u>	<u>\$ 140,105</u>

(18) Interest income

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Interest income from bank deposits	\$ 78	\$ 262

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Interest income from bank deposits	\$ 152	\$ 293

(19) Other income

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Government subsidy income	\$ 1,478	\$ 2,852
Other income, others	1,760	1,068
	<u>\$ 3,238</u>	<u>\$ 3,920</u>

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Government subsidy income	\$ 4,372	\$ 4,922
Other income, others	2,250	4,279
	<u>\$ 6,622</u>	<u>\$ 9,201</u>

(20) Other gains and losses

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(\$ 2)	(\$ 246)
Profit from lease modification	-	6
Foreign exchange losses	(817)	(1,225)
Others	322	(47)
	<u>(\$ 497)</u>	<u>(\$ 1,512)</u>

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(\$ 256)	(\$ 279)
Profit from lease modification	-	6
Foreign exchange gain	789	1,209
Others	(297)	(122)
	<u>\$ 236</u>	<u>\$ 814</u>

(21) Finance costs

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Interest expense	\$ 1,436	\$ 1,447

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Interest expense	\$ 2,710	\$ 2,849

(22) Expenses by nature

	For the three-month period ended			For the three-month period ended		
	June 30, 2021			June 30, 2020		
By function	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total
Employee benefit expense	\$ 56,353	\$ 91,961	\$ 148,314	\$ 51,664	\$ 80,836	\$ 132,500
Depreciation charges	7,270	8,080	15,350	8,598	8,061	16,659
Amortization charges	127	2,080	2,207	84	2,361	2,445

	For the six-month period ended			For the six-month period ended		
	June 30, 2021			June 30, 2020		
By function	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total
Employee benefit expense	\$ 109,416	\$ 178,898	\$ 288,314	\$ 93,663	\$ 161,621	\$ 255,284
Depreciation charges	14,528	15,995	30,523	17,440	16,811	34,251
Amortization charges	254	4,258	4,512	84	4,744	4,828

(23) Employee benefit expense

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Wages and salaries	\$ 125,977	\$ 115,773
Labor and health insurance fees	11,027	8,707
Pension costs	7,121	3,753
Directors' remuneration	169	556
Other personnel expenses	4,020	3,711
	\$ 148,314	\$ 132,500

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Wages and salaries	\$ 243,358	\$ 220,056
Labor and health insurance fees	22,901	18,915
Pension costs	14,046	8,533
Directors' remuneration	212	655
Other personnel expenses	7,797	7,125
	<u>\$ 288,314</u>	<u>\$ 255,284</u>

- A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall be 6% to 10% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 2% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration.
- B. For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, employees' compensation was accrued at \$514, \$1,774, \$646 and \$2,071, respectively; while directors' and supervisors' remuneration was accrued at \$169, \$591, \$212 and \$690, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses. The employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 6% and 2% of distributable profit of current year for the six-month period ended June 30, 2021.

The difference of \$1 between employees' compensation (directors' and supervisors' remuneration) as resolved by the Board of Directors and the amount recognised in the 2020 financial statements of \$3,263, \$1,088 had been adjusted in profit or loss for 2021. The appropriation was in the form of cash.

Information about the appropriation of employees' compensation (bonus) and directors' and supervisors' remuneration by the Company as proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(24) Income tax

A. Income tax (benefits) expense

(a) Components of income tax (benefits) expense:

	<u>For the three-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Current tax:		
Current tax on profit for the period	\$ 2,870	\$ 8,084
Prior year income tax overestimation	(1,356)	(880)
Total current tax	<u>1,514</u>	<u>7,204</u>
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(101)	2,566
Income tax expense	<u>\$ 1,413</u>	<u>\$ 9,770</u>
	<u>For the six-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Current tax:		
Current tax on profit for the period	\$ 6,150	\$ 11,339
Prior year income tax overestimation	(4,721)	(880)
Total current tax	<u>1,429</u>	<u>10,459</u>
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(1,497)	3,565
Income tax (benefits) expense	<u>(\$ 68)</u>	<u>\$ 14,024</u>

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income are as follows:

	<u>For the three-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Currency translation differences	<u>(\$ 1,616)</u>	<u>(\$ 2,012)</u>
	<u>For the six-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Currency translation differences	<u>(\$ 2,549)</u>	<u>(\$ 2,929)</u>

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2019 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(25) Earnings per share

	<u>For the three-month period ended June 30, 2021</u>		
	<u>Amount after tax</u>	<u>Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)</u>	<u>Earnings per share (in dollars)</u>
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company	<u>\$ 6,647</u>	<u>45,000</u>	<u>\$ 0.15</u>
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company	6,647	45,000	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	<u>-</u>	<u>18</u>	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	<u>\$ 6,647</u>	<u>45,018</u>	<u>\$ 0.15</u>
	<u>For the three-month period ended June 30, 2020</u>		
	<u>Amount after tax</u>	<u>Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)</u>	<u>Earnings per share (in dollars)</u>
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company	<u>\$ 21,761</u>	<u>45,000</u>	<u>\$ 0.48</u>
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company	21,761	45,000	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	<u>-</u>	<u>57</u>	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	<u>\$ 21,761</u>	<u>45,057</u>	<u>\$ 0.48</u>

	<u>For the six-month period ended June 30, 2021</u>		
	<u>Amount after tax</u>	<u>Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)</u>	<u>Earnings per share (in dollars)</u>
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company	\$ 11,757	45,000	\$ 0.26
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company	11,757	45,000	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	55	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 11,757	45,055	\$ 0.26
	<u>For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020</u>		
	<u>Amount after tax</u>	<u>Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)</u>	<u>Earnings per share (in dollars)</u>
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company	\$ 25,410	45,000	\$ 0.56
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company	25,410	45,000	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	100	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 25,410	45,100	\$ 0.56

(26) Transactions with non-controlling interest

Disposal of equity interest in a subsidiary (that did not result in a loss of control)

On May 28, 2020, the Group disposed of 1% of shares of its subsidiary—Ablerex-JP for a total cash consideration of \$83. The carrying amount of non-controlling interest in Ablerex-JP was

\$102 at the disposal date. This transaction resulted in an increase in the non-controlling interest by \$19 and a decrease in the equity attributable to owners of the parent by \$19. The effect of changes in interests in Ablerex-JP on the equity attributable to owners of the parent for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 is shown below:

	<u>For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020</u>	
Carrying amount of non-controlling interest disposed	\$	102
Consideration received from non-controlling interest	(83)
Other equity (such as translation differences)		-
Capital surplus		
- difference between proceeds on actual acquisition of or disposal of equity interest in a subsidiary and its carrying amount	\$	19
	<u>For the three-month period ended June 30, 2020</u>	
Carrying amount of non-controlling interest disposed	\$	102
Consideration received from non-controlling interest	(83)
Other equity (such as translation differences)		-
Capital surplus		
- difference between proceeds on actual acquisition of or disposal of equity interest in a subsidiary and its carrying amount	\$	19

(27) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	2021			
	Short-term borrowings	Long-term borrowings	Lease liabilities	Liabilities from financing activities-gross
At January 1	\$ 454,963	\$ 30,276	\$ 8,006	\$ 493,245
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	144,607	-	(5,710)	138,897
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate	(1,870)	(1,550)	-	(3,420)
Changes in other non-cash items	-	-	8,728	8,728
At June 30	<u>\$ 597,700</u>	<u>\$ 28,726</u>	<u>\$ 11,024</u>	<u>\$ 637,450</u>

2020

	Short-term borrowings	Long-term borrowings	Lease liabilities	Liabilities from financing activities-gross
At January 1	\$ 431,775	\$ 13,233	\$ 15,606	\$ 460,614
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	7,732	984	(5,827)	2,889
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate	(868)	(162)	-	(1,030)
Changes in other non-cash items	-	-	3,011	3,011
At June 30	<u>\$ 438,639</u>	<u>\$ 14,055</u>	<u>\$ 12,790</u>	<u>\$ 465,484</u>

7. Related Party Transactions

(1) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company
United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	The entity using the equity method to account for the investment in the Company
Beijing Xiankong Technology Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Directors, supervisors, general manager and vice general manager	The Group's key management
United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.(JIANGXI)	Other related party
Eco Energy Corporation	Other related party
Wada	Other related party

(2) Significant related party transactions and balances

A. Sales revenue

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Sales revenue		
Entities with significant influence to the Group	\$ 294	\$ 52
Other related parties	595	-
	<u>\$ 889</u>	<u>\$ 52</u>
	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Sales revenue		
Entities with significant influence to the Group	\$ 294	\$ 85
Other related parties	679	-
	<u>\$ 973</u>	<u>\$ 85</u>

The transaction prices and terms of the Group and entities with significant influence over the Group are determined in accordance with the agreed contracts. The credit term is commensurate with non-related parties, which is 60~120 days after monthly billings.

B. Leasing arrangements - lessee

(a) The Group leased office and plant from United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. Rental contracts are typically made for periods from 2020 to 2021. Rents are paid at the end of each month.

(b) Lease liabilities

i. Outstanding balance

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	\$ 4,060	\$ 1,853	\$ 4,060

ii. Interest expense

	<u>For the three-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	\$ 7	\$ 18
	<u>For the six-month periods ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	\$ 13	\$ 41

C. Accounts receivable from related parties

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Accounts receivable			
Entities with significant influence to the Group	\$ 17,806	\$ 17,005	\$ 17,022
Other related parties	625	-	-
	<u>\$ 18,431</u>	<u>\$ 17,005</u>	<u>\$ 17,022</u>

D. Endorsements and guarantees

As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, there were unsecured bank borrowings amounting to \$551,209, \$430,352 and \$417,684, respectively. The Company's key management was a joint guarantor.

E. Commitments

Promissory notes issued for the warranty of sales and performance guarantees of lease contracts.

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Entities with significant influence to the Group	\$ 10,962	\$ 11,056	\$ 11,203

(3) Key management compensation

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$ 10,078	\$ 9,589
Termination benefits	242	180
	<u>\$ 10,320</u>	<u>\$ 9,769</u>

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$ 21,391	\$ 18,957
Termination benefits	487	435
	<u>\$ 21,878</u>	<u>\$ 19,392</u>

8. Pledged Assets

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

Pledged assets	Book value			Purpose
	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020	
Other current assets — time deposits	\$ 194	\$ 194	\$ 194	Performance guarantee for contracts
Property, plant and equipment — land and buildings	107,329	111,726	109,565	Short-term borrowings or guarantee for line of credit
Right-of-use assets — land use rights	862	889	864	Short-term borrowings or guarantee for line of credit
	<u>\$ 108,385</u>	<u>\$ 112,809</u>	<u>\$ 110,623</u>	

9. Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognised Contract Commitments

(1) Contingencies

None.

(2) Commitments

A. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, other than the details of contingencies and commitments between the Group and related parties as provided in Note 7(2) E, contingencies and commitments between the Group and third parties are as follows:

Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Property, plant and equipment	\$ 2,682	\$ -	\$ 1,890
Intangible assets	1,869	95	95
	<u>\$ 4,551</u>	<u>\$ 95</u>	<u>\$ 1,985</u>

Warranty and performance guarantee

As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, promissory notes issued for the warranty and performance guarantee of sales amounted to \$81,930, \$92,039 and \$61,083, respectively.

B. Details of endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company to subsidiaries are provided in Note 13(1) B.

10. Significant Disaster Loss

None.

11. Significant Events after the Balance Sheet Date

None.

12. Others

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure with reasonable cost of funds. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total liabilities divided by total assets.

In 2021, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2020, was to maintain the gearing ratio of about 40%. The gearing ratios at June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Total liabilities	\$ 1,696,865	\$ 1,485,857	\$ 1,380,212
Total equity	1,436,518	1,479,442	1,449,191
Total assets	<u>\$ 3,133,383</u>	<u>\$ 2,965,299</u>	<u>\$ 2,829,403</u>
Gearing ratio	<u>54%</u>	<u>50%</u>	<u>49%</u>

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
<u>Financial assets</u>			
Financial assets at amortised cost			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 234,384	\$ 296,879	\$ 241,935
Financial assets at amortised cost	12,927	13,131	12,573
Notes receivable	5,262	17,395	9,785
Accounts receivable (including related parties)	551,010	501,173	425,045
Other receivables	14,072	9,550	9,055
Guarantee deposits paid	11,573	12,273	9,933
Other financial assets	194	194	194
	<u>\$ 829,422</u>	<u>\$ 850,595</u>	<u>\$ 708,520</u>
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss			
Short-term borrowings	\$ 597,700	\$ 454,963	\$ 438,639
Notes payable	1,961	3,936	1,603
Accounts payable	571,559	459,850	479,189
Other accounts payable	151,950	130,891	142,380
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	28,726	30,276	14,055
Guarantee deposits received	70	71	68
	<u>\$ 1,351,966</u>	<u>\$ 1,079,987</u>	<u>\$ 1,075,934</u>
Lease liability (including related parties)	<u>\$ 11,024</u>	<u>\$ 8,006</u>	<u>\$ 12,790</u>

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign currency option contracts are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk, and interest rate swaps are used to fix variable future cash flows. Derivatives are used exclusively for hedging purposes and not as trading or speculative instruments.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific

areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury. Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and RMB expenditures. Forward foreign exchange contracts are adopted to minimise the volatility of the exchange rate affecting cost of forecast inventory purchases.
- iii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

(Foreign currency: Functional currency)	June 30, 2021			For the six-month period ended June 30, 2021		
	Foreign currency amount (In thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Sensitivity Analysis		
				Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss before tax	Effect on other comprehensive income
<u>Financial assets</u>						
<u>Monetary items</u>						
USD:NTD	\$ 7,340	27.860	\$ 204,492	1%	\$ 2,045	\$ -
RMB:NTD	2,837	4.3090	12,225	1%	122	-
JPY:NTD	11,638	0.2521	2,934	1%	29	-
USD:RMB	38	6.4655	1,059	1%	11	-
SGD:USD	954	0.7441	19,777	1%	198	-
<u>Financial liabilities</u>						
<u>Monetary items</u>						
USD:NTD	\$ 3,514	27.860	\$ 97,900	1%	\$ 979	\$ -
USD:RMB	1,020	6.4655	28,417	1%	284	-
SGD:USD	183	0.7441	3,794	1%	38	-

(Foreign currency: Functional currency)	December 31, 2020			2020		
	Foreign currency amount (In thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Sensitivity Analysis		
				Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss before tax	Effect on other comprehensive income
<u>Financial assets</u>						
<u>Monetary items</u>						
USD:NTD	\$ 5,857	28.4800	\$ 166,807	1%	\$ 1,668	\$ -
RMB:NTD	3,102	4.3770	13,577	1%	136	-
JPY:NTD	10,427	0.2763	2,881	1%	29	-
USD:RMB	499	6.5067	14,211	1%	142	-
SGD:USD	1,241	0.7570	26,755	1%	268	-
<u>Financial liabilities</u>						
<u>Monetary items</u>						
USD:NTD	\$ 2,063	28.4800	\$ 58,754	1%	\$ 588	\$ -
USD:RMB	621	6.5067	17,686	1%	177	-
SGD:USD	414	0.7570	8,926	1%	89	-

For the six-month period ended

(Foreign currency: Functional currency)	June 30, 2020			June 30, 2020		
	Foreign currency amount (In thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Sensitivity Analysis		
				Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss before tax	Effect on other comprehensive income
<u>Financial assets</u>						
<u>Monetary items</u>						
USD:NTD	\$ 6,328	29.630	\$ 187,499	1%	\$ 1,875	\$ -
RMB:NTD	1,648	4.191	6,907	1%	69	-
JPY:NTD	81,856	0.2751	22,519	1%	225	-
USD:RMB	616	7.0699	18,252	1%	183	-
SGD:USD	474	0.7168	10,067	1%	101	-
<u>Financial liabilities</u>						
<u>Monetary items</u>						
USD:NTD	\$ 2,623	29.630	\$ 77,719	1%	\$ 777	\$ -
USD:RMB	644	7.0699	19,082	1%	191	-
SGD:USD	60	0.7168	1,274	1%	13	-

- iv. The total exchange gain arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, amounted to (\$817), (\$1,225), \$789 and \$1,209, respectively.

Price risk

- i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in

accordance with the limits set by the Group.

- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise unlisted shares issued by the domestic companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, other components of equity would have increased/decreased by both \$810, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's borrowings are mostly with fixed interest rate and maturity within one year. Therefore, the Group does not expect to be exposed to significant interest rate risk.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the contract cash flows of accounts receivable, notes receivable and amortized cost financial assets based on the agreed terms.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a minimum rating of investment grade or above are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the management. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. The main credit risk arises from wholesale and retail customers, including outstanding receivables.
- iii. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition, when the contract payments were past due over 30 days.
- iv. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
 - (ii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
 - (iii) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.

- vi. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with sales area. The Group applies the modified approach using provision matrix to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.
- vii. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Group's written-off financial assets that are still under recourse procedures amounted to \$41,186, \$41,372 and \$35,149, respectively.
- viii. The Group used the forecast ability of Taiwan Institute of Economic Research boom observation report to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the provision matrix is as follows:

	Not overdue	Overdue within 30 days	Overdue within 60 days	Overdue within 90 days	Overdue for more than 90 days	Total
<u>At June 30, 2021</u>						
Expected loss rate	0.03%	0.17%~13.43%	37~70%	38~83%	50~100%	
Total book value	\$ 496,706	\$ 14,833	\$ 12,500	\$ 7,546	\$ 9,395	\$ 540,980
Loss allowance	149	384	3,050	3,007	1,811	8,401
<u>At December 31, 2020</u>						
Expected loss rate	0.03%	0.11~9.31%	23~49%	24~61%	50~100%	
Total book value	\$ 442,607	\$ 12,636	\$ 11,974	\$ 15,974	\$ 9,308	\$ 492,499
Loss allowance	133	168	1,498	4,080	2,452	8,331
<u>At June 30, 2020</u>						
Expected loss rate	0.03%	0.11~9.31%	23~49%	24~61%	50~100%	
Total book value	\$ 378,736	\$ 14,138	\$ 6,075	\$ 1,876	\$ 22,077	\$ 422,902
Loss allowance	114	296	2,977	454	11,038	14,879

- ix. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

	2021	
	Accounts receivable	Overdue receivable
At January 1	\$ 8,331	\$ 41,372
Reversal of impairment loss	241	-
Write-offs	(52)	(23)
Effect of foreign exchange	(119)	(163)
At June 30	<u>\$ 8,401</u>	<u>\$ 41,186</u>

	2020	
	Accounts receivable	Overdue receivable
At January 1	\$ 13,900	\$ 35,228
Provision for impairment loss	1,054	-
Effect of foreign exchange	(75)	(79)
At June 30	<u>\$ 14,879</u>	<u>\$ 35,149</u>

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, time deposits and other cash equivalents, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient head-room as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts.
- iii. The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Fixed rate:			
Expiring within one year	<u>\$ 893,506</u>	<u>\$ 903,352</u>	<u>\$ 1,068,791</u>

- iv. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Non-derivative financial liabilities

June 30, 2021	Less than 3 months	Between 3 months and 1 year	Over 1 year	Book value
Short-term borrowings	\$ 598,851	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 598,851
Notes payable	1,961	-	-	1,961
Accounts payable	546,941	24,618	-	571,559
Other payables	53,669	96,318	1,963	151,950
Lease liability	2,216	6,186	2,858	11,260
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	2,537	8,563	17,855	28,955

December 31, 2020	Between 3			Book value
	Less than 3 months	months and 1 year	Over 1 year	
Short-term borrowings	\$ 443,051	\$ 12,814	\$ -	\$ 455,865
Notes payable	3,936	-	-	3,936
Accounts payable	444,310	15,540	-	459,850
Other payables	113,764	10,386	6,741	130,891
Lease liability	2,935	3,581	1,698	8,214
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	190	7,704	22,844	30,738

June 30, 2020	Between 3			Book value
	Less than 3 months	months and 1 year	Over 1 year	
Short-term borrowings	\$ 418,131	\$ 21,357	\$ -	\$ 439,488
Notes payable	1,603	-	-	1,603
Accounts payable	464,879	14,310	-	479,189
Other payables	59,767	73,359	9,254	142,380
Lease liability	3,031	7,954	2,179	13,164
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	-	5,011	9,083	14,094

iv. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

(3) Fair value information

A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in unlisted stocks is included in Level 3.

B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value.

The Group's carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, accounts payable and other payables are approximate to their fair values. The carrying amounts are provided in Note 12(2) A.

C. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,000	\$ 81,000

<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,000	\$ 81,000

<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,000	\$ 81,000

D. The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

- (a) When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, debt instruments without active market, interest rate swap contracts, foreign exchange swap contracts and options, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.
- (b) The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.

E. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.

F. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.

G. Financial segment is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorized within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.

H. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at June 30, 2021	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument: Unlisted shares	\$ 81,000	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	30%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
	Fair value at December 31, 2020	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument: Unlisted shares	\$ 81,000	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	30%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
	Fair value at June 30, 2020	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument: Unlisted shares	\$ 81,000	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value

(4) Others

Despite the COVID-19 pandemic and the various preventive measures adopted by the government, there has not been a significant impact on the operations of the Group. The Group's operating income for the second quarter of 2021 did not decrease compared to the same period last year, and it has been assessed that there is no doubt on the Group's ability to continue operations, assets have not been impaired, and financing risks have not increased. The Group's pandemic response management has complied with the Central Epidemic Command Center's announcement of the three-level epidemic alert related measures and the relevant pandemic prevention regulations of the Infectious Disease Prevention and Control Act.

13. Supplementary Disclosures

(1) Significant transaction information

The Group discloses related information of the following for the six-month period ended June 30, 2021:

A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.

B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.

C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.

D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.

E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.

F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.

G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.

H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.

I. Derivative financial instruments undertaken for the six-month period ended June 30, 2021: None.

J. Significant inter-company transactions for the six-month period ended June 30, 2021: Please refer to table 6.

(2) Information on investees (not including investees in Mainland China)

Please refer to table 7.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

A. Basic information: Please refer to table 8.

B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area:

(a) Purchasing amount and percentage and related receivables' percentage and balance as at June 30, 2021: Please refer to tables 6 and 9.

(b) Selling amount and percentage and related receivables' percentage and balance as at June 30,

2021: Please refer to tables 6 and 9.

- (c) Property transaction amounts and gains and loss arising from them: None.
- (d) Balance and purpose of provision of endorsements/guarantees or collaterals as at June 30, 2021: None.
- (e) Maximum balance, ending balance, interest rate range and interest for financing during the six-month period ended June 30, 2021: Please refer to table 1.
- (f) Other significant transactions that affected the gains and loss or financial status for the period, i.e. rendering/receiving of service: Please refer to table 9.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 10.

14. Segment Information

(1) General information

Management has determined the reportable operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision-Maker that are used to make strategic decisions. The Group has three reportable operating segments: First Business Division, Second Business Division and Technical Services Division. The primary sources of revenue from products and services are as follows:

- First Business Division : Promotes domestic sales of consigned and self-manufactured products
- Second Business Division : Responsible for international sales and market promotion of self-manufactured products
- Technical Services Division : Responsible for the installation, testing, and warranty of products, as well as development of the repair and maintenance business line, and purchases and sales of spare parts and miscellaneous
- Energy Division : Domestic sales and market promotion of self-manufactured energy-related products

(2) Segment information

The segment information provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

For the three-month period ended June 30, 2021	First Business Division	Second Business Division	Technical Services Division	Energy Division	Reconciliation and elimination	Total
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$ 257,869	\$ 313,116	\$ 53,648	\$ 62,069	\$ -	\$ 686,702
Inter-segment revenue	<u>35,873</u>	<u>620,541</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(656,414)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total segment revenue	<u>\$ 293,742</u>	<u>\$ 933,657</u>	<u>\$ 53,648</u>	<u>\$ 62,069</u>	<u>(\$ 656,414)</u>	<u>\$ 686,702</u>
Segment income	<u>\$ 17,143</u>	<u>\$ 25,829</u>	<u>\$ 25,093</u>	<u>\$ 24</u>	<u>(\$ 60,708)</u>	<u>\$ 7,381</u>
For the three-month period ended June 30, 2020	First Business Division	Second Business Division	Technical Services Division	Energy Division	Reconciliation and elimination	Total
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$ 172,608	\$ 273,543	\$ 53,922	\$ 66,501	\$ -	\$ 566,574
Inter-segment revenue	<u>27,376</u>	<u>615,896</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(643,272)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total segment revenue	<u>\$ 199,984</u>	<u>\$ 889,439</u>	<u>\$ 53,922</u>	<u>\$ 66,501</u>	<u>(\$ 643,272)</u>	<u>\$ 566,574</u>
Segment income	<u>\$ 21,389</u>	<u>\$ 38,455</u>	<u>\$ 25,716</u>	<u>\$ 3,197</u>	<u>(\$ 58,234)</u>	<u>\$ 30,523</u>
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2021	First Business Division	Second Business Division	Technical Services Division	Energy Division	Reconciliation and elimination	Total
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$ 502,461	\$ 581,788	\$ 110,840	\$ 122,237	\$ -	\$ 1,317,326
Inter-segment revenue	<u>63,337</u>	<u>1,103,496</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,166,833)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total segment revenue	<u>\$ 565,798</u>	<u>\$ 1,685,284</u>	<u>\$ 110,840</u>	<u>\$ 122,237</u>	<u>(\$ 1,166,833)</u>	<u>\$ 1,317,326</u>
Segment income	<u>\$ 35,828</u>	<u>\$ 38,700</u>	<u>\$ 53,670</u>	<u>\$ 2,635</u>	<u>(\$ 122,597)</u>	<u>\$ 8,236</u>
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020	First Business Division	Second Business Division	Technical Services Division	Energy Division	Reconciliation and elimination	Total
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$ 340,401	\$ 515,096	\$ 106,808	\$ 131,196	\$ -	\$ 1,093,501
Inter-segment revenue	<u>46,443</u>	<u>1,019,605</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,066,048)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total segment revenue	<u>\$ 386,844</u>	<u>\$ 1,534,701</u>	<u>\$ 106,808</u>	<u>\$ 131,196</u>	<u>(\$ 1,066,048)</u>	<u>\$ 1,093,501</u>
Segment income	<u>\$ 34,126</u>	<u>\$ 53,786</u>	<u>\$ 49,412</u>	<u>\$ 7,290</u>	<u>(\$ 113,206)</u>	<u>\$ 31,408</u>

(3) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external customers reported to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.

Reconciliations of reportable segment income to the income before tax from continuing operations for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Reportable segments income before tax	\$ 7,381	\$ 30,523
Interest income	78	262
Other income	3,238	3,920
Other gains and losses	(497)	(1,512)
Finance costs	(1,436)	(1,447)
Income before tax from continuing operations	<u>\$ 8,764</u>	<u>\$ 31,746</u>
	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Reportable segments income before tax	\$ 8,236	\$ 31,408
Interest income	152	293
Other income	6,622	9,201
Other gains and losses	236	814
Finance costs	(2,710)	(2,849)
Income before tax from continuing operations	<u>\$ 12,536</u>	<u>\$ 38,867</u>

The Group did not provide the total assets and total liabilities amounts to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Loans to others

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

No.	Creditor	Borrower	General ledger account	Is a related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the six months ended June 30, 2021	Balance at June 30, 2021	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate	Nature of loan	Amount of transactions with the borrower	Reason for short-term financing	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Collateral		Limit on loans granted to a single party	Ceiling on total loans granted	Footnote
													Item	Value			
0	The Company	Ablerex-LATAM	Other receivables	Y	\$ 57,070 (USD 2,000 thousand)	\$ 41,790 (USD 1,500 thousand)	\$ 41,790 (USD 1,500 thousand)	1.00%	Short-term financing	\$ -	Turnover of operation	\$ -	None	\$ -	\$ 142,247	\$ 568,986	Note 1 Note 4
2	Ablerex-HK	Ablerex-SZ	Other receivables	Y	57,070 (USD 2,000 thousand)	55,720 (USD 2,000 thousand)	55,720 (USD 2,000 thousand)	2.475%	Short-term financing	-	Turnover of operation	-	None	-	\$ 142,247	\$ 568,986	Note 1 Note 2 Note 3

Note 1: In accordance with the Company's "Procedures for Provision of Loans", limit on total loans to others is 40% of the Company's net assets. Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchases or sales during current year on the year of financing. Limit on loans to a single party with short-term financing is 10% of the Company's net assets; but limit on total loans to subsidiaries is 40% of the parent company's current net assets. Furthermore, for the foreign companies which the Group holds 100% of the voting rights directly or indirectly, limit on loans is not restricted.

Note 2: In accordance with the Ablerex-HK's "Procedures for Provision of Loans", limit on total loans to others is 40% of the parent company's net assets. Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchases or sales during current year. Limit on loans to a single party with short-term financing is 10% of the parent company's net assets; but limit on total loans to subsidiaries is 40% of the parent company's current net assets. Furthermore, for the foreign companies which the Group holds 100% of the voting rights directly or indirectly, limit on loans is not restricted. The deadline of each loan is 1 year from the lending day.

Note 3: The maximum credit to be drawn as approved by the Board of Directors was USD 2,000 thousand. The period-end available credit balance was USD 2,000 thousand. The actual amount drawn was USD 2,000 thousand.

Note 4: The maximum credit to be drawn as approved by the Board of Directors was USD 2,000 thousand. The period-end available credit balance was USD 1,500 thousand. The actual amount drawn was USD 1,500 thousand.

Note 5: The maximum amount was approved at the Board of Director's meeting.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Number	Endorser/ guarantor	Party being endorsed/guaranteed		Limit on endorsements/ guarantees provided for a single party	Maximum outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount as of June 30, 2021 (Note 3)	Outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount at June 30, 2021	Actual amount drawn down	Amount of endorsements/ guarantees secured with collateral	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/ guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/ guarantor company	Ceiling on total amount of endorsements/ guarantees provided	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by parent company to subsidiary	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by subsidiary to parent company	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees to the party in Mainland China	Footnote
		Company name	Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor											
0	The Company	Ablerex-HK	Subsidiary	\$ 711,233	\$ 214,013	\$ 208,950 (USD 7,500 thousand)	\$ 59,899 (USD 2,150 thousand)	\$ -	15%	\$ 711,233	Y	N	N	Note 1 Note 2

Note 1: In accordance with the Company's "Procedures for Provision of Endorsements and Guarantees", limit on the Company endorsements/guarantees to others is 50% of the Company's net assets. Limit on the Company's endorsements/guarantees to a single party is 20% of the Company's net assets, and limit on endorsements/guarantees for companies with business relations is the higher value of purchases or sales during current year.

Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following six categories:

- (1) Having business relationship.
- (2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.
- (3) The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor parent company.
- (4) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
- (5) Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract.
- (6) Due to joint venture, all shareholders provide endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.

Note 3: Transactions made with Ablere-HK is higher than 50% of the Company's net assets, which is over the limit on the Company endorsements/guarantees to others. Thus, the limit on the Company endorsements/guarantees to Ablere-HK is 50% of the Company's net assets.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Securities held by	Marketable securities	Relationship with the securities issuer	General ledger account	As of June 30, 2021				Footnote
				Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	
The Company	Eco Energy Corporation	Other related party	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current	5,400,000	\$81,000 thousand	13.50%	\$81,000 thousand	None

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Transaction				Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions		Notes/accounts receivable (payable)		Footnote
			Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
The Company	Ablerex-HK	Subsidiary	Purchases	\$ 376,262	52%	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	\$ 132,073	(30%)	-
Ablerex-HK	The Company	Parent Company	(Sales)	(USD 13,356 thousand)	(100%)	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	USD 4,741 thousand	98%	-
Ablerex-HK	Ablerex-SZ	Affiliate	Purchases	USD 13,356 thousand	100%	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	(USD 3,659 thousand)	(100%)	-
Ablerex-SZ	Ablerex-HK	Affiliate	(Sales)	(RMB 86,285 thousand)	(62%)	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	RMB 23,638 thousand	42%	-

Note 1: The transaction price is commensurate with the purchase price from AblereX-SZ; the receivable (payable) policy is Net 60 days E.O.M.

Note 2: The transaction price is the AblereX-SZ production cost plus an agreed gross margin; the receivable (payable) policy is Net 60 days E.O.M.

Note 3: Transaction price are determined according to the agreements between the parties; the receivable (payable) policy is Net 120 days E.O.M.

Note 4: AblereX-HK conducts purchases from AblereX, whereby the prices were determined according to the agreements between the parties. The purchases were then sold to AblereX-SZ with a zero contribution margin; the credit term is the same with general customers.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Balance as at June 30, 2021	Turnover rate	Overdue receivables		Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts
					Amount	Action taken		
Ablerex-HK	The Company	Parent company	USD 4,741 thousand	5.16	-	-	USD 954 thousand	-
Ablerex-SZ	Ablerex-HK	Affiliate	RMB 23,638 thousand	6.61	-	-	RMB 6,166 thousand	-

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods
For the six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 6
Individual transactions not exceeding \$10,000 and their corresponding transactions are not disclosed.

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Transaction			
				General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
0	The Company	Ablerex-HK	1	Purchases	\$ 376,262	Note 4	29%
		Ablerex-HK	1	Accounts Payable	132,073		4%
		Ablerex-SZ	1	Sales	35,293	Note 5	3%
		Ablerex-SZ	1	Purchases	109,872	Note 5	8%
		Ablerex-SZ	1	Accounts Payable	63,676		2%
		Ablerex-SZ	1	Accounts Receivable	23,939		1%
		Ablerex-USA	1	Sales	25,335	Note 5	2%
		Ablerex-USA	1	Accounts Receivable	20,290		1%
		Ablerex-SG	1	Sales	75,072	Note 5	6%
		Ablerex-SG	1	Accounts Receivable	66,353		2%
		Ablerex-IT	1	Sales	75,905	Note 5	6%
		Ablerex-IT	1	Accounts Receivable	57,317		2%
		Ablerex-LATAM	1	Other Receivables	41,790	Note 8	1%
1	Ablerex-HK	Ablerex-SZ	3	Purchases	375,642	Note 4	29%
		Ablerex-SZ	3	Accounts Payable	101,856		3%
		Ablerex-SZ	3	Other Receivables	58,151	Note 7	2%
2	Ablerex-SZ	Ablerex-BJ	3	Sales	39,274	Note 5	3%
		Ablerex-BJ	3	Purchases	21,989	Note 5	2%
		Ablerex-BJ	3	Accounts Receivable	38,671		1%
		Ablerex-BJ	3	Accounts Payable	19,429		1%
3	Ablerex-SG	Ablerex-TH	3	Sales	16,324	Note 5	1%
		Ablerex-TH	3	Accounts Receivable	13,735	Note 5	0%

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

- (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

Note 4: Ablerex-HK conducted purchases from Ablerex-SZ, whereby the prices were based on Ablerex-SZ's production costs. The purchases were then resold to Ablerex with a zero contribution margin; the term for receivables and payables is Net 60 days E.O.M.

Note 5: Transaction prices are determined according to the agreements between the parties; the credit term is the same with general customers.

Note 6: Ablerex-HK conducts purchases from Ablerex, whereby the prices were determined according to the agreements between the parties. The purchases were then sold to Ablerex-SZ with a zero contribution margin; the credit term is the same with general customers.

Note 7: Ablerex-HK loan to Ablerex-SZ, of which \$55,720 calculated interest against agreed interest rate 2.475% per annum and the rest was for business demand.

Note 8: Ablerex loan to Ablerex-Latam, interest against agreed interest rate 1% per annum.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Information on investees

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at June 30, 2021			Net profit (loss) of the investee For the six months ended June 30, 2021	Investment income(loss) recognised by the Company For the six months ended June 30, 2021	Footnote
				Balance as at June 30, 2021	Balance as at December 31, 2020	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value			
The Company	Ablerex-Samoa	Samoa	Holding company	\$ 217,445	\$ 217,445	6,635,000	100	\$ 456,251	(\$ 11,068)	(\$ 10,207)	Subsidiary
The Company	Ablerex-USA	U.S.	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	8,303	8,303	250,000	100	52,676	5,597	5,597	Subsidiary
The Company	Ablerex-HK	Hong Kong	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	43	43	10,000	100	29,265	493	493	Subsidiary
The Company	Ablerex-SG	Singapore	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	48,008	48,008	2,140,763	100	95,999	4,547	5,205	Subsidiary
The Company	Ablerex-UK	UK	Holding company	4,674	4,674	100,000	100	10,184	612	(1,660)	Subsidiary
The Company	Ablerex-JP	Japan	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	9,159	9,159	2,970	99	7,278	(1,692)	(1,866)	Subsidiary
Ablerex-Samoa	Ablerex-Overseas	Hong Kong	Holding company	217,445	217,445	6,635,000	100	460,586	(11,036)	-	Second-tier subsidiary
Ablerex-UK	Ablerex-IT	Italy	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	4,674	4,674	100,000	100	10,184	612	-	Second-tier subsidiary
Ablerex-SG	Ablerex-TH	Thailand	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	256	256	280,000	70	3,158	130	-	Second-tier subsidiary
Ablerex-USA	Ablerex-Latam	U.S.	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	15,358	15,358	3,650	86	5,639	2,714	-	Second-tier subsidiary

Note: The Company recognised investment income comprising of downstream and upstream transactions.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Information on investments in Mainland China

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2021	Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/ Amount remitted back to Taiwan For the six months ended June 30, 2021		Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of June 30, 2021	Net income of investee as of June 30, 2021	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company For the six months ended June 30, 2021	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of June 30, 2021	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of June 30, 2021	Footnote
					Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan							
Ablerex-SZ	Manufacturing and sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	\$ 152,116	Note 1	\$ 152,116	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 152,116	(\$ 12,842)	100	(\$ 12,842)	\$ 410,586	\$ -	Note 2
Ablerex-BJ	Manufacturing and sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	43,090	Note 1	32,736	-	-	32,736	2,224	80	1,779	46,822	-	Note 2

Company name	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of June 30, 2021	Investment amount approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA)	Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment Commission of MOEA
ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	\$ 184,852	\$ 184,852	\$ 861,911

Note 1: Invested in cash through the third region's subsidiary, AblereX-Samoa which invested in AblereX-Overseas and then reinvested in AblereX-SZ and AblereX-BJ. The investments were approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs.

Note 2: Excluding the presentation and disclosures of AblereX-SZ concurrently reviewed by the Certified Public Accountant, the above-listed related parties disclosed below are presentations and disclosures on investees that were not concurrently reviewed by the Certified Public Accountant. For consolidated reporting purposes, all individuals disclosed below have eliminated all inter-group transactions.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Significant transactions conducted with investees in Mainland China directly or indirectly through other companies in the third areas

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 9

- (1) Purchasing amount and percentage and related payables' percentage and balance at June 30, 2021:

Company name	General ledger amount	For the six months ended June 30, 2021		Footnote
		Amount	%	
Ablerex-SZ	Purchases	\$ 486,134	68%	Purchase from AblereX-SZ through AblereX-HK of which \$376,262 purchase directly.

- (2) Selling amount and percentage and related receivables' percentage and balance at June 30, 2021:

Company name	General ledger amount	For the six months ended June 30, 2021		Footnote
		Amount	%	
Ablerex-SZ	Sales	\$ 35,293	3%	Sold directly

- (3) Other significant transactions that affected the gains and losses or financial status for the period, i.e. rendering/receiving of service:

Company name	General ledger amount	For the six months ended June 30, 2021		Footnote
		Amount	%	
Ablerex-SZ	Miscellaneous income	\$ 132	85%	The Company purchased the critical raw materials of \$11,452 on behalf of AblereX-SZ.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Major shareholders information
June 30, 2021

Table 10

Name of major shareholders	Shares	
	Number of shares held	Ownership (%)
United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	14,986,502	33.30%
Wen Hsu	9,638,177	21.41%
Y.A. Chen	2,485,763	5.52%